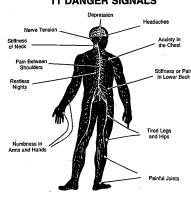
CANTON'S NEWEST Chiropractor would like to share some of his thoughts on Chiropractic.

11 DANGER SIGNALS



If you have experienced any of these danger signals, contact your Chiropractor today.

Dr. Howard L. Wolfe, D.C., P.C. CANTON CENTER FOR FAMILY CHIROPRACTIC 160 FORD RD. — CANTON HOURS—MON., WED., FRI. 9-12; 3-7 TUES. AND THURS. BY APPT. 455-6767

Affluent suburbs keep money flowing

By MIKE SCANLON
Financial institutions tend to treat
your money like they owned it.
Banks, savings and loan associations
and credit unions are a pretty closed
mouth bunch. When it control to
cussing where their deposits come
from and where their loans go, getting
specifics is a lot like pulling teeth sunk
in concrete.

spectruser is a tot me paining teetri suits in concrete.

Wayne County is the place to be if you can to the western Wayne County is the place to be if you can to the place to the interest of the place to the place

10 per cent.
Savings and loan associations with substantial interests in the area report their assets have doubled in the last five years and quadrupled in the last

10 years.

And a local credit union reports assets growth of 30 per cent in the last

assets growth of 30 per cert in the last year alone. Financial institutions live in a world different than the rest of us, and good indication is the meaning of the word "assets" when applied to them. Assets are loars. Today, borrowing money is good. Lots of people borrowing lots of money is better—and that seems to be the situation in the area served by Observer newspapers. What those loars are for, however, differs substantially from town to town within the area.

Garden City borrowers, for instance,

ttie area. den City borrowers, for instance.

tend to have new cars in mind. Canton Township, on the other hand, is in the midst of a building boom of impressive

comersions. So many mortgages are being written for new homes in Canton Township that the name of the place seems to be first on the lips of every loan officer around.

NBD has one of eight tri-county

around.

NBD has one of eight tri-county regional operations centers in Plymouth, and-the bank's been cashing in on the mortgage market with a new loan concept.

Mortgages are issued for the stand-ard 30-year period, but interest rates are subject to review every five years. The home buyer rars the risk of back.

But interest rates may go down, too. In return for taking the chane, borrowers get a ¼ to ½ per cent break of today's prevailing rates.

With assets in the billions and customers by the million, commercial banks are the heavyweights of the financial field. With their size come restrictive regulations that often don't apply, or don't hit as hard on other kinds of savings institutions.

Branch banks are an example. Michigan falls somewhere in the middle of the nationwide range of branch regulations. Illinois allows banks a single cession. California places no limits to branches.

branches.

Michigan bars banks from establishing branches more than 25 miles from the parent office, unless the branches are in the same county as the parent office.

This led to the establisoment of bank holding companies.

holding companies.

Detroit Bank & Trust, for instance,

is the oldest existing bank in the state and a well-known institution. Lessencown, however, is that Detroit Bank & Trust is just one of 10 companies held by DetroitBank Corporation.

There's Detroit Bank-Livonia, Detroit Bank-Troy, and so on, cand all of them separate companies and all of them wholly-owned subsidiaries of the parent corporation.

them wholly-owned subsidiaries of the parent corporation.

Wabeek Properties builds all DetroitBank Corporation buildings. Wabeek Leasing can deliver to your door anything from a diesel locomo-tive to a computer. Both are owned by the corporation.

1977 year-end assets of the corpo-ration were \$4.2 billion, including \$1.7

ration were \$4.2 billion, including \$1.7 billion in loans. That's up 25 per cent from 1876. Return to stockholders was 13.8 per cent, up from 12.65 per cent the year before.

Savings and loan associations tend to be smaller than commercial banks, and they're not governed by the same regulations. They're able to build branches wherever they like, for instance.

Federal banking laws include "Regulation Q" a mysterious-sounding ode that allows savings and loan asso-ciations to give ⁵⁴ per cert more inte-est on savings than banks are allowed. That's to insure the associations have money to loan. When they do loan money, they do it most often for home mortgages. Regulations bar them from making new car loans.

them from making new car loans.
Savings and loan associations are
growing very quickly under such regulations. Standard Federal Savings and
Loan Association was founded in
1833—by 1967, 74 years later, it had
assets of \$373 million.
In 1977, just 10 years later, assets
had grown to \$21, billion.
By the way, the company has 40
offices. It has never closed one, and
the first office located outside of

Detroit itself was the Redford Township office.
Credit unions are the smallest of the through the smallest of the smallest of

eral Credit Union, the common bond is people who live and-or work in Plymouth or Northville, where a branch was recently opened. There are 10,250 members of the Plymouth credit union, which had assets increase 30 per cert last year alone. An office for Canton Township is on the drawing boards there.

increase 30 per cert last year alone. An office for Carino Township is on the drawing boards there. Credit unions have recently been allowed to begin engaging in checking accounts, although they don't call-accounts, although they don't call-accounts, although they don't call-accounts. They are share-draft accounts. That means they're really withdrawals from your savings account. Of course, they work just like a check. Banks, which are a little upset at the competition, like to call them checks. Credit unions are barred by law from making a profit. Since most of them pay five or six per cert interest on savings accounts, and change 12 per cert on loans, it so foite tough not to make money.

cent on loans, it's often lough not to make money.

When they do make money, some of them get rid of it by offering "rebates" on loan interest paid by credit union members.

Our Lady of Sorrows Credit Union's done it every year since it started.

George Kolb's

Hines Park Mercury 1970 and TODAY

Planning our Future



On February 23, 1973 George opened his new 5 acre facility on Ann Arbor Road. With the current expansion, he will then have building facilities of 34,000 square feet in which to service his customers. In just 8 years, Hines Park has grown from a small leased facility to facilities and inventory exceeding \$2½ million dollars. New car sales in 1977 had increased 700% since 1970, making Hines Park the fastest growing Licoln-Mercury dealership in Michigan.

OUR FUTURE'S WITH YOU WHY NOT VISIT US TODAY!



George Kolb took over the ownership of the Lincoln-Mercury dealership located on Forest Street July 27, 1970. Fermerly West Brothers, George Kolb changed the name to thines

Park, tying it in with the geographical location.



George Kolb's

HINES PARK

LINCOLN-MERCURY 40601 ANN ARBOR RD. (AT THE 1-275 INTERCHANGE)

PLYMOUTH



453-2424



Libraries not so prim, new services featured

By TIM CARRICK

When you go to the library, don't expect to meet, "Marion, the Libran," whom you may have been introduced to in a Broadway musical a few years back. Today's librarians are part of a much bigger picture than prim buns and strictly enforced silence rules. They are professionals concerned with serving the residents of their community.

serying the protessionate contention with a serving the residents of their community. It is the content of the

"The programs wouldn't be avail-able any other way and that is what we're here for," said Mrs. Mullins, "to serve the people paying taxes."

THE FEDERATION is only six weeks old and replaces the Wayne

County Federated Library System

County Federated Library System. The restructuring and inclusion of Oakland County libraries means more money for the federation, says Leo-Binnan, system director. The homebound program is one of the newest special services offered by area libraries. It takes large-print books to people that have difficulty reading smaller print, said Mrs. Mulins.

reading smarre principles.

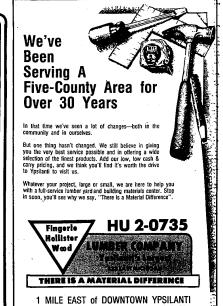
The program started in 1975 with a federal grant that bought a specialty equipped van and 2500 books. The type in the books is about twice as large as regular books. Both classics and best sellers are available:

"been is also a books-by-mail principles."

There is also a books-by-mail program that was started as a pilot program. The federation makes both disc and cassette recordings of books available to the blind and physically handscaped, it also loans the machines to play the recordings. The beadquarters has some 45,000 titles on the shelves. If the library doesn't have a certain book, volunteers will record it. Red-ford Township Library is one of two recording centers for the 55 member libraries.

Another service for the blind is magazines recorded on "Hexible discs." short-life recordings that are thrown away after being listened to two or three times.

two or three times



ALWAYS PLENTY of FREE PARKING AVAILABLE