Cool it

Let Nature be your 'air-conditioner'

Energy conservation in the home and office not only makes good sense, but it pays off in real benefits. Congress has even voted tax incentives for homewners who add instulation to their homes to reduce fuel consumpton.

The amount of money saved in home or office utility bills from turning down the thermostat, insulating more effectively and cutting down on air conditioning can make a big differ-ence in the family or business budget over a year's period.

Proper landscaping can also have an important impact on utility bills when you tally up all the things trees, shrubs ever-greens and other green plants do to regulate the climate in and around the home. And the little side benefits they provide also help save money as well as increase property values.

A FEW SHADE trees, for example, properly located along the southern or western sides of your home, help reduce aid conditioning needs by blocking out

ege mile porth of Poetiac Silver Dome.

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the hot summer sun's rays and adding cool moisture to the air.

According to the American Association of Nurserymen, as much as eight degrees reduction intermperature has been recorded between shaded and un-shaded areas in tests.

Even three or five degrees diffeence in the inside of a house in summer can affect how much the air conditioner will have to operate to maintain a comfort-

And because trees and other living plants help reduce noise, purify the air and produce oxygen, the windows of your home can be left open on summer days, further eliminating the need for costly air conditioning. A few well-placed trees in the

backyard are not only pleasing to the eye and fund places for kids to play, but a clothesline strung between them offers the benefit of fresh-air drying of clothes and helps cut down on the use of hot laundry dryers that use precious electricity.

ANYONE WHO has ever noti-

cied the coolness of the inside of



Trees and vines are natural air conditioners.

walls covered with ivy on a hot summer day knows how much a proper planting on masonry or brick wass, or on trellises if your walls are wooden, can help cool the interior.

A whole variety of attractive ivies is available, like the popular English ivy, and can be planted and maintained easily.

When planted on the sun-bearing sides of a building, vines are effective shields from sweltering summer sun. They give off cooling moisture and set up a convection curent that circulates warm air away from the

wall.
When planted on the northern or eastern sides of ahouse, they act as effetive insulators from chilling winter winds, thus keeping heat loss at a minimum. VINES ALSO serve as a sound abater as well as an air puri-fier, and that helps make the home more comfortable in other

ways.
When the winter winds start to beat down from the north and east, a good windbreak of hedges or evergreens can reduce the impact of the cold wind on your home.

Hedges, for example, not only serve as good sound barriers and privacy screens, but are also effective in reducing the damaging effectes of all types of winds, especially in the winter when artic winds in certain

parts of the country are fierce and drive up heating bills. Planted materials are much more effective windbreaks than fences or masonry wall becaue they are flexible and break up the wind, reduce its velocity,





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Window

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