reative Living

Thursday, February 5, 1987 O&E



Remnants:

Couple uncover the survivors of Poland's past

It's almost like looking at a lost civilization, this exhibition of color phetographs from a book about Jews left in Poland after the Holocaust, at Birmingham's Pierce Street Gallery. These are gentle, thought-provoking glimpses of a way of life that seems

to disappear as you watch it.

The first chapter of the book,
"Remnants: The Last Jews of Poland" has a one word title, "Why?"

Why would a young, married, Pol-ish couple from Warsaw, Tomasz To-maszewski, free-lance photographer and Malgorzata Niezabliowska, Jour-nalist, want to write about Jews Like Bo percent of the Poles, they progulation of Poland has all but dis-terview old people, living by the program of the polarity of the selves in small towns and villages And in turn from the Jews they could find, came another why. Why us?

But, the couple persisted from 1850 to 1985, working on their project quietly while they did other sasignments, driven by a curtosity that the said, "My grandmother, who rought me up, told me about Polish Jews. It was a normal part of Polish history, My grandmother was a very clever person. She wanted to educate me in a particular way, and Jews were part of my heritage." With that said, this slim, blond, blue-eyed Journalist spoke of the atmosphere when she was going to school in the '50s and '60s, "The Jewish subject was unfouched — in the press, on TV, in books.— there was just nothing."

SHE WONDERED WHAT, if anything, was left of the once second largest Disaspora in the world that numbered more than 3 million before World War II. Their influence on the culture and economy of Poland had been significant for a thousand years.

Her curiosity was fueled by a well-remembered pain, "In 1868, 25,009 Jows left Poland, They were the considered by the pain of the pain of

THEY USED THEIR OWN funds on the project to find, talk with and photograph the Jews of Poland. In all, she did 1,000 interviews and be took 7,000 pictures. Film was often difficult to find and so were the Jews they wanted to photograph and interview.

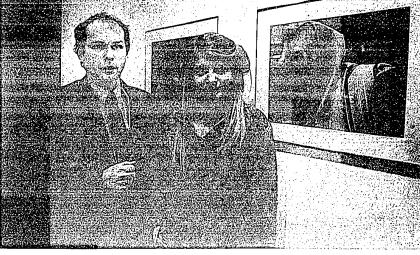
they wanted to photograph and interview.

"We could write the next book on how to find the people." Niezabitowska said. "They are not hidden, but they are not publicized at all. It's very important to win the trust of the first person. They were anxious, surprised, supicious. Many of them are lonely. No one visits them. When we came they asked why."

Tomaszowski said he printed some of his pictures to show them what he had done. "They liked the pictures very much. They saw they were not manipulated."

She added, "After the first barrier

manipulated."
She added, "After the first barrier
was crossed, they were friendly.
They called us children. They wanted us to stay with them and they told
us many stories.".



Photographer Tomaszz Tomaszowski and journalist Malgorzata Nicsabitowska spent more than five years tracking down the surviving Jows of Poland. They worked out of the public oyo, on their own time, using their own money to complete a major

butcher in Wa saw synagog.

Staff photos by Jerry

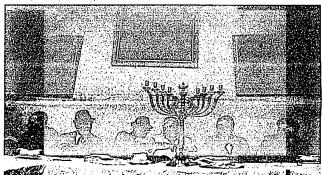
He said, "They had the feeling they are the forgotten people."
She said many live in small, remote villages, "They don't need money or clothes. What they need is human belags. They were very slee to us. We became friends. We stayed to contact with them."
"Tornamewald is vice president of the Uaino of Polish Art Photographers, the only one of its kind in the country. Membership brings an LD. card that is the essential credular for free-lance photographers.
When he had an exhibition of 120 of the photographers aw in 1836, the response was heartwarming.

SOME 12,000 ATTENDED during four weeks run, a record breaking figure. The photographs of the Jowish cemeteries in scrious disrepair stimulated a movement to raise funds and volunteer help to care for them.

them.

He said, "Poland has 450 Jewish
emeteries, most in very bad condition. Even people who live near
these places don't know they are
there. We just wanted to shake the
people and it worked."

While the book has not been printed in Poland, a German version is
being printed in Switzerland for distribution in Germany, Austria and,
Tomaszewski hopes, Holland.



Sedar at the Jewish Community Center in Warsaw was photographed by Tomaszewski

He said the book is like the second chapter of Roman Vistnilae's photographs of Jewish Mie in Poland before World War II.

But, in the last year, life has changed dramatically for this talented, energetic couple and their daughter, Maryna, 8. They are living in Cambridge, Mass., where Niezabitowska is on yeardong Nieman Fellowship for journalism at Harvard. He is working on "Discovering Americans," an assignment from

National Geographic. They just re-turned from a trip to Wyoming and before that made a 5,000 mile, 26-day trip by car from Boston to Los

day trip by car from Boston to Los Angeles.

He reports with a smile of delight that he has shot 200 roles of illin and adds that quality is paramount when shooting for National Geographic," You have to bring them the best of the best."

terfered with the work, but he doesn't dwell on the past and neither does she. It is as if they have a sense of destiny and there are many missions to accomplish.

"Remnants: The Last Lews of Poland," Malgorzata Niezabitowska and Tomasz Tomaszewski, Friendly Press, 35, Pierce Street Gallery, 217, Pierce, Birmingham. Hours are 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. Wednesday-Saturday.

Exhibit marks Art Association's 30th birthday

By Corinne Abatt staff writer

No work of art to come out of the 43-year-old Birmingham Society of

It was because they needed a suitable place to hold classes that the Women Painters came up with the idea of an art center.

Now 30 years later, that seed of an



Suzanno Velick, left, and Shirley Gower, are also is a celebration of the 30th birthday of co-chairing the opening reception for the Bir-the Birmingham Bloomfield Art Association.

tywide impact.

Ken Gross, BBAA executive director, said, "We currently have 1,100 students registered, that's the biggest winter term enrollment in our

students registered, that's the big-gest winter term enrollment in our history."

Gross also said there are long-range plans taking shape to rebuild the classroom wing and include a community room for meetings, pro-grams and classes. The fund-raising campaign for it will be officially launched in March.

The membership of the Women Painters continues to be actively in-volved as artists, teachers, fund-ra-isers, board members and all around volunteers.

WHEN THEIR 41st exhibit opens at the Art Association Friday, Feb. 6, it will be a 30th birthday celebra-tion as well as a 7-9 p.m. reception for artists, friends and general pub-

lic.
In honor of that, the Women Painters are publishing and selling a weekly date book with 55 drawings chosen from those submitted.

Suzanne Vellek and Shirley Gower, co-chairman of the exhibition, said it will be a double show. The 55 original drawings for the book will be on exhibit and (some) for sale in the de Saile Gallery. The multi-media art exhibit of works by the Women Painters, juried by Mary Jane Bigler, will be in the main gallery.

Velick said the whole atmosphere of the opening "will look very birthday partyish."
As a tribute to the BBAA, dise jockey, Marc Ankeeman, will be playing music from the 50s at the opening.

Back in 1957 when the Women Painters started thinking about an art center, they contacted a well-known local artist, the late Robert Thom. He agreed to help with the plans only if it was an organization that would serve the whole community.

THOM THEN became the first president of what was first called the Bloomlield Art Association. It was located in a house at 51 N. Woodward, Birmingham. When that the becated, the Art Association leased the old sewage plant 1516 S. Cranbrook for \$1 a year for 25 years from the city of Birmingham.

What also was immediately obvious was that the ugly plant would need a lot of help to become a thing of beauty. The tank area became the main gallery, fill dirt and a new roof helped, so did the addition of classrooms in 1978.

Improvements have been made almost continuously since the tanks were sealed and the building deodorized in 1957.

Sizeable monetary gifts from artist, Reva Shwayder and gallery owner, the late Peggy de Salle, provided for outdoor deck and courtyard areas. The main gallery has been remodeled and improved.

When a faculty exhibition was held last fall, 58 teacher/artists in the community were invited to take part, indicating that the BBAA's role as an employer is significant.

AS A catalyst, it has generated in-terest in and appreciation for art that has favorably affected the aesthetics, the lifestyle and commer-cial structure of the community. The number of framing stores, artists supply stores and art galicries in the area has increased noticeably over the last three decades.

The Birmingham Society of Women Painters wanted a suitable place to study and exhibit art. As it turned out, so did thousands of other people. And that's what first president Robert Thom, apparently sensed from the beginning.

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