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## County's home to 80 percent of metro Jews

## By Pat Murphy staff writer

Statistics showing the area's Jew-isli community thriving — rather than declining, as anticipated — has prompted a warm reaction in south-ern Oakland County where 80 per-cent of them live.

em Gakland Courty where 60 per-ent of them live. "They show that Jews didn't foi-low the lure of the sun belt," said Rabbi Dannel Schwartz, who said bis remple Shir Shalom in West Bloom-field Township has grown from 30 to 50 families in 17 months. Like others in south Oakland Courty, Schwartz was concerned the Jewish population in metropolitan Detroit was on the wane. "When 1 rame here 17 years ago, the Jewish population was about 80,000," he said. "Ten years ago it was down to 70,000."

Schwartz and others say they were heartened by figures released Thurs-day showing the Jewish community to be a larger than expected 96,000



about 76,800 in Oakland

— with about 76,800 in Oakland County. The figures were part of a \$250,000 study commissioned by the Jowish Welfare Federation over an 18-month period to determine living patterns among Jews so their needs could more readily be addressed. The survey, the first of its kind since 1953, shows metropolitan De-troit to be the 10th Jargest Jewish community in the United States and the second in the Midwest, behind Chicago.

THE SURVEY shows that the communities where Lews are mov-ing include: West Bloomfield, with nearly 7,000 homes; Bloomfield Township, less than 4,000 homes; and Farmington Hills, with about 3,000 homes

. The remainder live in a ring around the main communities in-cluding northwest Detroit and Livo-

Irving Schnipper, of Congregation Beth Abraham-Hillel Moses in West Biomfield Township. Jews and others were concerned older communities might decline be-cause of lactors like bilght, the econ-onys, such Schnipper. "But the survey (showing 12.000 Jews in Southfield and 6.700 in Hunt-ington Woods and Oak Park) indi-cates stability," he said. Rabhi Arnie Stautelberg of Con-gregation Shir Tikwah in Troy said he study also showed that about 20 percent of the Jewish community Jewish areas." Woodward Avenue has traditional-by been a kind of demarcation line, Stueuelberg gaid, with dies living on the west side. "Woodward was like

'Woodward was like the railroad tracks. But that's changing.' Rabbi Arnie Sleutelberg

Congregation Shir Tikvah Troy

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ing." Sleutelberg's congregation, for ex-ample, has grown from 96 families to 130 in about 18 months. "That in-cludes some families from Roches-tre."

cudes some families from forches-ter." Further east, 70 families have formed the Grosse Pointe Jewish Council to share and nurture their heritage in an area that traditionally has been regarded as "a stronghold of discrimination."

BIRMINGHAM HASNT tradition-ally been a Jewish stronghold, said Rabbi Daniel Polish of Tempie Beth El at 14 Mile and Telegraph. But its Jewish population is definitely on the upswing, he said. "I think the area is becoming more cosmopolitan and pluralistic."

and when that happens,

such Polisk, "and when that happens, yon see more Jews." And the trend will continue, he sund. "Within the next several years, I think we can expect to see several hundred Soviet Jews more into the area," Polish said. "That presents a percial challenge, and opportunity." Rabbi Schwartz said he was aware of individual pockets of Jewish growth – like near his own temple at Maple and Orchard Lake toads. "But J didn't know there were that area," he said Schwartz sad he assumed Jews

area, 'he said. Schwartz said he assumed Jews are moving to the West Bloomfield area for the same reasons as non-Jews, "As they become more af-fluent, they move to better houses in better areas."

hetter areas." Rabbi Efry G. Spectre of Adat Shalom in Farmington Hills said the inercase of Jewish families in his area is a reflection of demographic trends in most urban areas. "People pust find the suburban life attractive." he said.

Adat Shalom has about 1,250 fami-hes, he said, or about double the number compared with a decade ago. Schwartz and others say it's a toss-up as to whether Jews moved

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into an area — Farmington Hills, Southfield or West Bloomfield — be-cause it has a growing Jewish com-munity and they'd feel comfortable, or if the faith follows the faithful.

"I TRINK It's a chicken-or-the-egg

"I THINK IL's a chicken-or-the-egg situation," he said. While Temple Shir Shalom is new, Schwartz said. Temple Beth El Uwhere he was the senior rabbit and Temple Israel were both located in the downtown Detroit area before moving into south Oakland. "I think we followed the people," he said. Babbi Nermon Borne at March

comme we followed the people." te said. Rabbi Norman Roman of Temple Kol Ami, also in West Bioemfield Township, said Jews moved into the area because a number of Jewish in-stant he sure," has also division in-stant he sure," has also division in-been in the area for about eight years." Rabbi Schwartz soit ha ballawee Rabbi Schwartz soit ha ballawee

ears. Rabbi Schwartz said he believes Rabb) Schwartz said he believes some religious practices contribute significantly to Jewish migration patters. "Ortodox Jews don't ride in cars on the Sabbath or during fos-tivals." He said. "So they must live within walking distance of the syna-gogue or school. "Conservatives can ride, but they tend to go back to their roots. That makes for stability."

