TASTE



CHEF LARRY JANES

Specialty birds get highest marks in poll

ow that I think back on it, we were born and raised on chicken and ground stew beef, except of course, on Fridays when we ats macaroni and cheese.

For all around cooking, you just can't beat a good ground atewing beef, and it's savailable just about anywhere. But when it comes to making great chicken, some of the birds I've purchased at my local grocery store left much to be desired. In September, "Cook's Magazine conducted a very unscientific test on America's number one meat. Chicken is numero uno because consumption has doubled over the past 20 years. Each and every man, woman and child in the U.S. eats somewhere's in the neighborhood of 70 pounds of chicken per year. What "Cooks" did was pit four of the top-selling supermarket chickens gagnist some of the most widely available premium chickens.

You guessed it, out of a field of nine entries, the supermarket chickens took fifth, sixth, eight and ninth place.

and minth place.

Premium chickens
The top four birds were specialty brands. "Because chicken is so perishable, until fairly recently it was a local product" and Jack Bishop the author of the article, who along with some of hobest known chefs and foodies in the country, judged the contest.

For the uninitiated, what makes a poor-tasting chicken deals with everything from the feed it is fed to their temperature after processing and during shipping. When a bird is rushed to market the way the "hig boys" du it to keep costs down, the consumer usually suffers the consequences. But what makes a really great chicken?
The folks at Bell & Evans (rated numero uno by the taste testers at "Cooks"), says that in addition to formulating the best feed, Bell & Evans ships their chickens loose on ice in 40 pound boxes and not prewrapped.

ships their chickens loose on ice in 40 pound boxes and not prewrapped.

The folks at the oldest chicken company in America claim that problems begin to arise when prewrapped birds cannot "weep" - a natural process whereby blood and fluids slowly drain from the birds. Problems in taste and texture happen when the bloods and fluids from the birds coagulate and freeze in the chicken, something you can actually taste when comparing chickens.

Taste comparison

Taste comparison

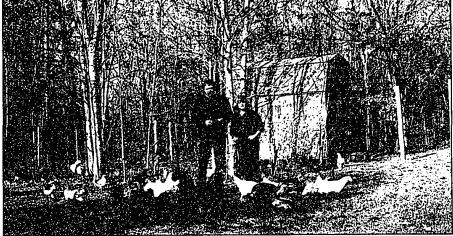
I located one of their highly touted birds and put it up next to a whole chicken from a metro Detroit grocery store that cost only 50 cents per pound. The differences in appearance, toxture, taste and aroma were astunding. Bell & Evens chickens, priced at about \$1.59 per pound are swallable locally at Byrds and Martin's Butcher Block in Livenia, and at the Long Lake Market in West Bloomfield.

The chicken receiving second place honors went to the folks at Empire Kosher who market a fresh young broiler at about as at all Shopping Center Market Bouther at about the Long Lake Market in Vest Bloomfield and the Long Lake Market in Center Market Bouthief at About 18 thoughing Center Market Bouthief at Long Lake Market in Center Market Bouthief at Market Bloomfield at the Center Market Bouthief and the West Bloomfield center Market Bouthief Mext Bloomfield with the Center Market Bouthief Mext Bloomfield center Market M

LOOKING AHEAD

et to watch for in Taste next week! ood is an important part of the "Postival of

of Larry James takes the worry out of cook-hanksgiving dinner.



On the farm: Christopher and Trizi Schmitt of Farmington Hills with a flock of chickens at the farm in Milford. They purchased the Frankenmuth Poultry Co. in April. Company hatches

The Frankenmuth Poultry Co. is a family-owned business. Their chickens

BY BRIAN LYBAGIRT

From his office window in Mil-ford, Christopher Schmitt can look outside to see a flock of his chick-

are grown naturally on family-owned farms.





gathers for Sunday dinner, (left to right) Sandra Schmitt, her

in the country. Its output of 6,000 chickens a week compares to industry-leader Tyson, which produces over 20 million per week.

The secret, said Schmitt and the

The secret, said Schmitt and the company's marketing director, Joe Bosso, is in the feed. It includes a molasses-based product, along with corn, cracked soy and alfalfa.

"We don't use any antibiotica, bormones or meat by-products," said Bosso. The drugs are used by many farms to produce a meatier and healthier chicken faster.

Frankenmuth Poultry chickens are raised on farms within 30 miles of the plant and are "free range" birds - though they live indoors on concreto floors they can walk outside.

Frankenmuth Poultry's feed

Frankenmuth Poultry's feed produces a less-fatty bird. The

chickens are grown slower - eight weeks compared to the 38 to 42-day average elsewhere in the in-

dustry.

We're the only ones in the U.S.

where the only ones in the U.S. where you can see 'extra-lean' on the label," said Schmitt. "That's of 54 poultry processing plants."
Schmitt bought the farm from Les Dale who experimented on feed improvements as part of his doctorate studies in poultry science at Michigan State University. Dale, who earned his doctorate degree in poultry science from MSU has over 15 years experience. Dale produced a feed that lowered a chicken's body fat to less than 10 percent. The Schmitta, with help from Dale, lowered that to less than five percent.

from Dale, lowered that to less than five percent.
The chickens taste better and are more healthy, Schmitt said. It produces less grease on the barbeue or in the oven, Bosse said. The challenge is to make their chickens available to more consumers and to make some money doing it.

"They taste different altogether than the chicken you're used to, said Tom Shather, 67, who runs the meats counter at The Rondside Market in Plymouth. "These taste like the chickens I used to have when I was a kid, and I'm almost 70."

Shather said his store sells

to right) serves Shrimp Au Gratin to her hungry family, daughter, Melissa Lenzer,

Kevin Henderson (Melissa's fiancee) and husband Bob

Court reporter lays down the law for dinner

BY RENER BEOGLUND SPECIAL WRITER

SUPER' SUPPERS Bob and Debbie Beebe of Can-ton measure their commute to work in feet rather than miles. They each have offices in their home. Debbie is a freelance court reporter, and Bob is a veteran sales manager for Alberto Cul-ver.

resporter, and Bob is a veteran sales manager for Alberto Culver. I go the basement at 9 a.m. and come up at 6 p.m., said Bob, who spends half of his time of the read, servicing accounts in Michigan, Indiana and Ohio. The bbis goes to her office at 9 a.m. and comes out at around 4 p.m. to start dinner. "Five. I usually come out at 5 p.m.," Debbis corrects. She acknowledges the advantages of freelancing out of her home. Tean knock off a bit earlier, come in the kitchen and start something, then go back to my office," abe said.

However, like her husband, Debbis class spends time on the read." There are many long afternoons spent in lawyers' offices taking depositions. It's not a set achedule, "the said.

The Besbos are a blended family, with two out of their four avoid thinkings in the read of the property of the second of the come together at seating adaptive, Melissa Lannare, is a 21-year-old sender from a year's teaching assignment in France.

Bob's son, Steven, also 21, is a competitive weightiliter and senior at Eastern Michigan University, Although members of the Beebe housdrive to come together at the dinner hour - when-



"Sometimes we might not eat until seven o'clock, but I feel it's an important thing for a family to sit down and eat together, We've done that since we got married," said Debbie.

She usee only fresh ingredients, doesn't prepared and froeze any dishes shoed of time, and solden uses a Crock-Pot. What's her working woman's secret to producing well-belanced weekday dinners?

"There's no way to say how I manage," ahe said. "I just do if. When I get home from work, I make dinner. When dinner is ready, we cat."

The Beebes have a business agreement when it

comes to preparing the main meal: "She cooks, and I clean," said Bob. "Ninety-nine point nine percent of the time, Bob does the clean-up," Deby the confirms.

percent of the time, and the time of the confirms.

However, shopping is 100 percent Debbie's responsibility. She limits it to once every two weeks.

"I write a grocery list. I have a menu plan for the following two weeks. I get exactly what I need and hope I don't have to ge back in between."

A key strategy to providing a daily family din-