AIDS hysteria unfounded, doctors say

MAGINE THIS for the plot of a medical movie thriller. People begin developing a new, fatal and locurable disease begins. Although few contract the disease, hysteria begins to develop among the millions of people who have little or no chance of catching the lilloss. Keep imagining. Widespread fear of the illness begins to disrupt medical services. Misinformation and rumors grow. Doctors must cope with a deluge of worried callers who have convinced themselves they have the malady.

SCIENCE FICTION? No, unfortunately, The very real disease is called Acquired Immuse Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), But the tract posed to meat people by AIDS int't medical, it's psychological, according to many physicians, Local physicians, for example, are more worried about the fuse over AIDS than they are about the disease itself.

itself. Dr. John Jovanovich of Henry Ford Hospital's West Bloomfield Outpatient Center is a specialist in internal medicine and the treatment of infectious diseases. In March, he attended a national conference on AIDS at New York University Medical Center. He learned that the people least likely to contract AIDS are most afraid of it.

"THERE ARE a lot of misconcep-tions," he said. "It is not as common as people think. There have been no cases in this area. A few suspicions, but no confirmations."

Dr. Evelyn Fisher, a Southfield res-

consting blood.

The disease does not spread through the sir, by just touching someone with AIDS, sharing meals or living quarters with someone who has AIDS.

Pathologist Molly Yan Hayden, who directs the blood bank at William Beaumont Hespital-Troy, said recent publicity has given tot of potential blood donors "the mistaken impresaion that one can eatch AIDS by giv. don that one can catch AIDS by giv-

and that the can catch Alls by giving blood,"
ing blood,
"You cannot get it by giving blood,"
she said. "In fact, the risk of catching
it by receiving a transfusion is only
one per million at this point."

BEFORE THE July 4 holiday, when blood supplies across the United States already were low, Red Cross drives suffered even more because potential doors were afraid of catching the disease. Doctors at Henry Ford Hospital were forced to post-pose major surgeries because of the blood shortage.

Dr. William Shafer, director of Southeast Red Cross Blood Services, said the shortage was the worst seen in nine years at his post.

"The problem was solely related to the AIDS hysteria," Shafer said. "We have had a great deal of difficulty with hysteria, fear and the unfounded conclusion that people have that they can get AIDS from donating blood." BEFORE THE July 4 holiday, then blood supplies across the United

NOW, IN SOME cities, police and

Nurse Mary Shell (middle) from Henry Ford Hospital-West Bloomfield Center checks on two volunteers, Janice Paschke (left) and Amy Haffey, who denated blood. Local officials from

Red Cross Blood Services worry about the "unfounded conclusion" that people can get the disease AIDS from donating

AIDS. The disease also has attracted widespread media attention and has become a favorite subject of moral and political debate.

Jovanovich said the sheer lack of knowledge of AIDS is what makes it so fearful to so many people.

"People think it's really infectious. But it can only be contracted through blood and blood products, or by intimate sexual contact.

"More people have died from AIDS than from Legionnaire's Disease or Toxic Shock Syndrome. There was not a lot done about AIDS initially."

The number of eases in the general area is tough to pin down, Jovanovich said. There has been one in Detroit and two in Ann Arbor, he said. "But I question whether we're seeing just the worst cases." question whether well-the worst cases."
THERE HAS BEEN a lot of local

interest in the disease, Jovanovich said. As a guest on a recent Sunday morning radio program in Detroit, he was swamped with calls at 7 a.m.

"I couldn't believe it. Calls were stacked up five at a time."

A national toll-free hotline for information on AIDS received 100 calls the first day. (The number is 1 (800) 342-AIDS.)

the first day, (The manner of the first day) (The manner of the first day) (The big thing is that people have

to be educated," Jovanovich said. "It's just silly for people not to donate blood."

blood.*

The American Red Cross now issues a paraphlet to all prospective blood donors asking them not to donate if they think there's a risk the donation may infect a patient with any of several infectious diseases. AIDS is listed along with bepatitis, syphilis and malaria.

Lack of knowledge a basis for AIDS panic

Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) apparently has existed for only a few years.

In the medical parlance it's "a new disease entity of unknown origin," according to Dr. John Jovanovich of Henry Ford Hospital's West Bloom-field Outpathenticenter.

Basically, AIDS abort-circuits the body's immunisation system. AIDS victims cannot fight off infections and other diseases, especially cancers.

THE EFFECT of AIDS is similar to that of T-cell leukemia, a rare cancer of the blood in which disease-fighting

of the Blood in which discussiving cells die off.

The controversy surrounding AIDS partly stems from the nature of most

of its victims. AIDS primarily strikes homosexual and bisexual men, drug users, Haitian immigrants and hemo-

users, nation image...

More than 70 percent of AIDS victims are male homosexuals. AIDS
first surfaced in gay communities in
New York and San Francisco, but because of the social stigma attached to
homosexuals it was years before any
serious attention was paid to the dis-

IT TOOK INTENSE lobbying from

the organized gay community to rally support for AIDS research. That ushered in the moral and political issues, friction between between those affected with the disease, and those who saw it as some sort of 'divine punishment' for homosexvalisty. and the saw it is not some sort of divine punishment' for homosexvalisty. The disease he been noted in users of illegal intravenous drugs, who have contracted it from contaminated needles. It also has been seen in Haitians, who have de-

nied nomcsexuality and drug use. Ho-mophillacs face increased risk from AIDS because it is suspected the dis-case can be transmitted in blood-clotting factor preparations. Almost 1,500 persons have con-tracted AIDS in the United States

since 1979, when mortality statistics on the disease began. No one who was diagnosed with AIDS in 1979 is alive today. There are fewer and fewer sur-

SINCE THE DISEASE has an unde-erminate incubation time in the

SINCE THE DISEASE has an unde-terminate incubation time in the body, infections that occur today may not be discovered for years. Symptoms of AIDS are remarkably vague. They include faiting, weight loss, night sweats and swollen glands— symptoms common to bundereds of sicknesses ranging from stress reac-tions to pneumonia. For more information, call the Michigan Organization for Human Riights at 883-7255.

OFFERINGS RECEIVED by Salem United Church of Christ through its Vacation Church
School (July 25-29) have been earmarked for the
church mission project "Books for Zimbabwe." The
church is participating in the project designed by
church is participating in the project designed by
develop libraries in but of word of making the
control of the control of the control of the
Goal for the board is 10,000 plus sets of the
convelopedias and magazine subscriptions to help
rebuild the schools after a 14 year war for independence took its toll in lives, property, medical
and educational facilities.

BEVERLY ANN SHARETTE, of Farmington Hills, graduated summa cum laude from the University of Detroit, College of Liberal Aris with a bachelor of science degree in Social work. Con-

FALCON BOOSTER Club members are doing their darndest to line up a school administrator who will be willing to take a turn sitting in the Dunk Tank the club will be manning during Founder's Festival days. The boosters who support attheir programs in Farmington High School say they have students as well as teachers lined up for their pitcher-patrons for the July 28-30 event. Will an administrator step forward, please.

LAKES FOR CANOEING and non-power boating are located at Addison Oats County Parks in Oxford, Independence Oats in Clarkston and Groveland Oats in Holly, Rowboats and pedal boats can be rented at all these parks. Canoes can also be rented at Independence Oats and Groveland Oaks. For more information, call 858-0906.

TARGET DATE is Sunday, Sept. 11, for members of Holy Cross Greek Orthodox Church to move into their new facilities at 35315 Middlebeit Road. It was just one year ago the parish started "phase 2" of its building program, which began with the burning of the land contract. At last report they were better than 350 names to be inscribed on they were better than 350 names to be inscribed the new buildings commemorative plaque rep senting the donations given for the building fund.

CONGRATULATIONS to Charlita Mangrum, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Mangrum and a graduate of North Exemilington High School, which was a second to the second the second to the secon

ment and knowledge in the medical field.

LARK SAMOUELIAN, executive director of Southwestern Oakiand Cable Consortium, announced the officers for the Public Access Committee. They are Patrick Brunett of Novi, Jim Mitchell of Farmington and Carol Bauer of Novi.

JAMES D. LANDSBERG, of Farmington Hills, has been promoted to tax manager at the accounting firm of Arthur Andersen & Co. James joined the firm in 1978 after graduating from the University of Detroit Law School.

TIMOTHY M. CLEARY, of Farmington Hills, has been named vice-president of sales at International Business Expositions Inc. He is now responsible for marketing and sales nationally for the nation's largest business-to-business trade show. He is a board member for the Catholic Youth Organization and a graduate of the University of Michi-

CAROL COX, daughter of Mrs. Mary Sue Cox of Farmington Hills, has received a doctor of medicine degree from Michigan State University's College of Human Medicine. She is taking a resi-dency in psychiatry at Sinai Hospitz; of Detroit.

RICHARD LUKEY has been promoted to the post of associate research director of Leo Bur-nett Co. Inc. He graduated from Michigan State University in 1978 with a bachelor's degree in ad-vertising. In 1978, he received an master's degree in advertising from Michigan State.

SUSAN K. BLOMQUIST, daughter of Mr. Alfred P. Blomquist of Farmington Hills, is one of 192 students who earned a place on the dean's list for the spring semester at Taylor University, Ind.

KIMBERLY TRABBIC of Farmington KIMBERLY TRABBIC of Farmington Bills has been selected to attend a unique music camp in Europe this summer. She is one of 130 American and Canadian high school students who will attend Blue Lake in Bavaria in July and August. Kimberly is the daughter of Mr. and Mr., Gerald Trabble. Blue Lake in Bavaria is located in southern Germany southwest of Munich near the village of Oberammergau which is in the foothills of the Alps. While on tour, members of the Blue Lake in Bavaria Symphonic Bands will live with European familles in each community they visit, giving them an opportunity to become acquainted with the people in each country and become aware of their way of life. Have a great time Kimberly.



etro Detroit, call 569-2454. Elsewhere, order toll-tree 1-800-233-2000