Going downtown

Districts seen as plus, but not by all

Good downtowns may not raise residential property values. But shoddy downtowns can have a blighting effect on a community. Some cittles nourish their downtowns. Others consider downtown vaguely important but see no need to pamper them.

Those pictures emerge from a survey of editors, city managers and planners in two dozen communities.

DOWNTOWN'S IMPORTANCE

Local governments appear to have four different attitudes toward downtown business districts: 1. Downtowns need city help and promotion.

Downtowns are important focal points for image, cultural activity and attractiveness to residents.
 Downtowns aren't very important for image, cultural activity and attractiveness to residents.

Downtown is a drag on commu-nity resources.

HELP, PROMOTION

Ideally, Birmingham (population 19.997) would like city promotion of 19.997) would like city promotion of its central business district, which provides 30 percent of the property are hase. But City Manager Thomas Markus said it can't be done with current tight budgets. State Sen. Michael Bouchard, Birmingham, is pushing a package of bills to allow local units to make levies on huisers for uromotion.

sirmingham, is pushing a package of bills to allow local units to make lev-les on business for promotion. In Plymouth (9,560), City Manager Steve Walters sald downtown is (1) a source of commerce, (2) an enter-tainment and cultural center and (3) a source of commerce, (2) an enter-tainment and cultural center and (3) a source of taxes. "Business sends your kids to school," he said. Walters' record in "Northville (6,226) and St. Ignace shows he believes in making downtown physically attractive with waterfront promenades, benches, flowers and trees. Southfield (75,262) as 56.7 percent commended to the proposed of the said office, and city hall lets people know who's paying the bills. Minord Rosenthal, director of community relations, said the city:

ommunity relations, said the city:
Produces a videotape which it
plays on cable Ch. 8 7-8 p.m. at budget time and is available to any

group.

• Puts 50 pages of exhibits in its

e Puts 50 pages of exhibits in its budget book.

• Mails a newsletter to residents that includes news of business awell as municipal activity.

Northville has constant events downtown or near it. Some bave a commercial side: the May flower show, "Summer Song" wills must-chare-stroiling-closed-streak, parking lot, the Twol Fater adding the historical society Some are just chie coverns that generate visitors: the Victorian Peacityal walking tours, prades on Memoratal Day and the Pourth, live theater, the annual Blurgrass Pestival, the Santa parade.

parade.
Northville's new city manager,
Gary Word, said a healthy tax base
is 50-50 or 60-40 residential to nonresidential. He said industrial develpment generally has a more posi-ive impact on the local economy

tive impact on the local economy than commercial.

Novi City Manager Ed Kriewali would calculate the importance of downtown (or a mall) by taking the property tax revenue and subtract-

\$75 In Free Kinder-Checks.



Sidewalk sales are a popular summertime event in area down-towns. Rochester sidewalk sales, shown here, draw thousands of shoppers from the tri-county area.

Farmington's downtown, she said, has seen a near-doubling of standard assessed valuation since the DDA began in 1986.

NOT IMPORTANT

The metropolitan view:
Westland (84,724) was incorporated from the remains of Nankin Township after two other cities had taken chunks of it and Livonia threatened to gobble the best of the

rest. 965, Westland's center has been Westland Center (anchored by Hudson's) and the area surrounding it. Despite the lack of a Main Street, city economic development director Scott Veldhuis said, "A stong CBD is generally an indicator of a strong

ing the revenue it would produce if developed for residential. Twelve Oaks alone increased city revenue by 15-20 percent.

FOCAL POINT

In smaller towns and incorporated townships, downlown is important more culturally and esthetically, and there's little talk of municipal pro-

motion.

Northville manager Word said his downtown is more than a commercial or clvic center. Its "quaintness" makes it almost a tourist attraction. "and the people spend money in Northville."

"and the people spend money in Northville."

South Lyon (5,857) City Manager Rodney Cook: "If you don't have a viable, downtown, people don't take pride in (14,00) City Manager Dana Foster, who started last month: "Survey residents who just moved to town or located here for business. If m sure they'd tell you that the fact that Brighton has a lively and attractive downtowa helped convince them to move here. It attracted me."

Sources in this category were fond of sneering, sometimes directly, at Novi with its Twelve Oaks Mail. Their tones of voice equate Novi (32,993) socially with Ecoreo or Zug Island.

But some shopping centers — such as Twelve Oaks and Somerset — generate. more cultural. activities, entertainment and exhibits than dodowntowns.

Rochetter (7,130) City Manager

downtowns

Rochester (7,130) City Manager
Ren Johnson: The economic impact
of the CBD is just not an issue. This
older city's breakdown: 50 percent
residential, 40 percent commercial,
10 percent industrial – indicating
bings are going well without official
attention.

Rochester has used a downtowndevelopment authority since the car-

Rochester has used a downtown, development authority since the early 1980s, capturing a portion fo downtown tases for business development and downtown beautification.

Farmington DDA Director Wendy Strip-Sittsamer said downtowns protie "a central meeting place".

"Downtowns are not just collections of old buildings, they're gathering places for people."

town but lots of businesses. Troy (72,884) realizes their importance as tax generators, particularly for schools. City Manager Frank Ger-stenecker: "If values of a CID re-main constant or decline, the cost of operating achools would also have to decline, or properly taxes would go up."

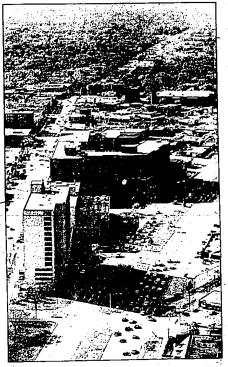
up."

Rochester Hillis (61,766) was incorporated from Avon Township, surrounding the old city of Rochester. Since its 1884 incorporation, it has seen growth no only in industry, but also in strip malls and morn and pop variety stores. Hillis Mayor Billie Ireland sees no direct relationship between the business district and residential district. The farther away the home is from a business, the less the home is affected by business.

Canton Township (57,040), south of Plymouth, has lote of chain firms on Ford Road. Supervisor Tom Yack talks about a "commercial section" rather than downtown. A thriving business section contributes to the image of community and its residential result values, he said.

Beverly Hills (10,610) Village Manager George Majoros said local businesses are few and need little help from local government. Most residents shop on the Southfield Road stirp. In 1987 the Village orchestrated an improvement project on Southfield Road — storm sewers (closing open ditches) and paving the shoulders; a women's club donated \$17,000 for plantings; a special assessment district charges businesses for maintenance.

Biomifield Township (42,473) is 95 percent residential. Supervisor Fred Korson sees the national and state economic climates as more important than local businesses. The township surrounds the cities of Birmingham and Bloomfield Hills.



Downtown Birmingham provides a mix of stores, offices, apartment buildings, restaurants and hotels, helping make Birmingham one of the area's most prostigious mailing address-



'Downtowns are not just collections of old buildings. They're gathering

places for people.'

Wendy Strip-Sittsamer Farmington DDA Director Revitalization is the watchword in downtown Farmington, this photo, taken in 1988, shows workers laying underground wires for new downtown lighting. Farmington, like Rochester, has

adopted a Downtown Development Authority to finance and implement improvements.



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