## **Getting the business**

### DDA needs new priorities

ey, readers, thanks a lot!

We asked. . . and you certainly answered. We were just overwhelmed with your response to our informal telephone survey on the Masonic Temple sign that we offered in the March 31 Farmington Ob

We expected a few phone calls on the contr versial green sign that announces the Masonic Temple at Farmington Road and Grand River in downtown Farmington. What we got was a veritable Niagara of opinion — at least 40 calls

Your comments filled three quarters of a

Your comments filled three quarters of a newspaper page (it was page 8A in case you missed it) in the Monday, April 4, Observer, And, my, didn't you trash that sign with its butterfly, grasshopper and frog in a marshy set-ting. Of the 40 calls, only two were pro-sign. The others asked how the Downtown Development Authority and the city could have allowed such an ugly thing to be erected within the confines of beautiful downtown Farmington.

Well, this sign flap started us thinking about the Farmington DDA and its role in the com-munity. We guess we share readers' concerns about the sign and downtown Farmington in

We don't wish to belittle the DDA or its current director, Judy Downey. Since its inception about seven years ago, the DDA has done some excellent work in remaking downtown Farming-

However, we do feel that the DDA needs some new priorities now. It's time to stop attempting to fix what isn't broken (the Masonic Temple corner) and start trying to repair what is (down-town's economic climate).

ough with the fancy signs, the 100-pound pumpkins and the go-cart races. Let's have

some going businesses in the vacant storefronts.

They stick out like sore thumbs . . . those vacant storefronts on one of Farmington's main

In case anyone hasn't noticed, Cargo Express has left its huge quarters on Farmington Road in a hurry and a huff, and Ray Interiors just down the street also has expired, or will as soon as its liquidation sale is over.

There are other vacancies, both in the strip
malls (an unfortunate fact of life in downtown Farmington) and on the main drags. It is this problem — vacancies — that the DDA needs to

The DDA, the city, the Chamber of Comnerce and, yes, even the Realtors and landlords must work together to get as much business as

possible downtown.

Most people understand that the economic salvation of a small, suburban downtown like Farmington's lies with the small business peo-ple, the so-called entrepreneurs. Let's have a concerted effort to make it as

easy and pleasant as possible for such people to be in business in downtown Farmington. Please, don't make them jump through hoops with nagging sign ordinances, unrealistic rents and other restrictions.

and other restrictions.

City planners tell us that downtowns are becoming increasingly popular places to shop, vist and live. After years of, ah, mall-sise, the old-fashioned downtowns are making a comeback.

People — especially those who live in subdivision cities like Farmington Hills and Livonia — are looking for a point of identity and a sense of community that are no offen associated with

of community that are so often associated with

of thousands in this area. But for how long will that continue without the economic vitality?

# ARKIE HUDKINS HUDY INSO Workout For Hope Apr. 16th (AIDS Research) Price For The Cure Apr. 9th The MS Valle Apr. 10th

### **LETTERS**

### It's not a good road

ello, my name is Abbey Cullen. I'm 12 years old and love to go to the Twelve Oaks Mall in Novi.

When we drive there, we take Halsted to 12 Mile Road. Twelve Mile is under construction. This has become very hazardous for drivers. My friend and 1 almost got into an accident at one of the tight bends. That also happened with my parents.

of the tight bends. I not also helps.

I know that this road is connected to the new freeway that is being built. On 12 Mile, where it is under construction, there are a lot of potholes as big as a car tire. So if anyone happens to be driving at night, they may not see the hole and drive right into it, and damage the car.

I don't want to be an enviro-freak, but a lot of trees were taken out on this road. Trees used to be there and also numerous homes. Many of those houses are being sold or are already destroyed.

those houses are being sold or are already de-stroyed. I think we're doing the right thing about I think we're doing the right thing about building a new and bigger road, but people are losing their homes and so are the animals. With potholes, people will get into accidents. People might lose their lives. This good will homefully be better than it is

it lose their lives. is road will hopefully be better than it is

State sets example

Abbey Cullen, Farmington Hills

# Parks need untouchable fund

ichigan has a chance to rescue one of its greatest treasures — its parks system — from a future of continual neglect that

Irom a luture of continual neglect that might never be reversed.

The 75-year-old parks system, which has provided recreation opportunities to millions of residents and tourists, has been the vicifin of declining money. That has translated into higher fees but fewer park workers and less money to maintain the grounds.

Legislators have been working on a ballot

Legislators have been working on a ballot proposal to change the state constitution that would create an endowment fund for the parks and prevent diversion of money from the Natural Resources Trust Fund for other uses.

The trust, started in 1982, is funded by revenue from oil and gas found on stace land. But that money in the past has been raided for other projects, including balancing the state budget.

The constitutional amendment would end that practice, creating an endowment fund of \$20 million a year specifically for the 100-park system. In a few years interest from the fund could be used to improve parks, better staff them and buy other land to further enhance and protect the existing parks.

them and buy other land to further enhance and protect the existing parks.

The fund would ease the budget burden while adequately providing money for a resource that can't be replaced once it is lost.

State appropriations for the parks shrank from 70 percent to 30 percent of the system's budget, and user fees made up some of the difference. But the parks have had to run on ever leaver budgets at the same time many parks are leaner budgets at the same time many parks are

verused or in disrepair.

Private interests wouldn't be expected to hire

wildlife biologists, naturalists and the other professionals needed to maintain a top flight park system. It is the state's responsibility to protect this resource, especially because tourism is our second biggest industry.

Some critics in the Legislature have said their constituents don't use the parks and derive little benefit. But whether you use them or

not, they attract tourism, which brings a lot of money to the state, and the parks ensure that generations to come will be able to enjoy the

The constitutional amendment would simply use money from natural resources taken from state land to protect and preserve that very land. It is not an added tax. Interest from the fund would eventually provide operating money for the parks system.

The endowment fund has support from the Michigan United Conservation Club and many recreation professionals statewide.

Local units of government can provide many recreational activites, but for the most part, they do not have the means to provide the kind of recreation the state parks service can.

Although Wayne and Oakland County com munities provide active recreation parks, residents have to rely on metro parks and nearby state parks that are heavily used and understaffed if they want to go to beaches, wooded trails or winter recreation areas.

The endowment fund would relieve that pressure on parks and protect the future of this great resource from the whims of state legislators looking for money for other projects

### dent the lower income tax and better overall

balance of taxation will keep our economic re-covery rolling and encourage job growth — which is good for everyone. But let me say this: Proposal A's passage does not mean lawmakers can sit back and re-lax. Though we have climbed a better part of the mountain, we still have a distance to hike to bring Michigan to the top of the nation — and the world.

bring Michigan to the top of the matton — and the world. We must now focus our attention on issues of school quality, welfare reform, anti-crime legis-lation and limited government growth.

We did accomplish some noteworthy educa-tion reforms throughout this process, including the passage of charter school legislation. But because we concentrated heavily on fully fund-ing schools, we put some quality issues on hold. Now is our time to finish the job.

Another top priority is further welfare reform. We have made terrific strides in this area in the past three years, though there is more we can do to help those dependent on the state to become self-reliant. As many state and national leaders have noted, welfare was designed as a temporary safety net, but has unfortunately evolved into a hammock because of a lack of incentives. We will concentrate on broadening education and job training programs.

Michigan lawmakers also hear and share peo onemgan nawmasers and hear and share peo-ple's concern with increasing violent crime, and we plan to do all we can to make our streets safer. On the front burner are truth-in-senten-ing and sentening-guidelines proposals which will ensure convicted offenders serve the sen-tence they earn and desapers. We have also astence they earn and deserve. We have also con-tinually supported legislation increasing the rights of crime victims, enhancing their notifi-cation, protection and restitution of rights.

And because I have seen the rewards, I will continue to fight for tax cuts and fairer taxation. In the past three years, we have cut taxes six times and consistently limited government growth. As a result, our unemployment rate has fallen below the national severage for the first time in 25 years and more people are working in this state than ever before. Plus, our state will enjoy a \$315 million surplus this year, in contrast to the \$1.9 billion deficit we inherited in 1990.

Michigan has set a positive example for the rest of the country in more ways than one. If we continue on our current path, I am confident we will continue to serve as a national role model.

Sen. Dick Posthumus, senate majority lender

Opinions are to be shared: We welcome your ideas, as do your neighbors. That's why we offer this space on a weekly basis for opinions in your own words. We will help by editing for Learly. To assure authenticity, we ask that you sign your letter and provide a contact telephone number. Letters should be malled to: Editor, The Farmington Observe, 2 1898 Farmington Road, Farmington 48336.

### COMMUNITY VOICE

**OUESTION:** w will the Tigers do this son?

We asked this question at the A&W restaument. Youch of Spring cleaners and Beaux Blooms florist in the Fannington shopping plaza





ing seems a little better. Offense is





# 'Not very well. There's a real

# or more than 20 years, Michigan leaders have made education reform and cutting property taxes the first two items on their priority lists. Looking back to the early 1970s, we find former Gov. Bill Milliken in his first State of the State address citing education reform as the Legislature's top priority. In that same address, he called upon the Legislature to examine the heavy property tax burden, saying: "The tax burden on the individual now approaches the limits of tolerance." Even with all of this attention, these issues had always evaded a real solution. In 1993, the state Legislature rose to the occasion and voted to wipe out properly taxes as a way of funding schools. Six months and many meetings later, on the cwo of Christmas, we hammered out a deal that offered Michigan citizens two different options: a ballot and a back-up plan. Both fully funded schools and cut properly taxes, but only one was wholly good for the state and its residents. Recently, Michigan voters made a most historical decision by overwhelmingly voting "yes" on Proposal A. By doing so, they have real-firmed a commitment to schoolchildren, taxpayers and job providers. Proposal A was the best choics for this state; really, the only choice. As a father of four children who attend public schools, I believe the proposal's constitutionally guaranteed funding level for public school-children is a key component of the plan. So is the fact that our schools will be equitably and fully funded in the coming years. As a taxpayer and a homeowner, I am looking forward to significantly lower properly taxes, with my assessments capped each year at 5 percent or inflation, whichever is lower.

The Farmington Observer

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