## Taking a peek at another Farmington

special writer

I did something silly this summer, I drove 700 miles from home and ended up in Farmington, I visited the city hall, the high school and the Polo Grounds. Polo Grounds? Here in Farmington, Mich.? No, in Farmington, Conn.
It was bitarre driving around another Farmington. There was the Farmington Bakery, the Farmington River, the Farmington River, the Farmington River, the Farmington central business district. I even got lost!

This New England city is just eight miles west of Hartford and has around 19,500 people. Originally settled in 1840, the town's first name was Tunkis Sepus — Indian for "at the bend of the little river." In 1645, the name of the town and the river was changed to Farmington.

At one time, Farmington was the largest town in the colony of Con-

## footprints in history

necticut. Remember, the New England "town" is equivalent to our Midwestern township. The town of Farmington then contained 225 square miles and was dided into ulne parishes. In 1775, seven of those parishes broke away and became independent: Southington, Berlin, Bristal, Burlington, Avon, New Britain and Plainville. The present Farmington community is 26.7 square miles and is really a merger of two small villages: Unionville and Farmington. Unionville was a blue-collar area up the Farmington River, famous for its textile mills.

THE COMMUNITY has four ele-tentary schools, one middle school THE COMMUNITY has four ele-mentary schools, one middle school and one high school. Its most famous institution, however, is Miss Porter's private school for girls. Farmington also has the Tunxis Community Col-lege and the Medical-Dental School of the University of Connecticut.

The area is served by a bospital, a health center, four volunteer fire companies, and two public libraries. With a budget of \$18 million, Farm-ington, Connecticut is administered under the council manager form of government.

Note the similarities. There are others. Both the New England and Michigan cities have classic old bomes. Our "sister" in Connecticut, naturally, has older, more elegani style homes. Here in Michigan, our Farmington homes reliect a simpler, cleaner look.

Farmington, Conn., has two historical museums. The Hill-Stead Museum is the former home of millionaire Aifred Atmore Pope. The attractions include its attractive furnithings and "objects de" art. The Unionville Museum features more of the area's history. Last summer, it

had a photographic display of some of the 500 historical homes in the Farmington area. Annually, the Polo Grounds hosts one of the largest outdoor antique markets in the country.

RUMOR IS that the earliest settlers of Farmington, Mich., came
from Farmington, Con. This may
be true if one goes back far enough.
The proper of the proper of the property
to tame from Farmington, N. Y.,
The people who first settled Farmington, N. Y., came from Berkshire,
Mass. If the people of Berkshire
came from Farmington, Conn, then
he rumor is true and the connection
is complete.
(Farmington, N. Y., by the way is
a small rural hamlet just off the
New York Thruway. There are few
historical buildings and few similari-

largest town in the colony of Connecticut. Remember, the New England "town" is equivalent to our Midwestern township.

ties to either its Michigan or Con-necticut namesake). If you travel to New England, you might want to stop and see another Farmington, one that is older but





