#### CLASSIFIED REAL ESTATE



Thursday, April 12, 1990 O&F

(F)1C

# Glass artisans find diversity fuels business

By Doug Funko staff writer

Laurel Clark and Susan Gossman know all about desk accessories, bookends, picture frames and can-dlesticks made of pieces of glass.

The business partners know about bending large pieces of glass for pro-totype automobiles.

But perhaps best of all, Clark and Gossman, owners of Lumen-Essence in Troy, know about surviving in the business world.

Income statements look good now as the two prepare to launch a line of glass furniture. But it wasn't that long ago, about 4½ years, that their commissioned art studio was going

nowhere fast.

So Gossman, the brains behind the business operation, jumped at the opportunity when she received a call from a General Motors executive from a General Motors executive about making a windshield proto-type. Keep in mind that Lumen-Es-sence had never done it before. "Heck yeah. We thought we could subcontract it," Gossman said. They couldn't.

'We've heen fortunate. It's been like trying to keep our hands on bouncing ball.'

 Laurel Clark business owner

said. "We felt it was kind of a do-or-

said. "We felt it was kind of a do-die situation."
Necessity literally was the mother of their invention. The two learned by doing and by contacting experts in the field, expertencing much failured to the following the first surprise and ordered more work, prompting Clark and Gossman to move to larger quarters in Troy. Other automotive clients soon jumped on board.
Now the two are expanding again, buying a large furnace to manufacture glass furniture.

"EVERYTHING HAS taken off like crazy," said Clark, 34, the cre-ative genius behind the operation. "We've been fortunate. It's been like

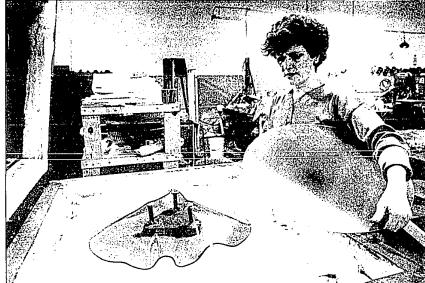
They couldn't.

"THERE ARE other companies that do prototype automotive glass, but for them, it's a real pain in the but," Gossman said. "It costs too much or takes too long." But because the cash advance had been spent, some on back bills, the partners had to do it.

"We mixed our own cement in a true ground to be prototype automotive glass, but for them, it's a real pain in the balance divided between compariners had to do it.

"We mixed our own cement in a true related, 35 percent gift line and the balance divided between compariners had to do it.

"We mixed our own cement in a true trying to keep our hands on bouncing that the trying to keep our hands on the trying to keep our hands of the trying to keep our hands of the trying to keep our hand



A flat, round piece of glass like that held by Laurel Clark, founder of Lumen-Essence, can be transformed into a serving dish through healing and manipulation.

works of art, are referred by Interior designers.

All of the pieces are handmad and one of a kind.

Clark's Interest in the ort was released by a class in stained glass.

Even now, she constantly experiments with new ideas.

"I like the physical end of it producing, designing, making it and teaching others to do it," she said. "I don't draw at all. I think of them (products), then come out and try to make them. It's pretty much anads-on kind of thing."

ate immortality.
"Laurel and I do most of the automotive bending ourselves," Gossman added. "We're training two guys. They do a lot of it, but they're not experienced enough yet to do it all." Both also attribute their company's success to the elforts of all 10 emplayees.

ployees.
"We give them room to create,"

"We give them toom to Some South Solids and Solids Neither are content to rest on past successes. Going into a furniture line will reduce dependence on the autoindustry.

Lumen-Essence also has exclusive distribution rights to a glass adhesive that Clark helped develop. "We focus on different things for different cosons at different times." Clark said. "When there's nothing new going on, I'm bored. I want to go out start a bakery or start another history."

business."
"I like the big deal," Gossman

I things work out as now planned, the partners will consolidate Lumen-Essence operations in larger quarters in five years.

## Taxpayers: It's that time

### Deadline gets closer for last-minute filers

If you're scampering to file your 1989 tax return by midnight, April 16, stop and take a deep breath.

Keep in mind that in the frantic rush to beat the clock, you may make some carcless errors. Before you mail your return, the Michigan Association of CPAs advises taxpapers to review the following list of common last minute mistakes that can result in penalties. Falling to file for an extension. If you are simply unprepared to file a carefully prepared and documented tax return, don't bilindly rush ahead.

You can request a filing extension by submitting form 4646 by April 16. The one-page form requires you to estimate your tax liability for 1989 and pay any tax due.

to estimate your tax liability for 1989 and pay any tax due. By submitting the form, you push the illing deadline to Aug. 15, thus goining an additional four months to prepare and file your tax return. Failing to pay when filing for actension for filing com-While the IRS allows an extension for filing compaid at the time you request an extension for paid at the time you request an extension or you will face interest and possible penalty fees, including an 0.5 percent per month penalty on the net amount of taxes not paid by the due date.

However, the overall penalty cannot exceed 25 percent of the tax due. In addition, the IRS will charge interest on back taxes.

Failing to report a nondeductible IRA contribution

If you made a nondeductible Individual Retirement Account (IRA) contribution for 1989, be sure to also fill out form 8606 and attach it to your return. If you fail to do so, you become liable for a \$50 fine. Forgetting to supply Social Security numbers

On your tax return, you must supply your own Social Security number and the numbers of each dependent who reached age two by Dec. 31, 1899.

Social Security number and this rule refers only to dependent children. In actuality, you must supply a Social Security number for any dependent children or abult you claim, including a spouse or

parent.

If you fail to do so, you will have to pay a \$50 penal-

#### ty. Miscalculating totals

Simple mathematical errors may seem relatively insignificant to you but to the IRS they are red flags pointing the way to a carelessly prepared return.

Miscalculating totals or transposing fligures can draw more attention to your return than you desire.

Aiways double-check your math before signing and mailing your tax return.

Falling to deduct state and local income tax

A good number of taxpayers have the mistaken im-

pression that state and local income taxes are no longer deductible. In states with high tax rates, the misconception may mean losing a legitimate deduction worth thousands.

You can find out how much state and local income tax was withheld from your 1989 salary by checking your W-2 form. In addition, see if you made any payments last April for the balance of your 1988 state and local tax bill. You should also take into consideration any state estimated tax payments made during the year. Those taxes also are deductible on your 1989 return.

return. Deducting reimbursed expenses

If you don't want to get into trouble with the IRS, avoid deducting reimbursed expenses.

For example, Jim's annual medical expenses totaled \$3,700. As he understood the tax law, these expenses were deductible to the extent that they exceeded 7.5 percent of his adjusted gross income (AGI), which was \$36,000. So, on his tax return, he deducted \$1.000.

which was \$36,000. So, on his tax return, he deducted \$1,000.
What Jim falled to take into account was that his insurance company had reimbursed \$3,000 of his medical costs. As a result, Jim could not deduct a single penny of his unrelmbursed medical expenses.

Before you drop your tax return in the mailbox, be sure to carefully review the miscellaneous, medical and casually-loss deductions to account for any expenses reimbursed by your employer or an insurance company.

company. Not taking credit when it's due

Ignorance is not bliss when it comes to tax law. If ou don't know what a tax credit is, it's time to find

out.

A tax credit is far better than a deduction, since it allows you to subtract a specified amount directly from the income tax you would otherwise owe.

Credits are available for qualified dependent care expenses, for the elderly or permanently and otally disabled and for low-income workers who claim one or

disabled and to row-income workers who cann one or more dependents.

If you suspect that you may be eligible for one of these credits, a quick phone call to a CPA may ulti-mately result in significant tax savings Falling to attach proper documentation

Failing to attach the necessary documents to your tax return may very well invite an IRS inquiry. Enclosed with your return should be a W-2 form, which lists your annual wages as well as the amount of taxes paid during the year.

In addition, you may have to attach to your tax return one or more forms, such as Form 828 for deducting noncash charitable contributions of more than

## \$500. Malling an un goed tax return

Even the smallest mistakes, such as forgetting to sign you tax return, can have serious consequences. CP1s warn taxpayers that the IRS may treat unsigned returns as if they had never been filed, as a radult, you could be penalized 5 percent of the net tax are for each month the return is late, with a maximum penalty of 25 percent.

