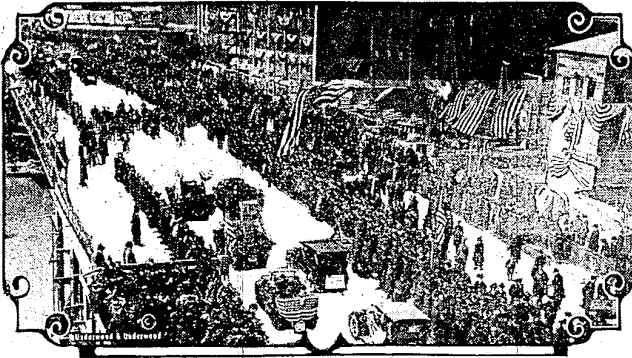
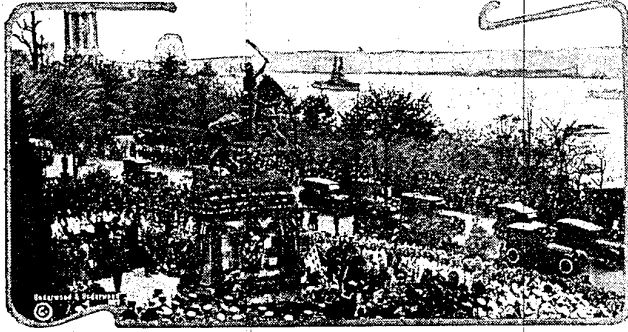


Chicago Opens Its New Boulevard Bridge



After a delay of twenty years, an expenditure of over ten million dollars and more than 30,000 lawsuits and compromises, Chicago celebrated the formal opening of the new double-decked bascule bridge linking the north and south end of Michigan boulevard, thereby giving the city one of the longest and most beautiful drives in the world. Over 10,000 automobiles decorated with flowers crossed the bridge shortly after it was declared open by Mayor Thompson.

Canonization of Joan of Arc Celebrated



General view of the celebration of the canonization of Joan of Arc held at the statue of the Maid at Riverside Drive and Ninety-third street, New York. Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes presided over the ceremonies.

Re-establishing Their Right of Way



The British citizen always has been most jealous of the maintenance of his ancient rights of way. In order to reestablish their right of way through a bridal path leading to Hanworth park, the residents of Feltham, Middlesex, marched through, disestablishing a wall ed route. The path had been closed for a government aerodrome.

First Woman Judge in the South



Mrs. T. F. Kelley, the first woman to become a court judge in the south, being sworn in as judge of the juvenile court in Memphis, Tenn. She has been active in civic and welfare work for many years and her election was a recognition of her efforts and success.

GATHERED FACTS

The lace trade affords employment to something like 200,000 persons in France. The National Council of Danish Women comprises thirty-five associations, with a membership of about 40,000.

Tokyo has about 45,000 telephones and 60,000 persons are said to be seeking the service. Out of 833 professions and trades followed in the Netherlands, nearly half are practiced by women. The yearly importation of pearls to London is valued at \$5,000,000. Most of them come from Bombay.

BACK FROM HOLY LAND



Mrs. Caroline Greenfield, just back from eight months in the Holy Land where she went as a volunteer worker in the Zionist organization of America has made some interesting statements about the housing situation in that country. "New Yorkers who think it difficult to find a place to dwell, should go to Palestine and see what real housing problems are like," says Mrs. Greenfield. She suggests large apartment houses and hotels in Jerusalem, Jaffa and Haifa.

FOUND EUROPE HUNGRY



B. Herms, assistant to Herbert Hoover, food commissioner, who has just returned from war-ridden European countries. He found conditions abroad little better than they were at the end of the war.

DAINTY FROCK OF DOTTED ORGANDIE



"A THING of beauty is a joy for ever," applies without any qualifications, to some dress materials. Navy blue dotted with white never grows tiresome and is never out of date. It is a combination that gentlewomen approve along with all-white in summer frocks. Navy blue with emerald dots or with red dots, always is sure of recognition and all these combinations appear among cotton and silk goods, with each returning spring. The dots are either printed or embroidered, the latter chosen where the higher cost is not considered. This spring finds all combinations in display of the best shops—organdy with embroidered dots appearing so far to be the favorite. Navy blue with white dots, in organdy, was chosen by the designer of the very simple and equally refreshing dress shown in the picture. There is nothing to tell of it that may not be gathered by looking at the illustration, but the use of narrow blue bands of white organdy on the two flounces is worth mention, for this finish is featured on many frocks this year, sometimes appearing at the bottom of a plain skirt, and other days with organdy in collars, cuffs, and sleeves or over-bodice. The dot sleeves and surplus front of the waist look especially well with the wide collar and cuffs. Figured silk is used in another frock made with two flounces, both the dresses being instances of the liking for three-tiered skirts. Satin is used for piping and borders and to cover small buttons, and it provides the long folded ends with ends finished with fringe. The show sleeves and diagonal front flounces are important in this model. The night border on the commonplace without their chief flavor.

Neckwear Maintains Its Place



NECKWEAR and waists in which sturdier materials, appear in the fit plays with high collars or with tur over collars like that shown in the picture. The high collar is chic and the turnover is youthful. Organdy waists in white, with collars and cuffs in color, reverse the usual order of things in which color appears in waists with collars, and cuffs in white.

Julia Bottomly

Charming Dancing Frocks.

A number of charming dancing dresses have the entire skirt made of petals of roses, dark brown or black, on soft, tulle foundations. The result is a dress made of petals, but in no way looking like a flower dress. It gives more the effect of a ruffled skirt than of a thing else and is wonderfully attractive. Similar effects are worked out in dresses of pink metal gauze. The bodies topping these petal skirts are extremely plain, sometimes entirely devoid of trimming. The dainty appearance of such costumes is made even more pronounced by voluminous scarfs of tulle. These scarfs are also worn with the more delicate type of evening dress, and frequently the colors are in strong contrast to the dress. For instance, a scarf of brilliant blue may accompany a dress of rose color.

Latest Markets

LIVE STOCK—DETROIT

Best heavy steers, \$11.50@11.75; best handy weight butcher steers, \$11.50@12.10; mixed steers and heifers, \$10@11; handy light butchers, \$9@10.75; light butchers, \$8@8.75; best cows, \$8.50; butcher cows, \$7@8; cutters, \$6; canners, \$5@5.75; best heavy bulls, \$8.50@9; bologna bulls, \$5@6.25; stock bulls, \$7@7.50; feeders, \$9@10.50; stockers, \$7.50@8.50; milkers and springers, \$8@12.50.

Calves.

Best, \$14.50@15; common and heavy \$11@13.

Sheep and Lambs

Best lambs, \$16.50; fair lambs, \$14@15; light to common lambs, \$9@12; fair to good sheep, \$9@10; culls and common, \$3@5.

Hogs

Mixed hogs, \$14.85@14.90; extra good, \$15; heavy, \$14.25; pigs, \$13.50.

EAST BUFFALO

Cattle—Prime shipping steers, \$12.75@13; best shipping steers, \$12.50@13; medium shipping steers, \$11.50@12; best native yearlings, \$6 to 1,000, \$13.50@14; light native yearlings, good quality, \$13@13.50; best handy steers, \$11.50@12.25; fair to good kind, \$11.50@12; handy steers and heifers mixed, \$11@12; western heifers, \$12@12.50; state heifers, \$9.50@10.50; best fair cows, \$10.50@11; butchering cows, \$8.50@9; cutters, \$6.50@7; canners, \$4.50@5.25; fancy bulls, \$10@11; butchering bulls, \$8.50@9.50; common bulls, \$7@8; best feeders, \$6 to 1,000, \$9.50@10.50; medium feeders, \$8.50@9; stockers, \$8.50 light common, \$7@7.50; best milkers and springers \$13@14; mediums, \$8@7.50.

Hogs—Heavy, \$14.50@15; yorkers, \$12.50@13.25; pigs, \$14.25.

Sheep and lambs—Top lambs, \$18.25@18.50; yearlings, \$15.15; weathers, \$12@14; ewes, \$12@12.50.

Calves at \$7@10.25.

GRAIN AND FEED

Wheat—Cash No. 1 red, \$3.15; No. 1 mixed, \$3.13; No. 1 white, \$3.13; No. 2 red 3c and No. 3 red 6c under No. 1 red. White wheat, 2c under red.

Corn—Cash No. 3, \$2.04; No. 3 yellow, \$2; No. 4 yellow, \$2.04; No. 5 yellow, \$2; No. 6 yellow, \$1.97.

Oats—Cash No. 2 white, \$1.23; No. 2 white, \$1.22; No. 4 white, \$1.21.

Rye—Cash No. 2, \$2.12.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$37.50@38; standard, \$36.50@37; light mixed, \$36.50@37; No. 2 timothy, \$35.50; No. 3 timothy, \$33@35; No. 1 mixed, \$35.50@36; No. 1 clover, \$35.50@36; ray straw, \$12.50@13; wheat and oat straw, \$12.50@13 per ton in carlots.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$4.50 asked per cwt.

Seeds—Prime red clover, \$26.50; October, \$24; alsike, \$26.50; timothy, \$5.50.

Flour—Fancy spring patent, \$16@17; fancy winter patent, \$15.50@16.50; second winter patent, \$14.50@15; winter straight, \$13.25@14 per bbl.

Feed—Bran, \$58@59; standard middlings, \$59@60; fine middlings, \$60@62; coarse cornmeal, \$78@80; cracked corn, \$28.50; chop, \$72@73 per ton in 100-lb sacks.

FARM AND GARDEN

Strawberries—Tennessee and Arkansas, \$7@7.50 per 24-quart case; Missouri, \$9.50@10.50 per 24-quart case.

Cabbage—Texas, 5 1/2@6c per lb. Cauliflower—\$3.50@4 per case.

New Potatoes—Florida, No. 1, \$16@17.50; No. 2, \$15; No. 3, \$12 per bbl.

Dressed Hogs—Light, \$17@18c; heavy, \$16@17c per lb.

Celery—Bunch, \$1.35@1.65; Florida, cases, \$8@8.50.

Dressed Calves—Best, 16@18c; ordinary, 14@15c per lb.

Potatoes—Michigan, \$13; Canadian, \$11.50@12 per 150-lb sacks.

Maple Sugar—Maple sugar, 45@48c per lb; maple syrup, \$3.60@3.75 per gal.

Tomatoes—Six-basket, carrier, repacked, \$12@12.50; original cases, \$7@8.

Letterm—Iceberg, \$5@6 per crate; Imperial valley iceberg, \$2@2.50 per crate; iceberg, 12@15c per lb.

POULTRY

Live Poultry—Broilers, 75@80c per lb; spring chickens, best, \$16@20; hens, \$18@20; small hens, \$17@20; roasters, 22@23c; geese, 20@35c; ducks, 40@45c; turkeys, 44@45c per lb.

BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter—On the Butter and Egg board: No. 1 creamery, 51c asked; prints, 51 1/2c bid, 53c asked per lb.

Eggs—On the Butter and Egg board: No. 1 fresh, 36c; storage packed extra, 44@42 1/2c per doz.

Cheese—Michigan flats, 20@22¢; New York flats, June make, 22 1/2¢; brick, 30@32 1/2¢; long rams, 31 1/2¢; Michigan, single daisies, 31¢; Wisconsin double daisies, 30 1/2¢; Wisconsin twins, 29¢; Limburger, October make, 35@35 1/2¢; domestic block Swiss, 39¢; Imported Swiss, 85c per lb.

Gold Output Subsidy Is Urged. Washington—Gold production, already greatly decreased, will practically cease unless speedy financial relief is given the mining companies, according to testimony given before the house. Every ounce of gold now produced costs the companies \$8 to \$10 more than the government price of \$20.67, it was said. Immediate passage of a bill levying an excise tax of \$10 an ounce on gold used by traders, with this money to be a subsidy for the miners was urged.