lany area reps decry school tax reform

Many suburban lawmakers are unhappy with a state "school finance reform" plan even though it received the needed two-thirds vote last week In the state House of Representa-

In the state House of Representatives.

The Rouse substitute, passed by a 474-22 vote late Thursday, differs from a plan that won 28-9 Senate approval carlier Wednesday.

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Sparks echoed a familiar complaint that a major reform plan was rushed through with too little study time.

"I can't believe such a bad bill passed," said Rep. Lyn Bankes, R-Llyonia, another no vote. "It's no good for Livonia, and it's no good for out-of-formula school districts (those which rely entirely on local property taxes with no state aid."

The supposedly "revenue-neutral"

taxes with no state aid,"
"It's devastating to my school disiriets — Birmingham, Bloomfield
fillis and Avondale," said Rep. Judth Miller, R-Birmingham, who
yoted no.
"There are questions how it will
affect my school districts — Troy,
Rochester and Avondale, I haven't
leard reactions from my superinleardents and school boards," said

House tax reform plan

Sales tax would go up to 5 percent from 4 percent next July 1 if voters amend the constitution on May 2. (Utility bills are covered.) Revenue gain: \$340 million.
Homestead properly tax examption, or "circuit breaker," Is repeated. Revenue gain: \$140 million. P Residential property tax would be reduced to a "foundation" rate of 28 million or 75 percent of the current rate, whichever is less. Revenue loss: \$839 million.

Revenue loss: \$539 million.

Districts levying less than 28 mills could increase to 28 mills by a vote of the people. In 1991, districts could levy two more mills by a vote of the people.

Business property tax rate is reduced 10 percent but could be raised by a vote of the people.

School districts would be fully reimbursed by the state for lost property tax revenue, at least for the first year. Revenue gains: \$110 million in fiscal '90, \$283 million in fiscal '91.

Both houses rejected a mendments to raise K-12 funding to 12 percent of the state budget from the current 7.4 percent.

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IF...

THE HOUSE version, if the Senate concurs, would ask voters next May 2 to raise the sales tax a penny, from 4 cents to 5 next July 1, and give some property tax relief — 25

percent to households, 10 percent to businesses.

Both chambers rejected amend-ments that would raise the propor-tion of the state budget spent on K-12 education from 7.4 percent to 12

Key differences in the two plans, Konteva said, were: "1) The Senate limited the additional property taxastion of business — it's perpetually capped. Only residential property is taxes could be increased (by a vote of the people.) 2) The House allocation of southor clitzen and low-income renter relief."

For two years, the two parties and two chambers offered rival plans to disparity between rich and poor school districts.

Late in November, Gov. James J. Late in November, Gov. James J. Blanchard sought to break the stalemate with the plan debated lear more steen them. If it fails, the process would have to start all over in 1989.

MMST NERVOUS about the re-

MOST NERVOUS about the re-form plans are suburban districts in the high technology belt from Ro-chester to Ann Arbor. Many have enough properly tax revenue that they get no state appropriations. Their worry: If properly taxes are cut, are they guaranteed enough state money in future years to main-tain educational quality in districts where high proportions of high

Birmingham's Miller put it blunily: "My school districts don't trustthe state government because thestate has a history of not reimbursing them. There is no guarantee the
property tax relief will stay there."
Some 20 percent of Michigan
school districts are "out of formula;"
according to House Taxation Coinmittee chairman H. Lynn Jondahl,
D-East Landy.

AREA REPRESENTATIVES sup-AREA REPRESENTATIVES sup-porting the measure were Justine Barns, D-Westland, John Bennett, D-Redford, Maxine Berman, D-Souti-field, Mat Dunaskiss, R-Lake Orlon, David Honlgman, R-West Bloom-field, and Geraid Law, R-Plymouth. Not voting were W-W. Brotherion, R-Farmington, William Keith, D-Garden City, and Wilfred Webb, D-Hazel Park.

The House spent much of Wednesday and Thursday in closed partisan caucuses to discuss the measure. In the two hours of debate Thursday afternoon, representatives spent the entire time discussing and voting on amendments; there was no debate on the merits of the proposal as a whole.

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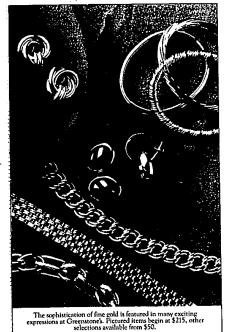
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