Create sweet fantasy in cake

for the decorating tips, make changing tips and colors a

WITH A PROFESSIONALLY made wedding cake costing between \$1.25 to \$2 per person, a homemade

BASIC SPONGE CAKE BATTER nakes one 14-inch, one 9-inch, one 6-

inch cake

2½ cups silfed cake floor

1 tablespoon baking powder

2½ cap milk

6 tablespoons unsaited butter, cut
into pieces

2½ cups sugar

10 eggs, room temperature

7 eggs yolks, room temperature

Prcheat oven to 350 degrees. Line the bottoms of a 14-inch, 9-inch and 6-inch-round cake pan with waxed or parchment paper. Resllf flour with baking powder twice, set aside. Heat milk with butter in a small saucepan

milk with butter in a small saucepan over medium heat until butter is melted. Reduce heat to low, keep hot but do not simmer.

Combine sugar, eggs, and yilks in 5-quart miting bowl of an electric mixer. Set bowl over a pan of hot water. Whisk until sugar is dissolved and mixture is warm to the touch. Transfer bowl to mixer and beat at high speed using a whisk attachment until cool, tripled in volume and the consistency of whipped cream. Transfer batter to a larger bowl, sift 's of flour mix over batter

cake prepared with love by a talent-ed cook with the proper tools can come in way under 50 cents per per-son — quite a savings, especially with the costs of weddings these days. Not to mention the result, which will be infinitely more person-al and rewarding than anything you

and fold in gently using a rubber

spatula.

Fold in remaining flour mix. Pour hot-milk mix into batter, continuing hot-milk mix into batter, continuing to fold gently until all the milk mix is completely incorporated. Pour batter to equal depth of pans and bake in preheated oven until cakes are browned and spring back lightly when touched. (About 17 minutes for 616ch, 20 minutes for 9 inch and 25 minutes for 16 inch. 20 completely in agent greater them invest onto in pans or racks, then invert onto cardboard rounds, and prepare to decorate.

BUTTER CREAM FROSTING BUTTER CREAM FROSTING
5% cups sugar
2½ cups water
1½ teaspoors cream of tartar
9 egg, room temperature
9 egg yolks, room temperature
8 egg yolks, toom temperature
7 egg yolks, toom temperature
8 cups (16 sticks) ussalted butter,
room temperature, cut into pieces

Combine sugar, water and cream of tartar in a large saucepan and stir until sugar is moistened. Place saucepan over high heat, cover and bring mixture to a boil. Let boil until sugar is discoved, about 5 minutes. Uncover, wash down sides with a

© 0&E Sports-more than just the scores ©

Beautiful Children Needed... Tiny Miss * Little Miss * Little Mr. Renaissance USA Pageant

274-7596



could buy, for a once-in-a-lifetime occasion.

And with the additional help of the knowledgeable salesfolks from the Bakers Acre and Kitchen Glamor, who knows, you might want to begin a cottage industry in cake baking.

moistened pastry brush and continue cooking until syrup reaches 242 degrees on a candy thermometer. Meanwhile, meanwhile properties of the syrup over eggs in a thin, steady stream, beating constantly until all syrup her been added and mixture is cool.

Transfer to a large mixing bout.

mixture is cool.

Transfer to a large mixing bowl, and using mixer on high speed, gradually beat butter into egg mixture and continue beating until butter cream is smooth and spreadable. (Butter cream may curdle before becoming smooth)

Follow tips so cake won't flop

Continued from Page 1

Be sure bowls and beaters are clean, dry and free of fat, oil or egg yolks.

o Don't overbeat. Too much beat-ing makes cake heavy or dry.

Use solid shortening to grease pans. Sprinkle lightly with flour. Be sure pan is correct size, as specified in the recipe. To check, measure across the top, from inside edge to inside.

e Shin, metal bake pans reflect heat away from the cake and pro-duce a cake that is tender, with a light brown crust. When using glass baking pan, reduce the specified heat by 25 degrees but bake for same length of time.

e Don't fill pans too full. Two-thirds full is about right.

Place pans in the middle of the oven and don't let them touch each other. Resist opening oven door until

American Red Cross

COUNTRY IN THE INN

the minimum baking time has elapsed.

• Cake is generally done when sides shrink slightly from sides of pan and top appears glightly browned. Test by sticking toothpick in middle. Cake is done if toothpick comes on clean. Or press lightly with finger. If cake springs back it's done.

• Cool cake by inverting pan on rack until cool. Gently remove cake from rack.

from rack.

"After baking, some people set the cake on the (warm) stove, and the cake falls or gets lopsided," said Dan Miller of Elite Sweets.

Cock cake thoroughly before fresting, or it will erumble. Willer ruggests placing the cake in the re-frigerator for three-four boars, or overnight, before fresting, Miller recommends inverting the cake before fresting, petting the top layer on the bottom.
 "You'll have a perfectly flat top," Miller said.

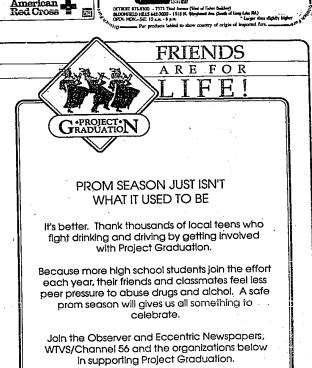
Crumbs will result if the cake is split. To make frosting easier, pince a light layer of icing — called the crumb layer — on cake. Refri-gerate one hour and frost again.











equipate safety Goldstyne Dhioceland

