Big burn

2,000-ton-per-day incinerator tops off waste plan

This is the second in a series of articles looking at Oakland Coun-ty's program for managing solid waste, a plan for which county of-ficials are prepared to speud \$470 million.

By Pat Murphy staff writer

In terms of volume, the 2,000-ton-per-day incinerator to be built in Au-burn Hills is possibly the most im-portant segment of Oakland County's three-part plan to manage solid

three-part plan to manage some waste.

"Most important" is a label officials hesitate to use, however, because all three components are crucial in the ambitious, 20-year plan.

The other two parts — the Materials Receivery Facility the recycling unit known as MRF) and the landfill both to be featured in subsequent articles of this seriesy — are qually important as part of an integrated plan.

Important as personnellar.

But the numbers themselves speak to the importance of the incinerator, possibly the linchpin of the county's solid waste program.

When the incinerator is operation, the order 1690s, it

al, probably in the early 1990s, it will burn more than half of the 3,677

taking on

tons of trash generated daily in Oakland County, generating electricity to be sold to Detroit Edison at a yet-

to be sold to betroit Edison at a yetto-be-determined price.

ASII FROM THE incineration is
expected to be buried in the new
county landill.

The trash-to-energy incinerator is
expected to generate about 400 million kilowatt hours of electricity per
year, or enough to supply about
40.000 households.

Plans call for the incinerator to be
built on a 32-acre tract of land southested of Brown and Giddings roads.

The site is contiguous to \$2.5 acres
already owned by the county, on
which the animal shelter and other
facilities are located.

which the animal shelter and other facilities are located.

The county has an option to purchase the 32 acres at the eye-opening price of \$110,000 per acre.

The county hopes to put another key component of its trash management system on 10 of those acres.

That's the \$15 million Materials Recovery Facility.
While the \$110,000-per-acre price may seem steep, Jack C. Hays, the county's corporation counsel, said it probably isn't excessive given development in the area and the corresponding increase in land values.
THE PROPERTY will be appraised, Hays told county commissioners during their regular meeting last Thursday. "But appraisals don't really mean much in that area. It's a very volatile area. The price of land varies by the minute."
The site is within a few miles of the Palace of Auburn Hills, the General Motors Corp. Orion plant and the \$250 million mail proposed by the Western Development Corp.
That 220-acre mail, situated between 175 and Lake Angelus, Josiya swell as property values. The price of the land isn't the only cost that raised eyebrows — and objections — at Thursday's Board of Commissioners meeting.
The contract for allowing the incinerator to be located in Auburn Hills will cost tapayers about \$9.3 million, including some \$500,000 in sewer debts the city owes but that

Oakland County will forgive.

Under the agreement approved
Thursday, \$1 million will be paid to
the city when the contract is signed.
If for any reason the inclinerator is
not built, Auburn Hills will have 10 years to repay the money at three percent interest.

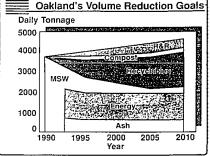
COUNTY BOARD chairman Roy

Rewold, R-Rochester, candidly admits that part of the reason he thinks Auburn Hills is an attractive incinerator site is the anticipated lack of

Abburn Hills is an attractive incinerator site is the anticipated lack of opposition. By selecting the Auburn Hills location, he sald, county officials can expect to avoid extensive tiligation from opponents. Besides being cost, such litigation could delay projects, and time is money. The contract was negotiated over several months and extensively reviewed at the board's various committee meetings. Upon seeing the contract's dollar figures at one such meeting. Commissioner John E. Olsen, R-Huntington Woods, shook his head and said, ball Johnship, "I don't see why other communities" don't line up to get this incinerator and the contract. John King, a West Bloomfield readent, chiefed county commissioners and Auburn Hills for what he consideration.

ered an overly lucrative contract.
"It may be legal," King said of the contract. "But it's morally and ethically wrong wrong wrong to pay that kind of money. Auburn Hills should

be ashamed of itself."
NEXT: A look at MRF, the county's proposed recycling unit, and how it fits into the solid waste plan.



This chart shows how more than half the 3,577 tons of trash generated daily in Oakland County will be incinerated, as indicated in the "energy and ash" shaded area.

County board OKs trash-to- energy project

See related story, Page 5B

The contract for the county's proposed trash-to-energy incinerator triggered some sharp comments—and an outright threat by the mayor of Auhurn Hills—before being

overwhelmingly approved by the Oakland County Board of Commis-

Obtained Sciency Sciences 2, 200 and 2, 200

2 other incinerators burn Oakland trash

By Pat Murphy staif writer

Besides the proposed trash-to-en-ergy incinerator in Auburn Hills, there are two other inclinerators in Oakland County. One is owned by General Motors at its Truck and Coach plant in Pon-itac where it burns waste and gen-erates steam energy used within the facility.

that where it outside within the facility.

The other is owned by 14 communities collectively known as the Southerst Oxford County Resource Recovery Authority ISOCHRA).

Its member communities are Berkley, Beverly Hills, Birmingham, Clawson, Hazel Park, Ferndale, Huntington Woods, Lathrup Village, Madison Heights, Oak Park, Piecasant Ridge, Royal Oak, Royal Oak, Township and Troy, Until several months ago, SO-CIRA was known as SOCIA (Southeastern Oxkland County Incinerator Authority).

(Southeastern Oakland County Incin-erator Authority).

The new moniker reflects a change in the consortium's overall goal. Instead of merely burning trash from member communities, the consortium is recycling some trash such as household batteries, grass clippings and leaves.

grass chippings and leaves.

UNTIL JULY 1, 1988, the incinerator — located on John R, north of Twelve Mile Road in Madison Heights — had been operating since 1955. It cost about \$16\$ million to build, according to Thomas G. Waffen, the authority's general manager, and shares its 34-acre site with a golf course and buill fields.

The incinerator was shut down in 1988 after state air pollution authorities ruled its emissions didn't meet Michigan's air quality standards.

Waffen said the facility is undergoing about \$50 million worth of resittings to bring it into compliance with emission standards. A teolative

"BUT WE'RE moving too last," he said. "We could burn taxpayers and their children for a long, long time. I feel like we are sheep being led to slaughter." start-up date hasn't been deter-mined, he said. Among the specific points to which commissioners objected was

mined, he said.
When the incinerator is back on line, Waffen said, it will feature state-of-the art technology.
It will also be converted from an incinerator to a 600-ton-per-day.

incinerator to a 600-ton-per-day, trash-to-energy facility, he said. It will continue to incinerate com-munity waste, Waffen explained. But, while burning trash, it will also generate electricity to be sold to De-troit Edison.

INCINERATORS IN the Detroit area have a checkered history. The Central Wayne Sanitation Authori-ty's incinerator in Dearborn Heights is operating again (at least with two of its three furnaces) after a six-year

The authority put \$12 million into refitting the facility to bring its emissions into line with state air pollution standard. Detroit's 24-ton-perday incinerator is getting started after considerable haggling and delay. In 1982, when Oakland County in compliance with Public Act 641 reviewed plans for building incinerators, four others were envisioned, but never built. Those plans called for:

A 1 200-ton-per-day incinerator.

· A 1,200-ton-per-day incinerator

to be built by the county in Pontiac.

• A 150-ton-per-day facility to be built in Rochester near the Park Davis building.

• A 350-ton-per-day inclnerator

built in Rochester near the Park
Davis building.

• A 330-ton-per-day incinerator
near the Ford Notor Company plant
in Wisson.
The Partington Hills

Plans for these facilities were
abandoned because of apposition or
because they were not feasible.

Ditt.

CURLY LAMB COAT w/Tibetan Lamb Accents Another in our Collection of the New Versatile Lengths

> Specially \$497 Cuttle Priced \$497 Saturday Major Credit Cards Accepted

> > ittrich

the unavailability of any appraisal on the 32 acres on which the incin-erator would be built and the negoti-ated purchase price.

The county has an option to pur-chase the property at \$110,000 per acre.

But when it came up for approval at last. Thursday's regular board meeting, commissioners voiced concern, saying they didn't fully understand its provisions and obligations.

"I think we're proceeding too quickly," said commissioner Marilynn E. Gosling, R-Bloomfield Hills. "I think we bould take time to rethink" the contract, she said.

Thomas A. Law, R-West Bloomfield, said he appreciated the efforts of County Executive Daniel Murphy, commission chairman Roy Rewold, R-Rochester, and others who helped negotiate the contract. acre.
Commissioners balked, saying the

Commissioners balked, saying the price is excessive But Corporation Councel Jack C. Hays, who negotiated the agreement, insisted the price was reasonable given the price "wo latility" of land values in the area. "The price of land varies by the minute," he sald.

By a 12 to 11 vote, commissioners postponed a vote on the contract to allow commissioners more time to digest its contents.

Robert W. Grusnick, mayor of Auburn Hills, took the floor and chied commissioners about what he considered their waffiling.

"We negotiated this contract in

good faith and our city council unaminously approved it," Grustick said. "In view of today's vote, I'm going to take it (the contract) back to the council and recommend with-drawat."

DURING A five-minute recess,

DURING A fixe-minute recess, Grusnick privately told reporters the commissioners indecision was "political bulls. ..."

"If they want to solve their waste problems, we'll help," the mayor said. "But we can become NIMBY."

NIMBY, of course, is an acronym for "Not in my back yard," an attitude reflected by residents who outwardly support a project — like a prison, incinerator or landfill — but not in their neighborhoods where their property values might be adversely affected.

During the recess, Rewold chatted with some commissioners who voted

against approving the contract.

He took umbrage, he sald, at Law's reference to commissioners being sheep feel to slaughter.

"It commissioners attended, all their commissioners attended, so their homework," Revolution of their homework, and their contract contains and they would know whe have discussed it at length."

Following the recess, commissioners approved the contract by gar-18 to 4 vote. Volting against it were Law, Gosling, John E. Olsen, P. Huntington Woods and Ruel E. McPherson, D-Hazel Park.

After the meeting, Law privately told reporters he felt Grusnick was "bulfing" when he threatened to recommend withdrawal of the contract.

"That's a sweetheart contract for Abburn Hills." he said.

It begins with the basics, Clinique basics, Your ontimum way to a cleaner fresher outlook. And now's the perfect time to line-tune your Clinique routine, to stock up on all the essentials for your skin, Because this is bonus time at Saks Fifth Avenue's Clinique counter. And that means, right now, with any Clinique purchase of 112 or more, this superb "Start To Finish" beauty bonus is yours at no extra charge.

A fresh start.



Clinique "Start To Finish" bonus with purchase includes: Facial Soap Mild, Stay Beige Stay-True Makeup, Transparency 3 Blended Face Powder, Face Powder Brush, Pink Cream Daily Eye Treat, Glazed Peony Different Lipstick

Somerset Mall, Big Beaver at Coolidge, Troy, Weekdays from 10 am to 9 pm; Saturday til 6 pm; Sunday, 12 to 5:30 pm