

Michigan News Terseely Told

Monroe—The 1923 conference of the Michigan District of the Lutheran and Missouri Synod will be held in Grand Rapids beginning June 21.

Flint—Louis Karpit, Genesee farmer, who pleaded guilty to manufacturing whisky, was fined \$100 and six months in the Ionia reformatory by Judge Fred W. Brennan.

Birmingham—Mrs. Eva Trego, acting as the "best friend" to her daughter, Margaret Trego, 16, has begun suit for \$10,000 against Harry Adams of this place. Ill treatment is alleged.

Holland—The Michigan State Christian Endeavor convention at its closing session here adopted a resolution calling on Congress to take action to place a stop to Turkish atrocities in Armenia.

Monroe—Orlando and Hollis Trable and Owen Keller pleaded guilty to stealing 150 bushels of wheat valued at \$180 from Elmer Klusey, Erie farmer, and were remanded until Oct. 10 for sentence.

Ypsilanti—C. P. Steimle, secretary of the State Normal college, stated that 2,027 students were enrolled for the summer term. This is the largest enrollment in the history of the school. The previous highest enrollment was 1,338 students.

St. Johns—F. A. Reinhardt, of Dundee, Mich., the "monkey man" and human fly who gave exhibitions of climbing the sides of buildings, fell two stories from the Carsten building here, but was saved from serious injury by landing on an awning.

Mr. Pleasant—Peter F. Dodds, former judge of the Twenty-fourth judicial circuit, died in Spokane, Wash. He held the judgeship in the circuit 24 years, retiring four years ago. He leaves a widow and son, Paul E. Dodds, an attorney in Spokane.

Grand Rapids—National secretaries of six religious denominations will conduct a Sunday School institute in Grand Rapids next fall under the auspices of the Kent county Sunday School association. The institute will open October 3, continuing for five days.

Algonac—Blame for the accident in which Ralph Blauvelt was killed several weeks ago when his truck was struck by a Michigan Rapid railway car, was placed on the motorman by a coroner's jury. Blauvelt was backing his truck across the tracks when the car rammed into him.

Pontiac—Settlement has been reached in a dispute lasting several months between city and county as to payment of delinquent taxes on city property. A check for \$12,124 has been given the city treasurer, which included an auditing fee of \$400 spent by the city to determine what was due.

Kalamazoo—Governor Greenback and Attorney General Wiley have given their official approval to the new proposed charter for the city of Kalamazoo, which has just been drafted by a charter commission in this city. Kalamazoo will vote upon this new charter on October 4 at a special election.

Kalamazoo—In an effort to impress upon its members the responsibilities and privileges of citizenship, the Kalamazoo Rotary club has set up a permanent rule in regard to tardiness. The rule imposes a penalty of \$1 upon every member who fails to vote at any city, county, state, national or school election.

Pontiac—J. D. McEldeery, 38, died here of heart disease while a doctor was engaged in removing his tonsils. The physician had removed the tonsils and started to work on the second when it was discovered that McEldeery was dead. Mrs. McEldeery, became hysterical when told of his death. She had been waiting in the anteroom during the operation.

Flint—With elections of officers, the Michigan A. R. and affiliated organizations closed the 43d annual encampment. Officers elected by the G. A. R. were: Department commander, John J. Holmes, Eaton Rapids; senior vice commander, J. A. Jennings, Flint; junior vice commander, George A. Freeman, Detroit; department medical director, Dr. Robert Le Baron, Detroit; chaplain, Rev. Horace Palmer, Adrian.

Flint—August Gifford, 37, is jailed, charged with assault with intent to kill his landlady, Elizabeth White. It is alleged Gifford attacked Mrs. White because she refused to bandage his foot, which he claims, was injured by a bullet. The woman ran into the house and locked herself in the bathroom when he forced in the door with an iron bar. She dove through a window to the ground, sustaining a laceration on one of her arms.

Holland—The drowning of Bernice Clements, 14, and Myrtle Lambie, 16, Chicago high school students, has cast 49 schoolmates of the dead girls at Saugatuck, which is occupied by cottage in charge of teachers of the Pullman Manual Training school of Chicago. Marjorie Owens, 16, one of the same party, was rescued after doctors had worked over her for five hours with a pulmotor. Guards at Saugatuck beach are at a loss for an explanation of the drowning, which occurred in about three feet of water.

Adrian—Riot guns for the protection of officers of the Lenawee sheriff's force have been ordered purchased by the board of supervisors. Cadillac—Serums rushed to Cadillac failed to save the life of Herman Cook, 12, of Manton, who died of what doctors diagnosed as botulinus poisoning, the first case to appear in this section.

Battle Creek—Except for Lieut. Canfield all soldiers removed from Camp Center going to Columbus, Ohio. There are 300 men here. Canfield remains to check camp equipment.

Flint—The 5-cent street car fare was re-established here July 1. Since June 1, a 6-cent fare had been in effect and the return to the nickel rate was voluntarily returned to by the Detroit United railway.

Howell—Mrs. Arthur Woodruff, 32, was instantly killed and her 2-year-old daughter seriously injured at Benjamin Corners, near Brighton, while riding to this city. Mr. Woodruff, driving the car, was uninjured.

Adrian—Richard H. Scott, of Lansing, was elected chairman of the newly created corrections commission at its first meeting held at the State Industrial Home for Girls here. Mrs. Craig C. Miller, of Marshall, was elected secretary.

Port Huron—Rolla A. Moore of Jackson was elected president of the Michigan Automobile Federation at the closing session here. Walter Ford of Brooklyn was chosen vice president and Edwin Peters of Saginaw, secretary-treasurer.

Howell—Arrangements are being made to celebrate here Aug. 22 the human fly who gave exhibitions of climbing the sides of buildings, fell two stories from the Carsten building here, but was saved from serious injury by landing on an awning.

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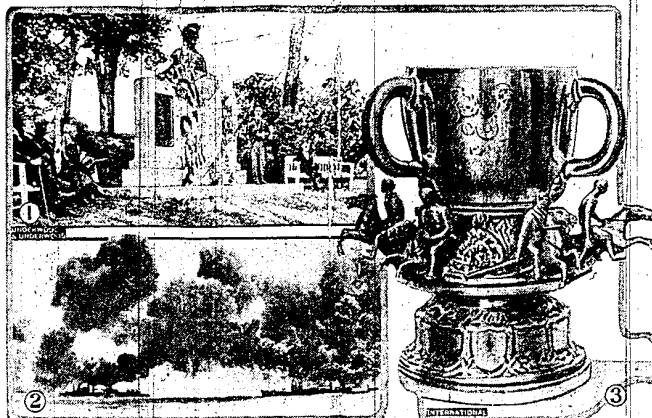
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1—Scene at the recent unveiling of a bust of Abraham Lincoln in Norway. 2—Destruction of a house by fire. 3—Victory of the American team at the International Polo Cup which returns to the United States through the Hurthigham, England.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

New Tariff Measure, Restoring High Protection, Is Ready for Congress.

LONG DEBATE IS EXPECTED

President Harding and his cabinet are expected to announce a new tariff bill, which will restore high protection to many of the duties of the tariff.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

After four months of hard labor the ways and means committee of the house has completed the new permanent tariff bill. It will be formally reported to the house probably before the end of the current week. Then will begin a debate that will seem like the good old times, for the measure drastically revises the tariff law under which we have been operating for eight years, and restores the principle of high protection for American industry. Members of the committee estimate it will bring in a revenue as high as \$700,000,000 a year—more than twice the amount produced by the Payne-Aldrich law.

Of late years many Democrats have charged their attitude toward the tariff to a considerable extent, admitting the truth of Hancock's famous remark that it is a dead issue and favoring real protection for the industries of certain parts of the country. But few have realized that the business of the country is so dependent on the tariff that it is not only a dead issue, but a living one. The tariff is the lifeblood of the nation, and it is the duty of the government to protect it.

There are some Republicans, also, who are opposed to certain features of the measure and the closing sessions of the week were given up to the discussion of the measure. In several respects the committee yielded at the last. For instance, it is left to the discretion of the President to impose a duty on the importation of crude oil and on the 25 cent per barrel of fuel oil.

Among the more important general features of the measure are the following:

Protection of valuation of imports is provided for, the century old law of protection is abandoned. Broad powers are given the President to make reciprocal tariff relations with other countries.

Duties on automobiles are reduced, in compliance with the request of the manufacturers, who advanced the argument that such action would cause other nations to remove high duties on American cars.

Protection on agricultural products about equal to that of the Payne-Aldrich law is given; rates in several instances being less than in the emergency tariff law now in effect.

Duties on wool are set on entirely different basis from former laws, and it is a matter of controversy whether the basic rate is higher or lower than in the Payne-Aldrich law.

wood pulp, platinum, radium, silk cocoons, newsprint, paper, tapelace and tapelace flour, tea, and works of art, and most kinds of lumber.

Despite the fact that at the new tariff will produce a huge revenue, the need of reducing government expenditures is as pressing as at any time in the history of the country. President Harding and Direct of the Budget Daves seem determined to bring about that result. They will not wait with the cabinet and the hands of all the bureaus—the first in string of the kind ever held—and had a heart to heart talk on matters to meet the emergency.

Mr. Harding quickly gave the door to Mr. Daves and told vigorous Chicagoan told the gathering in plain language what he planned to do and what the others must do to help him. Then he added:

"The permanent success of the budget system depends upon certain basic principles, which at its inception must be so firmly established both as to concept and rules of action, that they never hereafter will be questioned. 'The budget bureau must be impartial, impersonal, and nonpolitical.' In concluding, he ordered the bureau chiefs to their feet and, holding up his hand, recited the following pledge, addressed to the President:

"These men, of whom I am one, realize the perplexity of your position, realize that the business of the country is so dependent on the tariff that it is not only a dead issue, but a living one. The tariff is the lifeblood of the nation, and it is the duty of the government to protect it. We are out of employment, that we are faced with inexorable necessity of reducing expenditures; and we propose, just as we did four years ago to win the war to try to do it. And that's all we can do."

President Harding, anxious to have the controversy over the "naval holiday" plan ended, wrote to Congress a letter stating that he was "travelling" to the congress on the attitude of the congress on this question than I am as to the form of expressing that attitude. When this letter was read to the house, Mr. Mondell added the others who had wanted the disarmament proposal to include land forces gave it and agreed to accept the Bora amendment to the naval appropriation bill.

That is, all but four gave in. The only negative vote was cast by Representatives Moore, Indiana; Republican; and Campbell, Pennsylvania; Curren, New York, and O'Brien, New Jersey, all Democrats. Representative Listerhiser, California, Republican, voted present.

Republican members of the house and senate conference committee on the resolution to declare the state of war with Germany, and reached a compromise carrying the house declaration of a state of "peace instead of the senate resolution of war."

Notwithstanding the impassioned protests of many congressmen and the earnest arguments of many physicians, the house last week passed the so-called Willis-Campbell bill designed to prevent the exportation of a regulation providing for the prescription of beer and light wines as medicine by the former Attorney General, Palmer to be within the law. The vote was 250 to 63.

In the Chicago district it appeared the efforts of Judge Landis as arbitrator would result in the ending of the controversy that has tied up all building operations for a long time. The carpenters were the last to yield.

There was rejoicing in England at the news that the great strike of British coal miners had been ended and that the men would return to the pits on July 4. The government grants a subsidy of \$100 million pounds to avert the hardships of the next three months due to wage reductions.

By the terms of the settlement a new wage basis will come into effect for the next eighteen months whereby the men receive 20 per cent above the previous scale of wages, with an additional share of profits, which will be regulated by the creation of an additional board and district boards. The strike thus ended lasted 61 days and is considered the most injurious England ever suffered, because it crippled so many industries and affected all classes of the population.

Lloyd George's effort to arrive at a friendly solution of the Irish trouble by having De Valera and an associate to confer in London with him and with Sir James Craig, premier of Ulster, appears to have failed as have all other attempts to settle the row. Mr. Mondell letter stating that he was "travelling" to the congress on the attitude of the congress on this question than I am as to the form of expressing that attitude.

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In the death roll of the week appear two notable names. Charles Bonaparte, eminent citizen of Baltimore and cabinet member during the Roosevelt administration, died at his country home. He was a grandnephew of the great French emperor, Napoleon.

The railway labor board issued two orders of importance in the week first extended to all by railway the wage cut which went into effect on July 1. The second allowed time-and-a-half pay for all work over an eight-hour day, and with the exception of this change, extended indefinitely the operation of the national agree-

MARKETS

DETROIT QUOTATIONS

Feed and Grain
WHEAT—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.30; July, \$1.25; September, \$1.25; No. 2 white and No. 2 mixed, \$1.25.
YELLOW CORN—Cash No. 2, 62 1/2c; No. 3, 61 1/2c; No. 4, 58 1/2c.
WHITE OATS—Cash No. 2, 40c; No. 3, 38 1/2c; No. 4, 35 1/2c.
RYE—Cash No. 3, 31c.
BEANS—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$3.60 per cwt.
BARLEY—Feeding, \$1.25@1.40 per cwt.

SEEDS—Prime red clover, \$13.50; October, \$11.50; alsike, \$13; timothy, \$3.10.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$19@20; standard, \$18@19; light mixed, \$13@14; No. 2 timothy, \$16@17; No. 1 clover mixed, \$14@15; No. 1 clover, \$13@14; rye straw, \$13.50@14; wheat and oat straw, \$12.50@13 per ton in carlots.

FEEDS—Bran, 23c; standard middlings, 23c; fine middlings, 23c; cracked corn, \$3.00 coarse cornmeal, \$2.80; chop, \$2.50 per ton in 100-lb sacks.
FLOUR—Fancy spring wheat patents, \$10.50@10.75; fancy winter wheat patents, \$9.50@9.75; second winter wheat patents, \$8.50@8.75; winter wheat straight, \$7.50@8 per bbl.

Live Stock and Poultry
CATTLE—Best heavy steers, \$7; best handy w/ butcher steers, \$7.25; mixed steers and heifers, \$5.50@6; handy light butchers, \$4.50@5.55; light butchers, \$3.94; best cows, \$1.75@1.85; butcher cows, \$3.50@4.50; cubs, \$2.50@3.50; canners, \$1.50@2; best heavy bulls, \$4.50@5;ologna bulls, \$3.50@4.50; stock bulls, \$3.50@4.75; feeders, \$4.50@6; stockers, \$3.50@4.50; milkers and springers, \$4.00@7.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Best lambs, \$10@10.50; fair lambs, \$8.50@9.50; light to common lambs, \$5.50@6; fair to good sheep, \$3@4; culls and common, \$1@2.

HOGS—Mixed hogs, \$9; pigs and lights, \$9; extreme heavy, \$8.50; roughs, \$7.25; mean, \$5; boars, \$4; CALVES—Best, \$9@9.50; others, \$4@5; plain grassers, \$3.
LIVE POULTRY—Broilers, colored stock, 1 1/2 lbs up, 40¢@42¢; leghorns and small, 28¢@30¢; hens, 25¢@27¢; old roosters, 15¢; ducks, 25¢; large young ducks, 30¢@35¢; geese, 15¢; turkeys, 25¢ per lb.

Garden and Farm Produce
NEW POTATOES—North Carolina, \$1@1.25; Virginia, \$1.25@1.50 per bbl. TOMATOES—Repacked, \$5.50@6 per six-basket crate; original crates, \$3.50@4; house, \$1.50 per 7-lb basket.
DRESSED HOGS—Light, 10¢; heavy, 8¢@9¢ per lb.
CABBAGE—Small crate, \$2@2.50 per crate.

POTATOES—Old, \$1.25@1.50 per 150-lb sack.
ONIONS—Texas white, \$2@2.25; yellow, \$1.85@2¢ per crate.
DRESSED CALVES—Choice, 13¢; 14¢; mediums, 11¢@12¢; large, 9¢@10¢ per lb.
CELERY—Michigan, 20¢@25¢ per doz.

LETTUCE—Imperial valley iceberg, \$7@7.50; leaf lettuce, 50¢@60¢ per bu.
Vegetables
Asparagus, Michigan, \$1.50@1.75 per lb; cucumbers, house, \$1.35@1.40 for No. 1 and \$1.15@1.25 for No. 2 per doz; round radishes, \$1.75@2 per bu; green peppers, \$1.75@2 per bushel; green beans, \$1.50@1.75 per flat; parsley, 40¢@50¢ per doz new turnips, \$1.50@1.75 per bu; new carrots, \$1@1.25 per doz bunches; green and wax beans, \$1.75@2 per hamper; green peas, \$2.75@3 per bu; corn, \$2 per doz bunches; spinach, \$1.25 per bu; rhubarb, 40¢@50¢ per doz; green onions, 15¢@30¢ per bunch.

Butter
BUTTER—Best creamery, in tubs, 28¢@30¢ per lb.

UTILITY RATES UP TO COURT
Case Brought to Establish Gas Rate at Grand Rapids.

Lansing—The question of the state utilities commission determining utility rates where franchise rights have expired, and the municipality and the utility cannot agree on new rates, is to be settled in the Michigan supreme court.

Claude O. Taylor, former president of the Michigan Federation of Labor, and others have filed a petition, asking for an order to direct utilities commission to proceed to establish a rate for gas lighting in Grand Rapids. The gas company's franchise expired one year ago and the city and the company have been unable to agree upon new terms. The company charges \$1.00 a thousand cubic feet. The petition filed in court alleges this is too much.

Looking for Tattooed Knees.
Chicago—Chicago detectives are searching for a woman with a bluebird and rose tattooed on her knees. Mrs. Laura Birmingham, of Toledo, who, her husband says, leaped with his son by a previous marriage, Mark Birmingham, telegraphed police here to find his wife, saying: "She usually wears her stockings rolled down, so you may find her if you station detectives at street car intersections. She has a rose and bluebird tattooed on her knees."