Disability insurance is worth cost

In October 1986 the Practising Law Institute presented a program utiled "Estate Planning for the Aging or Incapacited Client."

nor interpretation continues of the continues and Wolf, New York City, Isind David Callahan of Willman and Ransom, New York City, Included discussions of medical care issues, within a lister in working with older conditional continues of the condition of the condit of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condi and disabled clients, Med Medicaid, and property innent alternatives.

Perhaps the most important mes-sage of that program was that all of us should make adequate provisions for disability.

OK, you say, that sounds like good advice, but what does it cost? And that's the main problem in buying disability insurance.

Here is a case in point. Mr. John Ellent, age 39, was recently advised by us that it would cost him \$1,270

per year to buy a disability policy that would guarantee him a monthly income of \$1,500 until he is 65.

Needless to say, he was shocked, because paying \$1,270 to buy a \$1,500 policy seemed too expensive to him

REALIZING THAT Mr. Client had neither the understanding of, nor the patience to appreciate, the cost of the recommendation. I developed the accompanying table for his ex-amination. The table reveals the fol-lowing important facts:

• If Mr. Client were to become disabled today, he would receive \$1,145,348 — not the \$1,500 he thought he would receive.

Unlike life Insurance, upon disability, premium payments stop. So if John becomes disabled today, he would only pay the first yearly



finances and you

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premium of \$1,270.

• Finally, if he is covered by this disability policy, John Client would come out ahead no matter when he becomes disabled (except at age 65). This is clearly seen from the third column entitled "Not Benefits."

If you think you are not adequately covered by disability insurance, ask your financial planner to select the right policy for you. The planner would also be happy to develop a table for you similar to the one presented here.

Educational seminar: Main Topic
"1967 — A Year of Unprecedented
Opportunities." The seminar, sponsored by Observer & Eccentric
Newspapers and Coordinated Finantial Flanning loc., will be 7-250 p.m.
Tuesday, March 17, at the Kingsley
Im, 1476 N. Woodward, Bloomfield
Her more information or reservations, call 643-8283.
Sid Mittre is director of certificate program in personal finance
at Oukland University and president of Coordinated Financial
Flanning Inc.

benefits received if disabled disability total benefits begins until 65 total cost to \$ 1.270 \$1,146,348 +\$1,145,076 1.064.482 2.540 +1,061,942 44 780.800 7.620 +773.180 48 556,113 12,700 +543.413 52 378.164 17,780 +380.374 57 208,808 24.130 +182,678 +97.595 60 125,535 27,940 62 78.733 30,480 +48.25363 57.300 31,750 +25.550 64 37,080 33,020 +4.060 65 18.000 33.020 -15.020 Note: Time value of money has been ignored in these

Compute the tax cost of stock you sold by adding 4 figures

For several years I have been have For several years I have been hav-log my dividend reinvested on a speck I own and have received addi-tional shares for the dividends. I have also sent in additional money, which bought me more shares.

Now I have sold the whole lot, and I am wondering what I have to pay taxes on. I did sell the stock at a price quite a bit higher than what I

I also paid taxes on the dividends

You should add four figures to-fgether to give you the tax cost of your investment.

These figures will be:

The amount of money you paid for the stock when you first bought

The sum of the dividends that were credited to your account and used to buy more shares.

The sum of the additional investments you made, and

• The sum of the commission charges upon which you paid taxes.

If you subtract the sum of those four items from the check you received for the sale of the shares, you will have the amount of your gain and the amount upon which you will have to pay taxes;

I have a problem with my broker ad would like your advice. A couple



today's investor Thomas E. O'Hara

of the National Association of Investors Corp.

of months ago I sold a stock which had been split 2 for 1. At about the time the shares were sold, the certificate for the split shares was received by my broker from the company's transfer agent.

He mailed the certificate to me and asked me to sign and return it to him. I signed it and returned it to him immediately.

He now claims he never received the signed certificate. He is holding

to \$5,000 from the sale of my stock and says he will not give me that money unless I deliver blin the certi-ficate or sign a claim to a bonding company requesting the replace-ment of the lost certificate and pay ment of the lost certificate and pay the \$150 premium on the bond, What

A stock certificate is a valuable item and should handled with great care. You made a serious mistake in

Your broker did not follow a very good procedure in mailing you a cer-tificate. More normally he would have held the certificate and mailed you a "stock power" form that he would then attach to the certificate when he received it back from you.

However, the certificate was lost when you mailed it, and my guess is the risk was then on you. The premi-um you are being asked to pay to re-place the lost certificate seems mod-erate.

Since the broker you dealt with is not a member of a stock exchange, the self-regulatory body he would come under is the National Associa-tion of Securities Dealers. You could

not returning the certificate by registered or insured mall.

Your broker did not follow a very good procedure in mailing you a certificate good rocedure in mailing you a certificate.

Thomas O'Hara of Bloomfield Hills welcomes your questions and comments but will answer them only through this column. Readers who send in questions on a general investment subject or a corporation with broad investor interest and whose questions are usate will receive a free one-year subsrciption to the investment magazine "Better Investing." For a sample copy of Better Investing." For a sample copy of Better Investing." For a sample copy of all the substances of the substance Thomas O'Hara of Bloomfield

datebook

SMALL BUSINESS

o Saturday, March 14 — Free small-chininess management workshop be-gins at 10 a.m. in Troy, Information. A42-4220. Sponsors: MSU school of business, Small Business Manage-

Sturday, March 14—16 Small (Business For Me?" offered from 8:30 je.m. to noon in Detroit. Information. (Ruby M. Anderson, 984-4000. Sponsor: Greater Detroit Chamber

HOME FLOWER SHOW

Saturday-Sunday, March 14-22 —
Builders Home Flower Furniture
Show open 1-11 p.m. daily, 10 a.m. to
11 p.m. weekends in Detroit. Admis-11 p.m. weckends in Detroit. Ad slon: Adults, \$4, Children, \$1.50.

REAL ESTATE EXECS

North Monday, March 16 — National Association of Corporate Real Estate Executives meets at 11:30 a.m. in

MINORITY BUSINESS

Tuesday, March 17 — Minority Business Forum to assist existing and start-up businesses owned by minorities and women offered from 5 am, to 4 pm in Southighd. Infor-mation: "Prestor." Pace, 225-710. Sponsor. US. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Tuesday, March 17 — Women's Economic Club meets in Detroit, In-formation: 963-5088.

WOMEN'S REAL ESTATE

ASSERTIVE LEADERSHIP

● WOMEN'S ECONOMIC CLUB

Southfield. Information: John A. Dinsmore, 446-2000.

Tuesday, March 17 — Women's Commercial Real Estate Association meets at 11:30 a.m. in Bingham Farms. Information: Rusty, Rosman, 363-1595.

Tuesday-Wednesday, March 17-18
— Assertive Leadership Stills semi-nar for administrative assistants, ex-ecutive secretaries managers and asles personnel offered \$5.01-0 p.m. in Bloomfield Rills. Fee: \$95. Infor-mation: 355-3560. Sponsor: North-wood Institute.

SMALL BUSINESS

Wednesday, March 18 — After Business, Ours meets monthly in De-troit to expand private economic de-velopment in southeast Michigan. Non-member fee: \$10. Information: John Sherry, 964-4000.

• HOUSE-BUYING SEMINAR

Wednesday, March 18 — A house-uying and selling seminar begins at p.m. in Farmington Hills. Free. In-properties. 553-8700. Sponsor:

• INSURANCE WOMEN Wednesday, March 18 - Insur-

ance Women of Wayne, Oakland, Macomb Inc. meet at 6:30 p.m. in Southfield. Information: Virginia Baldwin, 399-7100.

BUYING A HOUSE

Wednesday, March 18 — Free "Homebuying and Seiling" seminar begins at 5 p.m. in Farmington Hills. Information: 553-8700. Sponsor: Thompson-Brown Realtors.

• INTERMEDIATE

Wednesdays, March 18-April 8 —
"Intermediate Computer Using
Lotus Symphony" will be offered 7-9
p.m. in Bloomfield Hills. Fee: \$75.
Information: 645-3635. Sponsor:
Cranbrook P.M.

WOMEN IN BUSINESS

Thursday, March 19 — National Association of Women's Business Owners meets. Information: 645-2200.

• FAMILY BUSINESSES

Thursday, March 19 — Del Family Business Council meets, formation: 491-5300. Businesa Co: m: 491-5300.

B'NAI B'RITH REAL ESTATE

Thursday, March 19 — B'nai B'rith Real Extat & Construction Unit theets at 7:30 p.m. in Southfield: Information: Cindy Greenspan, 557-2200.

WOMEN BUSINESS

Thursday, March 19 — National Association of Women's Business Owners meets. Information: 645-2200.

PERSONAL FINANCES

Thursday, March 19 — Free semi-ar on effect of Tax Reform Act of 1986 begins at 7 p.m. in Troy, Infor-mation: Veronica Hollingsworth, 689-9480, Sponsor: Howard L. John-son Co.

TECHNOLOGY FAIR

Thursday-Sunday, March 19-22 — Michigan Technology Fair open in Detroit. Information: 763-9757. Sponsor: Michigan Technology Coun-

Friday, March 20 — Full Gospel Susiness Men's Christian Fellowship meets at 6 p.m. in Farmington. Information: Stanley Marentette, 464-7291.

A RUSINESS WOMEN

Saturday, March 21 — Troy Charter Chapter of American Business Women's Association holds Professional Day Getaway from 8:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. in Troy, Fee: \$35, Information: Kim Cooley, 649-3400.

 COMPUTING ASSOCIATION Monday, March 23 — Association for Computing Machinery meets. Information: Joe Tylutki, 351-4839.

Private Industry Councils criticized for helping the best workers

Continued from Page 1

Continued from Page 1

The training programs acknowling the existence of a hard-core frequency of the continuation of the cont

To work with.

And some believe the job market itself impedes the success of placement programs. Service jobs, or McJobs, pay only \$4-\$5 per hour and

cutsumber the declining manufac-turing jobs with higher entry-level salaries. Fathers with children can't afford to be unemployed ione enough to be retrained. The welfare mother has to be able to make 37-48 per hour plus benefits to break even with welfare provisions. One placement service worker sald, "She (the wel-fare mother) is not even a viable tar-get" for their programs.

hardcore unemployed does not seem within the scope and funding of the JTPA, addressing the welfare trap, most vigorously for female heads of households, is something Harold

McKay thinks PIC and JTPA can do — with a little help.

"When we have a system which provides greater incentives not to work than to work, we've got a prob-lem. It has to make sense to leave welfare," he said.

McKay described an experimental program in Boston that successfully provides incentive to substitute work for welfare. "The Boston Compact Model placed 37,000 Massachusetts resi-dents in the private sector. The pro-gram allowed some welfare bene-lits, such as health care, to continue

during the first year of employment. Locally, we cut everything off." McKay hopes to see similar welfare revisions implemented here.

McKay also talked about some cultural problems that hinder successful mainstreaming of young people into the job market. His "youth people" who work to develop job skills with youngsters say that young people often feel allenated.

"EVERYTHING IS based on what you buy or can buy," McKay said. "Some inner city youth will buy \$50 designer Jeans but there is no food on the table. The electronic media mes-

sage is clear — things do make you happy. We don't seem to value the integrity and honesty of everyday relationships."

If the definitive score is monetary rather than human, young people are reluctant to compete, doubtful they could possibly succeed with such

Whether subsidized job training is a freeble to participating employers may depend on who gets hired. Two participating companies in Oakland County, DEDO-GRAND of Troy and Executive Systems Inc. of Southfield expect to help employees develop work habits as well as job skills.

ESI's Lance Stokes was 1986
"Small Business Person of the Year"
and is a member of the Oskiand
County PIC. He plans to offer training in computer repair and operation. Stokes said his goal is to "develrop people, deal with their problems,
raise their feeling of self-worth" and
sunolant "unsuccessful work experisupplant "unsuccessful we ences" with positive ones.

while JTPA may not be the best idea, even its critics concede it is a better idea than its predecessor, CETA (Comprehensive Employment and Training Act), which created "workfare" jobs in public and non-profit organizations, ignoring marketable private sector skills.

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