classifieds inside



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Will court ruling spur harassment complaints?

Sexual harassment on the job is not new, but a U.S. Supreme Court ruling last month is expected to find employers more watchful and advocacy groups more supportive of victims' rights.

cacy groups more supportive of victimar tights.

In a new twist, the court said victims rings be bosses and employers
for creating an "abusive working entrionment" even if the claims do not
involve loss of a job or a promotion.
Before, victims generally felt too
imitimidated to file lawauits, unless
they could lith their bosses behavior
to specific changes in job status.

The court also said employers are
not always legally liable when suporvisors sexually harass workers.
But Ignorance does not excuse emloyers from taking appropriate actions when necessary. Justice William Rehaquist, who wrote the opinion, declined to issue a definitive
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The consequence of the propriate actions when necessary. Justice William Rehaquist, who wrote the opinion, declined to issue a definitive
ruite on employer liability. Commission issued 1980 guidelines describing it as:

* Liwanted verbal or physical

sion issued 1980 guidelines describing it as:

• Unwanted verbal or physicial exual attention, explicitly or implicitly made a condition of employment.

• A basis for employment describions whether the victim accepts or rejects such advances; and

• Interference with the victim's work performance.

work performance.

THE MICHIGAN Task Force on Sexual Harrassment in the Workplace has adopted the EEO definition, but further describes such conduct as sexual propositions or physical concluded the control of the con

Some of them, often as single par-ents, would rather submit to sexual harassment than risk losing their

Some of them, often as single parents, would rather submit to sexual harassment than risk losing their jobs.

Justice Moore, assistant director of the complaint investigation bureau of the state Civil Rights Department, said the Detroit office does not keep statistics by type of claim, so couldn't predict a rise or fall in sexual harassment cases.

"We'll just have to wait and see about complaints resulting from the court's ruling." Moore said.

CALLING THE court's decision "a major coup." Dottied Jones, assistant director of the Women's Department of the United Auto Worker-International, said, "We'll evic an incredict of the Women's Department of the United Auto Worker-International, said, "We'll evic an incredict of the Women's Department of the United Auto Worker-International, said, "We'll evic an incredict of the Women's Department of the United Auto Worker-International said, "We'll how sexual harassment brought fear into their lives. Shown so far to about 5,000 men and women across the country, the film "has helped deucate them on the hazards of this very emotional type of thing." Jones said.

In 1979, at the request of vice president Odessa Komer (now director of the Women's Department), the UAW won the sexual harassment is use to the bargaining table. The UAW won contractual language in talks with Ford and Chrysler, later with General Motors.

AREA COMPANY spokesmen said a push to rid the problem from the hazards of the problem from th

the ones we to the said.

A 1980 written policy in store manuals states K Mart employees "should be able to work in an envi-tonement free from all forms of discrimination, including sexual harassment," said public relations spoke-woman Lesile Kota from Troy headquarters. "We don't foressee a change in policy," she said.

'A steelworker recalls that when women were first hired in her mill, men had a habit of howling at them like dogs. So she brought a bag of dog biscuits to work and tossed them to the men every time they

howled.' — from 'Stopping Sexual Harassment: A Handbook' by Elissa Clarke

Like K Mart, the Automobile Club of sexual harassment affecting a of Michigan employs a large number of female employees. Of its total "Our polley has always been very full-time work force of 3/74, more discherence of the first policy in policy in policy and policy in policy and policy in policy and policy in policy and female alike."

Where to go for help

Schoolcraft College, Livonia, 591-6400, Ext. 430.

• Michigan Now (National Organization for Women) Ferninist Network of North Oakland County (685-8328); remainder of Oakland County (646-6559).

• Women's Department, UAW-International, 9000 E. Jeferson, Detroit 48214, 926-5269.

E. Jereson, Dec. Jereson, De-troit 48214, 928-5269.

• Women's Justice Center, 651 E. Jefferson, Detroit 48226, 961-7073.

• Michigan Department of Civil Rights, 231 W. Lafayetle, Detroit 48226, 226-7636.

• Michigan Task Force on Sexual Harassment in the Workplace, 309

9. Washington, P.O. Box 30015, Lansing 48909, 517-373-9475.

A National Organization for Wom-en pamphlet offers the following ad-vice for dealing with sexual harass-

Keep a daily log including names, dates and short descriptions

Victims of sexual harassment may seek outside help from:

• The Women's Resource Center,
Schoolcraft College, Livonia, 591don Ext-400

ence or a witness if possible.

Describe in writing the discriminatory situation and the relief sought. Request a written reply. Send copies to all relevant personnel and keep your original copy.

Talk to other employees about the possibility of filing a class action complaint.

Contact your bargaining unit and if recommended file a grievance through the union/organization.

through the union/organization.

If dissatisfied with internal procedures, file compliants with the Michigan Department of Civil Rights and the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
Compliants with enforcement agencies must be illed within 180 days. Records for documentation should be provided. Documentation includes: letters between you and the employer, job postings, seniorily lists, dates and contents of phone conversations, informal meetings and copies of any grievanness. Keep all original documents.

Beware of taxes on home sale

Your home can be an excellent tax shelter and an asset that is increasing in value. Solling it may give you a handsome gain but a hefty tax bill unless you're aware of the way capital gains are treated when a home is sold.

Under current tax law, the entire under current tax law, the caltregain on the sale of your home may not be taxed if you buy or build and occupy a new principal residence two years before or after the sale. The new residence must cost at least as much or more than the adjusted solling price of your old home — the tax on the gain is deferred, not foretiven.

ax on the gain is deferred, not for the case of the gain is deferred, not for the case of the new bome giving you a lower "basis," defined as the amount you are considered to have paid for the new home. If you sell the new home later and buy another one, you may centline to defer the tax.

If you do not buy a new home or if the cost of the new home is itses than the adjusted sales price of the original home, then all or part of your gain is taxable as ingritten or short-term capital gain, depending on how long you owned your home.

The profile on home sales are

taxed the same way as capital gains on other investments — such as stocks or bonds. If you own the home for more than six months, it is taxed as a long-term investment, thus only 40 percent of the gain you make on the sale is taxable. But if you own the home for six months or less, all of the profit is taxable.

of the profit is taxable.

THE SAME TAX laws apply if your new home is a condominium, a co-op, trailer, houseboat or other type of principal residence. A home you constructed can also be considered a replacement residence.

An example: You sold your home in 1984 and gained \$11,000. Within two years you bought and occupied a new home for \$480,000 which is more than you were paid for the sale of the original home. You won't be taxed for the \$10,000 gain in 1994, but you must subtract the untaxed gain from the \$80,000, giving you a

170,000 basis in your new home.
If within two years you did not buy a replacement home, you would be taxed on the \$10,000 gain. If you must sell your home at a loss, the loss is generally not deductible by federal income tax standards.
The capital gain from a prior sale can be reduced or eliminated by increasing what you originally paid for the home by amounts paid out within the 24-month reinvestment period through home improvements. The resulting flugure is the adjusted basis. If you added to your home a porch that cost you \$10,000, you can add that to your basis. If you don't have receipts of your home improvements, you should not have receipts from a cost or retrieve the originate of the cest or retrieve the original receipt. It's smart to keep receipts on all capital improvements.

ceipts on all coapital improvements.

HOME SELLERS can also benefit
by appueing up their old place. Main-tenance or "If.vup costs" can be sub-tracted from your home's selling price if theyre done within 90 days of the sale and paid for within 30 days of the sale. But you must have receipts to document the costs.

- Michigan Association of CPAs



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Housing prices, sales soar 1986 (through 6-30) 1985 (through 6-30) No. of sales 10,686 No. of sales +20%

Sales of homes rose 20 percent and prices lumped 30.8 percent in the Western Wayne-

8,900

Ave. price

on the year's sales figures. In 1985, six other statewide boards of Realtors reported higher jumped 30.8 percent in the Western Wayne-Oakland County Board of Realtors area since June 30, 1985. The price rise is the largest in the state and marks the area as having the most expensive average priced homes based.

Ave. price

+\$30.8%