## Stoddard to fight new U.S. charges

Stanford C. Sloddard, Birmingham resident and former chairman of Michigan National Corp., said he will light the latest effort of the federal government to end his banking ca-

light into latest effort of the federal government to end hit banking ca-reer. "J latend to defend myself in a court of law and not in the media. It look forward to the day when I will be vindicated," Stoddard said in a statement issued by Neal Fink, his attorney and one of the state's best-howne defense lawyers. Fink's office said he would not go by one has a statement on the latest by one has the statement on the latest by one has funder a statement on the latest on two fore a federal magib-trate on two federal magibites of the federal fede

SINCE LAST fall, Stoddard has been awaiting a decision from a fed-ceral a darinistrative law judge, Thomas Jones of Grand Rapids, on Jittempts by the Compirelier of the Currency to bar him from lanking. The compiler's office charged Stoddard misapplied \$150,000 of bank and holding company funds for use on his houses, his family and Mormon Church projects. Testimony in that hearing, taken facision in March, at the earliest. Stoddard's defense in the case was decision in March, at the earliest. Stoddard's defense in the case was conducted by a pair of Washington lawyers, Richard M. Roberts and Sandy Comencit. A spokemann for the bidding company said the board dard's legal bills. SINCE LAST fall, Stoddard has

The Jackson dealings weren't cov-ered in the case before Jones in Ann Arbor, although the general pattern -a charge of misusing bank funds - is similar.

IN THE NEW case, Stoddard is charged with being a partner in a firm that bought property at 105-9 Michigan Avenue in Jackson and leasing it to Michigan National Bank - Midwest.

leasing it to Michigan National Bank - Midrest. The Indictment charged that the ref that which would have been nego-listed in an arm's length bargalang between unrelated parties. - Midrest and the state of the end of the state of the state of the end of the state of the state of the end of the state of the state of the end of the state of the state of the end of the state of the state of the end of the state of the state of the end of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the ecount of the state of the ecount of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of the state of the state of the state of the ecount of the state of th

By Rich Poriberg

Ic senator. WHETHER TO retailate against the Japanese with similar trade re-strictions will be a "great battle-ground". For this year's Congress, said Levin. "It is a question of whether or not we should retailate against countries who do not freely accept our good," said Levin, who was re-clected in 1984. Levin said it makes no sense to let the Japanese capture more than 20 percent of the U.S. auto market while the Japanese capture more than 20 percent of the U.S. auto market while the Japanese restrict Ameri-can. imports such as: beef, rice, telecommunications and certain suito components. "We could whoe out the Japanese

telecommunications and certain auto components. "We could wipe out the Japanese beel industry in a week," said Levin, noting that beef soils for \$20 to \$30 a jound in Japan because it is a pro-tected product. Similarly, he said, the Japanese government buys rice from its farm-ers for \$1,400 a ton even though farmers in Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkanas could sell roce to Ja-pan for \$400 a ton.

Carl Lovin Son will U.S. retailato?

STILL, LEVIN said an even big-ger cause of the trade deficit can be traced to an annual national budget deficit that regularly tops \$200 bil-log.

deficit that regularly tops \$200 bil-lies. He said President Reagan's policy of tax cuts and increased defense spending have doubled the national deht during his six years in office, even though the Republican presi-dent campaigned as a too of deficit budgets.



He called the Gramm-Rudman budget reduction law an "Illogion" OCCs "distinguished speaker series, response to the inability of Congress declined to speak much about the to deal with its deficit. Lerin anid the deficit. "I thick series is solved and revenue sources such as a that resolved," he joked. "Iran got indeka-sgillon feco minoperiod oil. Browerer, he said, there is much septor tor," he said, there is much suffix or suffix or suffix and the sources such as a suffix or suffix or suffix and the sources such as worthy optimizite.economic as Amitrak suffix dudent loans. "I thick we've pretty much got gene and iran got the better of the suffix or suffix of the suffix and the suffix and and the suffix and the suffix and the suffix and and the suffix and the suffix and the suffix and and the suffix and and the suffix and



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## Arts grant to OCC man

Robert Piepenburg, art instructor at Oakland Community College, has won a \$3,000 grant from the Michi-igan Council for the Arts 'in support of the artist in the creation of new works of art' during 1987. A ceramics instructor on the Orc-hard Ridge Campus since 1969, into the state in State 1969, and State 1969, and State 1969, into the state instructor on the Orc-hard Ridge Campus since 1969, into the state in State 1969, into the state into the state into the State State





Stoddard was chairman of the holding company 1972-84. He and his faither, who put together the compa-ny, had reputations as consumer, ori-ented mavericks and advocates of iaitewide banking for decades be-fore state law permitted it.

STODDATD Was forced to resign as chairman of the holding company and one of its affiliate backs in July of 1984 under pressure from the comptroller's office. Witnesses said ho was persuaded by corporate directors who were concerned about being hit by heavy intes themselves and about adverse publicity for the bank and the church.

Levin said the president has

TTRICH PUPS

## More than 40 years after the close of World War II, U.S. Sen. Carl Levin Pays that Apparts trade policies rep-resent and apparts trade policies rep-tion that an entry of the sentence of the orthe American works that they compare a fact that the sentence of the sentence of the American Web Policy of the American Jobs have been loat due to Aitob Millow Italia, said 4.5 million Ainefican Jobs have been loat due to a \$160 Million trade deficit. Japan is responsible for one-third of that deficit even though it 'closes is doors' to American products said the statics' two-term Democrat-ic sentor.