POINTS OF VIEW

Ideas rain for Northland area's renaissance

wonder what James Mitchell, Alma Turner, Pat Averbuch, Seu Y Liyu and Barry Whitfield thought when they heard last week's announcement that Hudson's will spend major money to renovate its Northland store (as well as stores at Southland, Eastland and Westland) by next fall.

They chose to brainstorm about the lack of a downtown area in Southfield at a recent multicultural community forum focusing on solutions to prob-lems in the Southfield/Lathrup com-munity.

Perhaps they thought, as I did, that Hudson's officials overheard our dis-cussion, which centered on the North-land area that is the cornerstone of Southfield's official Downtown Devel-ormeral Distingt

opment District. Well, no, we didn't say that Hud-son's should move its linens from the fourth floor to the ground floor and ex-

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pand it menswear, women's shoes, ac-cessories and cosmutics. Neither did we say that a candy store should go on the second floor at a mali entrance, that a cosmetics line for black people should get its own fancy sales counter or that a new special events auditorium should be added on the fourth floor. But all those improvements to what has been Hudson's flosship store since the downtown Hudson's closed certain-ly fit in nicely with our ideas on ways to draw people of all ages and back-grounds to the Northland area. Out of our brainstorning came these suggestions: a safe environment; fine restaurant; year-round, changing events for young people, such as the Pi-nocchic holiday exhibit that drew thousands last year and will be repat-ed this year, a major childran's play area where young parents can take a shopping break while their childran run around; a more extensive food run around; a more extensive food



court; a monthly teen night with spe-cial events designed just for them.. We envisioned the ever-vacant old Stouffers building (the former North-land Inn) as a perfect spot to olfer gov-ernmental services, such as a secretary of state's office and a south-end ver-sion of the most-used services of Oak-land County. (Is it really true that the drive to the Pontise county offices to apply and then obtain a marriage li-cense from communities such as

Southfield and Farmington lasts longer than some marriages?) And we know that Oakland Universi-ty is considering branching out — 50 why not an extension in that vacant building? They would join Oakland Cammunity College, which already has Northland campus. We noted with satisfaction that the Millennium Theatre Center, formerly the old Northland Theatre, is opening Wednesday with the world premiere of "Life is a Beach," bringing a needed cultural facet to the area. She's ace, we mused, what's miss-ing? How about a sense of history. The renovation of Hudson's coin-cides with the 40th amiversary of the opening of Hudson's Northland — and of Northland itself — the nation's first suburban shopping mail.

suburban shopping mall. So why should Northland be just an-other compass direction plus "land" — like Westland, Eastland and Souththen it has such a history

Our brainstormers propose it be re-named — the First Mull of America. We'd rather have it be in the same mallpark with the largest mall in the world — the Mall of America outside Minneapolis. And top it off with a mall museum with replicas of famous malls all over ; the world, and explanations of their ar-chitecture, impact and success. Outlandish? Impossible? Remember the rules of brainstorming — the unrestrained offering of ideas by all members of a group to seek solutions to problems. If you'd like to add your ideas, please mail them to me, in care of the Eccen-tric Newspapers, 805 E. Maple, Bir-mingham 48009. They will be forward-d to the Southfield/Lathrup Multicul-tural Coalition. Judith Doner Berne is managing edi-

Judith Doner Berne is managing edi-tor of the Eccentric Newspapers. You can reach her at 901-2563.

Quality districts don't need charter schools

QUESTION: Charter Schools are being touted as one answer for the problems of education. How are they

QUESTION: Charter Schools are being touted as one answer for the problems of education. How are they structured and how successful have they been? What advantage do they have over our present system? ANSWER: The first charter school opened in St. Paul, Minnesota in Sep-tember 1992 (called the City Academy) for 35 inner-city high school "drop-outs." The program was very successful. Some politicians around the coun-try are using this very successful model as the trumpet to demonstrate how well charter schools do and how poor public education is. Oh, by the way... there were four full-time teachers, one teacher aide, volunteer parents, a full-time clerical nide and a part-time psychologist for 35 students in the SL-Paul, Minn. Charter School. Lets see now... that's a class size of about 8.5 students per teacher with a psychologist, clerical and volunteer support. Not bad We'veg class sizes of over 35 kids in many of this newspaper's readership area. Give as a school district with a class size of 8-1 and 1'll come out of relirement.

'At risk' kids Most of the charter schools, to this point, have focused on "at risk" kids, often inner-city children who desper-ately need a highly intensified program with support services. All charter schools seem to have a specific focus. In Minnesota, the birth place of the concept, there are, to name a few, the Metro Deaf School, the New Heights "at risk student" program, in which teachers are paid on a merit system (no contract).

"at risk student program, in which teachers are paid on a merit system (no contract). The first question I have is do quali-ty, high performing school districts re-ally need to break off into a charter system? Many are doing fine, thank you. The focus in regard to charter schools, with its built-in accountabili-y factor (perform or we take the money away from you), seems to have initially been on those districts which have a multitude of racial, violent, social, emotional and learning problems. Wayne State University has a char-ter school which, I must say, is a plus for Michigan. Operating through a na-tionally known quality university with a fine education department is a plus. But if a local school district goes for



a charter school and their classro a charter school and their classrooms are filled to capacity, who is going to pay the rent for an ancillery building , for bringing it up to code...for refurbishing. Districts can't offer much, if money has to be used for buildings, money local school districts get from band issues. Does the local district have to go back to the voters? Wayne State University or a local school district running a program is fine, but opening up charter schools to run could take some watching.

Charter school scams Back in the Kennedy/Johnson era,

huge federal grants were given to pri-vate sector "people" who guaranteed they would raise children's test scores. It was called Performance Contracting. They came into the school, and sup-posedly would train teachers into per-forming miracles with children, i.e. raising test scores by up to 40 percen-tile points within a school year. The score fiasco in money that went direct-ly into their pockets and not into edu-cational programming were legend. There are many questions! If noome states, charter schools can reject and send back those students who do not behave. We are now talking about a private school funded by the state. And guess which school, in this case, will have the higher test scores?

Certification Certification Will non-certified teachers, such as an auto engineer (out of work because he couldn't take the pay cut), turn a high school math program around? Possibly. But because some engineer can design a headlight desn't make him or her a quality teacher. Teaching isetill an or her a is still an art.

■ Will the private sector run schools more business-like? Sometimes busi-ness decisions are not the best deci-sions for children. Schools aren't driv-en by a profit motive by the very fact some children require more, such as special education, etc.

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special education, etc. Every choice option, every gimmick T've seen over the years that tries to re-pair education without addressing the core problems, which are societal, has failed. Adding a few charter schools is not going to do it. But let's give it a try, recognizing that 20 plus or minus charter schools in Michigan are not going to save edu-cation. And let's be honest. All these latter day aslvation-of-education con-cepts have, besides hoping to improve education, one mojor purpose... neu-tralize, right or wrong, the power base of the Michigan Education Association and the National Education Associa-tion.

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