Authors share their viewpoints

The luncheon program, sponsored by the Birmingham-Bloomfield Children's Book and Author Society, had its own

Book and Author Society, had its own aura about it.
Whether it is astute planning on the part of the committee or planning plus luck, each of these events, which brings leading writers and illustrators to this community, has had a strong individual color and mond about it.
Some have been lighthearted and humerous, others have focused on how to flind, develop and use material.
This recent one was more concerned with the philosophy behind writing and illustrathing than it was with the actual procedure.

Interfaults and it was with the actual literature fields and it was with the actual literature. The diversity is certainly one reason for the continuing success of these programs.

One of the guests for this one was Charles Ferry of Rochester, who writes for teens and young adult readers. His "Raspberry One," a World War II story, was selected by the School Library Journal as one of the best books of 1938. Next year Houghton Mifflin will publish 'One More Time," a story set in story set in the big band era of the 1948.

Tom Feelings, Mofa Means One of The Minds Thelo Works by Muriel Feelings, Mofa Means One of The Minds Thelo Which were made Calitecut Honor Books. His "Istanted drawing children because I and the street of the section of the street to draw the same of the street to draw the same

written by Elolse Greenfield.
Marguret Mary Kimmel's Iirst
book, Reading out Loud! a Gulde to
Sharing Books With Children, has generated interest across the country and
"Kimmel has been on a busy travel
schedule sharing her enthusiasm for
reading aloud.

KIMMEL had both emetional and statistical material to reinforce her claim to the beneficial effects of read-ing to children. "Starved for story" is the way she de-

ing to children

"Slarved for story" is the way she described a group of youngsters who had little to no experience having stories read to them.

She backed up her claims about its importance by telling of two control groups of first graders — one was given book and literature-related activities over the summer and the other heard stories read aloud regularly. The latter group moved notleasbly shead in reading comprehension and vocabulary.

was shy . . . they put me at case. Children give back what they feel coming

drengive back what they feel coming from you."
Whene went out to find work in the carly 1980s, 99 percent of his portfolio was of black people, particularly children of the Civil Rights Movement.
Because he wanted to live someplace where being black was normal, "where I was in the majority, he went to Ghana.
The children in Ghana, West Africa."

Ghana.

The children in Ghana, West Africa, looked exactly like the children in my community. Yet, the effects of the environment made my pictures feel different.

WHEN HE came back to the United States, he found publishers looking for black illustrators.

He did books on Africa, saying. "I wanted children to see and feel what I fel!"

wanted children to see and feel what i felt." In all of his books, particularly the ones he is working on, he strives to have the pain and struggle black people have experienced reflected in their faces.

faces.
Feelings said he is working on " a very important story, a very painful story and that's how black people came to America.
His life in Ghana gave him a valuable perspective, he said.
Ferry used Gresham's law that bad money drives out good as a metaphor

for what is happening in American culture.

"Our best seller lists, which once were filled with literature of timeless value, are now sprinkled with tiller formerly kept under the counter — in a brown wrapper."

But, in the midst of what he called "our cultural decline," Ferry found "little beacons" — The Birmingham Bloomfield Children's Book and Author Society, for one, "The Horn Book Magarine" for another and teachers such as the one, Sister Joan Therese, whom he had for eighth grade in Wisconsin.

He found other encouraging signs in things such as the improvement in schools, the presence of fine arts camps and the increase in the number of symphony orchestras and chamber ensembles.

His book, "Raspberry One," he sald "is my effort to give young people a palnfully honest glimpse of that war (World War II). If they read it carefully, they will learn that the war began the way all wars begin — through good people doing nothing."

In cleaing, he said, "The knowledge of mankind is found in our textbooks, the wisdom of mankind is found in our lextbooks, the wisdom of mankind is found in our lextbooks, the wisdom of mankind is found in our lextbooks, the wisdom of mankind is found in our lextbooks, the wisdom of mankind is found in our lextbooks, the wisdom of mankind is found in our lextbooks, the wisdom of mankind is found in our lextbooks.



Is the Hotel Really Haunted?

Farmington Hills resident Jamison Messerly has both authored and illustrated "Is the Hotel Really Haunted?" a children's book on its way to publication. The publication is made possible by Rita Heaven, a teacher at New Morning School, who was awarded a grant from Plymouth Community Arts Council which enables students to write, illustrate, print and bind two copies of their book. One will be a keepsake for Jamison; the other will become a permanent part of New Morning's library.



Garden therapy for retirees

Proceeds from the rummage sale that runs to-lay until 5 p.m. and tomorrow from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. in First Presbyterian Church barn, is ear-marked to support the garden therapy classes given to residents of Farmington Hills Inn. This month Farmington Garden Club members Clara





