

Risak

'Prix' challenge: Power vs. finesse

OWER.

Not the ultimate goal in auto racing.
But it can be a pivotal ally.
In more speed. More speed means a faster car.
And the fastest car will quite often streak to victory.
Quite often. But not always.
Sunday's Detroit Grand Prix will allow a good look at power vs. linesse. If may be the last look betroit gets with these factors as such opposites.

TURBO AND FORD Cosworth — these are the two powerplants used to propel the sleek Formula One autos. The Cosworth engine has been in use for 15 years, and has dominated the Grand Prix racing ch of that time

scene much of that time.

Turbos, however, have emerged as the engine of the future. Because, in simplest terms, a turbo engine can provide more power.

A lot more. The V-8 Cowworth engine now in use cranks out, at tops, 540 horsepower (hp). A four-cylinder turbo engine is capable of 700 hp.

That's an incredible power advantage. But, even though now a majority of the Formula One teams race turbos, the powerful engine has not dominated.

race turbos, the powertus engine use section dominated.
Why? There are many reasons. Turbos have been around since the '40s, but Renault is credited with its recent development. Still, the Renault learn has been working and reflining the engine for eight pears and reliability problems remain. And a car can't win it it doesn't finish. Treason Keke
Reliability may be the No. 1 reason Keke
Roberg won the World Driver's title last year in a Cosworth-powered Williams. Rosberg didn't win a research proceedings enough in his races to outpoint has turbo competitors.

his turbo competitors.

RELIABILITY ISN'T as big a problem for turbos as it was, according to Wylle McCoy, general manager of Livoula's McLaren Motors. McLaren and Williams are the two major Formula Doe racing teams using Coeworth engines.

"Ferrart is the most reliable (of the turbos)," McCoy said. Rensuit and BMW have a certain amount of trouble, and the others have degrees of problems.

"But, yeah, they are getting better." Still, the Cowworth cars hans tough, especially on tigh, city-street courses—" like Detroit's. And McCoy thinks its because of tires.

"People look at the turbo vs. Cosworth, but they don't realine there's a tire war going on between Michelia and Goodyear," be said. "Roberg's win at Nonaco (May 15) was entirely because of this cholor of thre.

Monaco (hasy 1s) was constructed.

What Rosberg did was use Goodyear tires suited
for a dry track, even though the circuit through the
streets of Monte Carlo was wel. The track dried
after a few large and Rosberg had a big advantage
over the turbo cars.

THE COSWORTH powerplant is lighter than the turbo package and more fuel efficient. That means the turbos must carry a heavier load. And a heavier car wears out litres more rapidly.

So does a course with an abundance of tight turns. So far this season, there have been two Grand Prix races on city streets: at Monaco, where Roberg reigned, and at Long Beach, in which McLaren got its only victory of the season with John Watson finishing first.

Turbos have won the other Grand Prix events, with Renauli's Alain Prox training the Belgian and French races, Nelson Piquet capturing the Brazillian in his Brabham-Bhw and Patrick
Tambay driving his Ferrart to triumph at San Marioo. All three courses are more wide open, with longer straightsways suited to the faster turbos.

What can be expected to Detrett this weekend?

"There are so many variables, it's hard to predict," and the courses are more.

INDEED IT IS, One of those variables is the course itself, which has been altered. Last year, Watson won in his McLaren at an average speed of 78.3 miles per hour. This year's course is premined to be much faster, with some of the tighter turns absent. And faster favors turbes.

Weather, too, could have an affect. And don't forget the tire was McCop mentioned. Certainly, fans will see two different races over the weekend; the qualifying laps and the race itself. The swift turbes should dominate the qualifying. They have at every race this season.

But if there is a Cosworth within the first three rows, beware. The tight turns could take a toll on the turbes on race day.

HOW MUCH turbo-powered engines will dominate Formula One racing remains a question-because of rules changes for next year. The minimum weight is being lowered and pit stops for feel will be disallowed.

That means the less efficient turbos will have to cut their horseyover to save feel and weight. Still, McOoy figures that soon all Formula One teams will race turbos. McLaren already has a Porcabeturbo powerplant on order, it could arrive by year's lead.

sed.
"They'll probably be more development on the
turbos," McCoy said. "They'll have to cut back to
lower horsepower level.
"The change; will take away some of the
turbes' advantage. It'll even things out."
But that's next year. At this year's Detroit Grand
Priz, it'll be power ys. finesse.



Members of the De-troit Rugby Club bat-tia for possession (ball at far right) during a scrum — a rug-by term calling for players to huddle in a crablike position.

Scrum people

These rugby players enjoy contact sport

The rugby player laterated the ball an instant before the jarring tackle, which could be heard and almost felt across the field. The player alumped to the ground and lay moltonia the player began to writhe, rolled own, field, After 10 seconds, the player began to writhe, rolled over, slammed the ground in pain and fruitration, tried to rise, felt, Action was batted and the player was carried off the field to an ovation from both teams.

soon terms.

Seconds later play resumed with fierce hitting, crisp lateraling, and hell-bent-for-the-goal-line sweeps. The hitting was particularly strong, with bodies colliding without let up as the solution goalds whiteld back and forth across the field at Levy Middle School in Southfield.

Levy middle school in Southfield.

Though the play was polished and the contact savage, none of the men were hurt. That's because the men were there as spectators or officials. All the tackling and impressive play was carried on by what in times past has been referred to as the weaker sex.

The players may be women, but this isn't a kitchen, bub. It's not a laundry room, either. It's the field of battle, and battle it out they do. It you don't play heads up, somebody is liable to hand you yours on a platter.

JENNIE REDNER, a 1978 graduate of West Bloomfield High, where she was "an all-round jock" in softball, basket-ball and volleyball, is the head of the U.S. Women's Rugby Association. She lives in Bloomfield Hills and, in case the

myth of the dumb lock lives on, let it be auton and engineer in Novi.

She plays for the Detroit Women's Rugby Club, which plays lis home games at Levy in its spring and fall seasons. Recently, the Detroit club hosted the Michigan State club, for whom Redent telled before gradualing in 1989, and the Lakeshore club from Chicago. Despite the ferrocity of the game and the way the women play it, the three teams went at it in consecutive, round-robin fashion. MSU and Detroit in game are the department of the opener. Lakeshore alpret plays Detroit in game two, 12-6, and MSU nipped Lakeshore, 12-6, in game NSU.

No. 3.

"I got into it at State," explained Redner after the first game. "I ran into a friend at the bookstore who told me the rugby team was having tryonts. I didn't know it then, but everyone who tries out makes it. I showed up and was booked.

everyone who trees out makes it. I showed up and was booked.
"I had a van and was adopted as team driver. I took the whole team everywhere in my van for three years." It out the whole team everywhere in my van for three years." It out the move a swellen, football-like ball across the goal line. Despite the wolid hitting, Reduer and Janna Richards, a player who aerves a spublicity director, too, instait it is aimost safe.
"I've only seen two broken bones since I've been on the team— a hand and a nose, nobling major," said Richards, who works in the accounting department of a Detroit film processing lab.
"It's less dangerous than football," said Redner, who, as head of the U.S. association, oversees a sport with 230 women's teams nationwide. "There's no shoulder pads, which can

cause injuries, and no neimets. So you don't get any suicide moves."

Nevertheless, the action in the fast-paced game can be exercised as kamikaze. There are 15 players a side, with two 35-minute halves and rumning time. Players wear shorts, rugby shirts and no protective equipment.

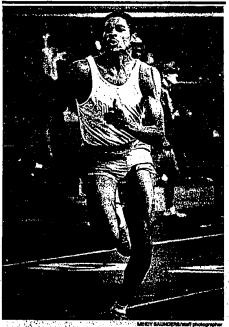
The only liquites they might have to worry about are the ones they'll get in the third shall," joked richards, third shall referring to the beer blast that traditionally plows rugby matches of the male or females variety. "One of us will sacrifice our house. I sacrificed mine last year and it's still in a stambles."

RUGBY IS colorful and fun to watch. The scrum is of interest. Though the players insist there is some organization of a crum and a method to what appears as madness, chaos mostly what it looks like.

After stoppages in play, half of each team forms a bunched-up mass as tightly packed as it can get, arms wrapped around shoulders and backs. In the middle of this mass, hidden from view, two scrummers will vie for the ball, which is tossed into the scrum.

After the ball is rolled in, the scrum moves crabilite across the field, urching one way and then another until the ball, somehow, works itself free. When it does, the players who have been following the scrum scoop it up and race toward the goal line.

Equally as colorful is the terminology for the sidelines plays, when the ball is tossed in by one team after the other has knocked it out of bounds.



thrifold High runner Glen Williams helped the Blue Jays wir land County championship last week as he was first in meter low hurdles and second in the 100 high hurdles. se 2- and 5-C.

