The Farmington Enterprise

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FARMINGTON - - MICHIGAN

NEWS OF A WEEK IN CONDENSED FORM

RECORD OF MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS TOLD IN BRIEFEST MANNER POSSIBLE.

AT HOME AND ABROAD

Happenings That Are Making History —Information Gathered From All Quarters of the Globe and Given in a Few Lines.

Washington

The Democratic majority in the national house of representatives adopted a legislative program designed to limit the activities of the extra session to such questions as popular election of senators, Canadian reciprocity, tariff revision, investigation of governmental departments, congressional reapportionment, statehood and Arizona and New Mexico, general deficiency appropriation, District of Columbia legislation and publicity of campaign contributions.

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Joseph G. Cannon definitely announced his intention not to seek the Republican leadership in the next house of representatives, stating that he would not be a candidate for the minority nomination for the speakership.

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A new weapon is being forged out of the government's experiences in dealing with monopolies of trade and combinations of capital, which it was learned Attorney General Wickersham hopes to present to congress in the belief that it will be incorporated into law.

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A flat denial was made of the report from Springfield, Ill., that the president had joined with Senator Aldrich in urging the election of William Lorimer to the United States senate. Edward Hines, the millionaire lumberman of Chicago, testified that Senator Aldrich had told him President Taft was anxious to have Lorimer elected.

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Domestic

Charges of burglary were filed against James O'Callaghan, a deputy county treasurer; Al Rhodes and James Anderson, three of seven suspects arrested following an attempt to dynamite the vault in the county treasurer's office at Des Moines, Ia., in which $100,000 had been placed.

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As a culmination to the riotous conditions that have existed in Muscatine, Iowa, on account of the button factory strike, Mayor W. S. Hill was assaulted by five unknown men, believed to be strike sympathizers.

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Ten thousand fuel oil heaters were distributed over 340 acres in a Hutchinson (Kan.) orchard during the recent cold snap. They raised the temperature ten degrees and saved the apple crop.

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Proceedings by the department of justice against the Pennsylvania railroad and other railroads, and individuals on charges of operating a combination to control the bituminous coal supply of the United States, in violation of the anti-trust law, are said to be contemplated.

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By a vote of 112 to 114 Democratic members of the legislature Supreme Court Justice James Aloysius O'Gorman of New York was elected United States senator on the sixty-fourth ballot to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration of the term of Chauncey M. Depew. Mr. Depew received 80 Republican votes.

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Wallace Rogers, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Rogers, Jr., of East Las Vegas, N. M., and grandson of H. L. Waldo, a Kansas City millionaire, was stolen at midnight from his mother's arms at the point of revolvers of masked men. Twenty-four hours after he disappeared he was returned to his parents. A ransom of $12,000 was first paid. Four men are believed to be involved in the kidnaping.

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Drastic action was taken by Postmaster Hitchcock in effecting a reorganization of the railway mail service. A row of a dozen of changes of the most important offices in the service were made by Mr. Hitchcock as a result of a long and careful investigation and thorough consideration.

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The debating team of the Creighton university law department defeated Loyola college of Chicago, at Omaha. The subject was "Resolved, That the National Resources Should Be Left to the States Rather Than to the United States."

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Prosecutor Garvin of Jersey City will try to have that city and New York get together in an effort to prohibit the storage of explosives in upper New York harbor. He says the Statue of Liberty is in danger of destruction.

The jury in the case of Richard B. Stack, wealthy Escanaba (Mich.) lumberman, charged by his former wife, Mrs. Orion Allen Burbank of Los Angeles, Cal., with kidnaping their little son, John King Stack, from the Vroman apartments at St. Louis, January 14, 1910, returned a verdict of acquittal and Stack was discharged.

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Select Councilman James Elery Byram of Philadelphia introduced a bill in the upper branch of the municipal council making it a criminal offense for a woman to appear in the streets in one of the new harem skirts.

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Fears are entertained for Capt. Elmer Mikkelsen and Engineer Iversen, who, after having been rescued on the coast of East Greenfield last year, left their party to search for traces of the lost explorer, Erichsen.

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Four thousand union carpenters at St. Louis struck because of the refusal of a demand for an increase of five cents an hour in wages.

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Following the refusal of Herman H. Kohlsaat, publisher of the Chicago Record-Herald, to divulge the source of his information that an alleged fund of $100,000 was raised to aid in the election of Senator Lorimer, the committee investigating bribery at Springfield, Ill., perfected plans for arraigning Mr. Kohlsaat before the bar of the senate.

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Directors of the Panama-Pacific Exposition company telegraphed to President Taft asking that the federal fine arts commission go to San Francisco to aid them in settling the question of a site for the world's fair in 1915.

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Called as the first witness by the Illinois senate bribery investigating committee, Edward Hines, the Chicago lumberman, declared in the midst of his testimony that he was approached by Senator Aldrich with a request from President Taft that he urge William Lorimer to be a candidate for senator.

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Because he never goes out nights and could not think of changing his habits, J. D. Peeples, a druggist of Rosedale, Kan., a suburb of Kansas City, refused to accept the nomination for mayor.

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Personal

Mrs. Mary Adelaide Yerkes, widow of Charles T. Yerkes, traction magnate, died in her home in Madison avenue, New York city. The immediate cause of her death was dropsy, due to heart trouble.

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Paul Sorg, well-known amateur whip, started to drive a four-in-hand coach from New York to San Francisco.

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Michael Halapy and Joseph Poggalini, both of Pittsburg, Pa., have been appointed editor and business manager, respectively, of the United Mine Workers' Journal.

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Dr. Clarence H. Burton of Detroit believes he has discovered a serum for the cure of locomotor ataxia.

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Commander Robert E. Peary was commissioned a civil engineer with the rank of rear admiral, in accordance with the act of congress passed at the last session. The appointment is to date from April 6, 1909, the day he reached the north pole.

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Foreign

Thirty-four rebels were killed and scores were wounded in a clash between a detachment of 350 federal soldiers and 150 insurrectos at Aldama, Mexico. The insurrectos are said to have been shot down like rabbits in a running fight following a surprise attack by the federals.

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The principle of no re-election for the president and other executive functionaries and an effective reformation of the electoral laws, were conceded in the message of President Diaz to the Mexican congress. Reforms touching the power of local authorities, the judiciary and rural estates were also promised.

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The Spanish ministerial crisis, which appeared fraught with the greatest possibilities, seems to have ended as abruptly as it began. King Alfonso received Senor Canalejas and requested him to continue in power. The premier agreed on condition that he be permitted to make such changes in the cabinet as he deemed necessary. To this the king readily assented.

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The German government's direct cable line from Emden, Germany, to Pernambuco, Brazil, by way of Monrovia, Liberia, has been opened.

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The most important battle of the Mexican insurrection in the state of Sonora is ended after two days of stubborn fighting, which began near the towns of Ures and San Rafael. More than 100 were killed on both sides.

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Lord Strathcona, lord high commissioner from Canada to the British crown, has accepted the honorary chairmanship of the western committee of the Canadian Y. M. C. A., and makes a gift of $150,000 for Y. M. C. A. buildings in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

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Discussing the proposed extension of international arbitration in the German reichstag, Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg classed universal arbitration and universal disarmament as ideals impossible of realization.

THE THINGS DONE AT STATE CAPITOL

A SPECIAL COMMITTEE IS NOW INVESTIGATING THE KALAMAZOO INSANE ASYLUM.

IT IS CHARGED THAT MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF CONTROL HAVE BEEN SELLING SUPPLIES.

The Tonnage Tax Bill Is Apparently Dead Once More. Senator Moriarity Led Fight Against It.

By Toby Candor.

Kalamazoo insane asylum is the latest institution to be placed under fire. Charges have been made to the effect that the members of the board of this institution have been either directly or indirectly selling supplies and material to the institution contrary to the law. It is charged that exorbitant prices have been placed upon these materials and that the conduct of the institution has been extravagant in general. It is charged that one department's expenses have increased from $50 a month to $172 and that funds have been juggled and used for purposes other than those for which they were appropriated.

As a result of these charges on motion of Rep. Yaple of Kalamazoo, a special committee of investigation has been named consisting of Reps. Reynolds, Dusenbury, Leonard, Dunn and Glasner has been appointed to make a thorough probe of the situation.

Once more is the tonnage tax bill apparently dead. It came from the committee of the Senate where it was supposed to have been definitely buried after its passing the House but with a recommendation that it do not pass. On the floor of the Senate it was fought hard with Senators Moriarty, Fowle, James and Collins speaking against it. Senator Moriarty moved that further consideration of the bill be indefinitely postponed and this carried by a vote of 19 to 13. Of course under this motion it may be taken up again but this is hardly likely in view of the heavy vote against it and the bill will probably not be heard of again this session.

Veterans of the Mexican and Civil wars and their widows will be exempted from taxation to the amount of $1,000 on their assessed valuation provided their property is not valued at more than $3,000 if the amended Holcomb bill which has passed the House also passes the Senate. This bill had a somewhat checkered career in the House and as originally introduced provided that veterans should not be exempt at all. Attempts were made to defeat it with amendments but they all failed except this one which does make the exemption and which passed the House.

The Ashley fraternal insurance bill in which every Maccabee, Woodman and other member of fraternal insurance societies are interested has been made a joke. The bill as presented provided for the raising of the rates of all such societies to a uniform standard approved by the National Fraternal Congress. It was fought bitterly by the membership of the Woodmen in particular, although the head camp approved it. Attempts to kill the bill failed but when it came up on third reading an amendment was tacked on which provides that the various societies must, within six months by referendum decide whether they will accept its provisions or not. As they may do that now without the bill at all it is manifest that a farce the whole thing is. The referendum in this case reduced the bill to 29 pages of words meaning nothing.

Whether it is that the people of the state do not appreciate the work of the firemen or merely that Michigan is too penurious to recognize their worth by caring for them after they have been injured or worn out in the service is a question but the Kerns' bill providing for pensions for firemen, after being once killed and then revived in the form of a joint resolution by which with it was expected to place the proposition before the people of the state for a referendum vote, is killed again. The joint resolution came from the committee without recommendation and an attempt to place it in the general order where the House might give it careful consideration was voted down.

Senator Walter is making a hard fight against one provision of the Watkins game law bill which provides that all persons using a gun shall pay an annual hunter's license of one dollar and must go to the county seat to secure the license. He holds that the farmer boy or the farmer who wishes to hunt on his own property or in the immediate vicinity should be permitted to do so without the expense of traveling to the county seat to say nothing of the license fee charged. The bill has passed the Senate but Senator Walter proposes fighting it out in the House and has a considerable number of persons lined up to help him knock out this provision there.

Rep. Haviland has introduced a bill to protect the health, lives and interests of the salt miners.

High schools, the pupils of which in Centennial year sent exhibits of their handiwork to the Philadelphia exposition are to receive the bound volumes of these exhibits back again. For 35 years they have been stored in the State library but now the librarian has called attention to them and also to the fact that she has no chance to display them properly while the boards of education of the cities which sent exhibits are asking they be returned. A resolution to this effect has passed.

The Rankin bill which prohibits secret societies in the public schools which passed the House and upto now has been pigeonholed in the committee on the Senate is to be acted upon by the Senate. Senator Frank Newton declares if the committee will not report the bill out he will introduce a similar one himself and force action upon it. With some of the strongest men in the Senate back of the bill it seems to have a good chance of passing.

The old law which was supposed to make life in the woods safer by making it a felony and the crime of manslaughter to shoot a man for a deer while in the woods will be repealed. The bill introduced by Rep. Emerson to this effect has passed the House and will without doubt pass the Senate. In favor of repealing the act it is shown that many a man slightly wounded is left to bleed to death or die of exposure because the man who shot him is afraid and runs away.

Rep. Ogg has introduced his resolution providing for the annulment of the present prison contracts regardless of the result of the action as to throwing the state into a law suit with the contractors. Every person who has inspected the prisons for any reason declares the contract system is wrong and a detriment to the welfare of the prisoners. It is through these contracts that much of the dope is smuggled into the prisons and that raises havoc with the discipline of the institutions. The present contracts have several years yet to run but Rep. Ogg and the governor both believe it is time to knock them out regardless of the suit that may follow.

Rep. Dusenbury desires that the boy arraigned in juvenile court shall have the same opportunities as the man arraigned in a police or justices court. He has therefore introduced a bill which gives to the boy the right of appeal from the decision of the juvenile court to the circuit court. As the law now stands the youngster has no appeal and the decision of the juvenile court is final.

Rep. Verdier's bill which provides that all fruits, vegetables and berries must be sold in standard measures and plainly stamped as to what they profess to hold is being bitterly fought by the commission men who declare it is impossible for them to do business with other states and other nations who send their product to Michigan in packets not claiming to be any particular measure but merely a package. The bill was fought hard on the floor of the House in committee of the whole but passed with a big vote back of it.

With the date of adjournment drawing very near the House and Senate are both showing great signs of animation. They begin work in the morning and keep it up until late at night taking but an hour or so for meals. The committees of the House are working overtime and each day a big raft of bills are reported out and go up in the general order. As a result of this the general order of the House has been carrying from 40 to 100 bills almost every day and several times within the last week the legislature has been in session for a full 13 hours. Even this sudden burst of energy, however, seems unlikely to bring about a result by which adjournment will be possible on April 19. The appropriation bills have not yet been touched.

Rep. Copley has introduced a bill which should be of great benefit in cases of automobile accidents or accidents due to the smash up of other vehicles. It provides that in cases of accident assistance must be rendered and a penalty is provided for the person who does not give whatever aid is possible. This will do away to some extent at least with the present situation when an automobile injures anybody it is quite often the case that the driver will speed up and go away as fast as he can.

Senator Taylor has introduced a bill asking for an appropriation of $2,400 for the publication of 400 copies of the forty-six volume sets of military records of Michigan's veterans of the civil war, and providing for their distribution among the public school and other libraries of the state. The governor, the state librarian and the board of regents of the University of Michigan are given charge of the distribution.

Senators Moriarity and James want to regulate long distance telephone and telegraph toll by state laws. Moriarity has introduced a bill making the following maximum rates for long distance telephone service in the state: For three-minute conversations, one-half cent a minute for each mile, and one-quarter of a cent per mile for each minute over the three-minute mark; messages covering a distance of 25 miles or less shall not exceed 10 cents for three minutes; messages covering between 25 and 50 miles shall not cost more than 20 cents for a three-minute talkfest.

A bill introduced by Senator James makes the following rates for telegraph service in the state: 25 cents for every 10 words, and two cents for every word over 10 in a message transmitted during the day time; for night messages, 25 cents for 50 words, and five cents for every 10 extra words.

Senator Mapes backed by the Grand Rapids board of trade is seeking to knock out the trading stamp practice in Michigan. He has introduced a bill in the senate prohibiting the use of trading stamps and the bill seems likely to pass both houses without opposition.

Senator Foster wants the trees lining the public highways in cities looked after by a commission. A bill he introduced provides for the appointment of a shade tree commission in cities. In larger municipalities, the park and boulevard department can be named as the commission, if it is so desired.

STATE NEWS

Ithaca.—The supreme court has just handed down an opinion affirming the conviction of George Sharrar. Sharrar is a druggist of Alma, and in the regular course of his prescription trade compounded a prescription consisting of eight ounces of whisky and ten grains of quinine. This prescription was written by Dr. Snydam, a reputable physician of Alma, for a man named Oberlin, who was a prosperous and substantial farmer of Gratiot county and a stranger to Sharrar. The physician made a prescription after an examination of Oberlin, who was sick at the time, and Sharrar filled the prescription in good faith.

Ann Arbor.—Mary J. Hotchkiss of Ypsilanti has begun suit in the circuit court against the Weinmann Mathews Drug company, Ypsilanti, claiming $3,000 damages. She alleges that the defendant company made a mistake in filling a prescription for her, giving her tartar emetic for cream of tartar; that the emetic made her very sick, and that she is still suffering from the effects. She states that the alleged mistake was made July 27, 1910.

Adrian.—Ed. Clark, a farmer living one mile south of Sand Creek, was struck and instantly killed by a Wabash train. He was driving to his home near the crossing and met his death within a stone's throw of his own house. His horse was killed and the buggy in which he was driving was totally wrecked. The man's body was taken into the baggage car and brought to Adrian, where the inquest was held.

Grand Rapids.—The interjection of a monster petition signed and being circulated by the business men of the city, demanding that the Furniture Manufacturers' association arbitrate the demands of the 20,000 furniture workers, was the feature of the impending strike situation here. Both sides are resting on their oars until Monday, when 5,000 carpenters will walk out.

Marquette.—"Do I intend to resign? Why, I haven't thought of resigning. No one has suggested that I should resign and I know no one who wants me to resign except a few enemies," said Warden James Russell at the prison, when asked as to his intention in view of the retirement of his brother, William Russell, from the superintendency of the overall contract.

Lansing.—Edward C. Koester, alleged to have forged a check and passed it on the Capitol National bank of this city, besides a pay check of his brother August, made a signed confession and waived examination when arraigned in justice court on a charge of forgery. Koester was unable to furnish a bond of $500 and was bound over to the circuit court.

Kalamazoo.—It took a jury 25 hours to decide that the thumb of two-year-old Roy Slack was not worth $10,000. The babe last summer lost one thumb while playing around a building being moved by Samuel Currey. In some way one thumb was caught and crushed. Damage proceedings were started and the case was given to the jury.

Cadillac.—Mrs. F. J. Rau of this city was notified that she is to come into possession of a fortune of $50,000 from Mrs. Lucy McElroy, who died recently at Cambridge, Mass. This good luck is the result of Mrs. Rau being named as a baby after the Cambridge woman.

Kalamazoo.—Michael Onodo, convicted of murder, was taken to Jackson prison. His removal from jail was conducted with secrecy because of threats that had been made by local Italians to shoot the man to death at the first opportunity.

Monroe.—More than 100 houses will be erected here this spring and, as a result, local contractors and builders will have their hands full during the coming building season. The growth of the city promises to eclipse that of any recent years.

Grand Rapids.—The board of education 1911 budget calls for an appropriation of $455,714. All of the teachers in the city's schools have asked for an increase in salary.

Lansing.—Michael Burkart, sentenced from Detroit to Jackson prison for manslaughter, will have to languish behind the bars for the remainder of his eight-year term, as the court refused to consider his application for a new trial.

St. Johns.—Clarence De Vore, the youth charged with stealing a fur coat from Frank Pung, a Dewitt farmer, by whom he was employed, has been apprehended at Ovid. It now appears he is wanted several other offenses.

Grand Rapids.—The fifth annual session of the Michigan State Dental association will be held here April 10. Among the speakers will be W. A. Griffin of Detroit, who will talk on the proposed amendments to the present dental and local option laws.

Battle Creek.—Rev. Adrian B. Sorensen of the Church of Beulah was arrested on a charge of threatening to kill Joseph R. Counterman, with whom he was associated in business. When not preaching the gospel to his small flock Sorensen has bought and sold junk with Counterman.

Traverse City.—At the meeting of the executive committee of the Western Michigan Development bureau it was decided to eliminate the show at the National Land and Irrigation exposition in Chicago next year.

Up-Set Sick Feeling

that follows taking a dose of castor oil, salts or calomel, is about the worst you can endure—Ugh—it gives one the creeps. You don't have to have it—CASCARETS move the bowels—tone up the liver—without these bad feelings. Try them. 914

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

AID TO MARRIED HAPPINESS

Southerner Evolves the Panama Cocktail Which Makes Man Thoughtful of Wife.

Russell Hopkins, a southerner, who lives in the St. Regis, is responsible for the Panama cocktail. He and Charles Luther Burnham were talking over Hopkins' latest concoction, which had been placed in the little book kept by the bartender.

"You take half a pony of brandy, half a pony of curacao, a third of dry gin and French and Italian vermouth, and there you are—there's your drink before dinner," said Hopkins.

"Yes," interposed Burnham, "It's a cocktail, all right. One of your friends came in here the other day with more than $300 in his wallet. He was initiated into the mysteries of the Panama cocktail. He seemed all right when he left, but he was found the following day in a ferry-house hugging a set of furs he had bought for his wife. From what could be gleaned from him he had, on a passably warm day, thought his wife ought to have new furs, and, with that idea, he went to a store and spent all the cash in his pocketbook for a set.—New York Press.

WHICH ACCOUNTS FOR IT.

BAKER

Briggs—I understand that Mr. Biggs, your wife's late husband, made everything over to her?

Henpecklett—Yes, and now she's making everything over for me.

His Interest.

"You are going to interest yourself in this reform enterprise?"

"Certainly," replied Senator Sorghum.

"But I thought it was unfavorable to your friends."

"It is. And I'm going to interest myself in it far enough to let me offer suggestions that will render it impractical."

Severe Critic.

Alice—I like Tom immensely and he's very much the gentleman; but he does like to talk about himself!

Grace—Yes, dear, your knight hath a thousand I's.—Puck.

COFFEE HEART
Very Plain in Some People.

A great many people go on suffering from annoying ailments for a long time before they can get their own consent to give up the indulgence from which their trouble arises.

A gentleman in Brooklyn describes his experience, as follows:

"I became satisfied some months ago that I owed the palpitation of the heart from which I suffered almost daily, to the use of coffee, (I had been a coffee drinker for 30 years) but I found it very hard to give up the beverage.

"One day I ran across a very sensible and straightforward presentation of the claims of Postum, and was so impressed thereby that I concluded to give it a trial.

"My experience with it was unsatisfactory till I learned how it ought to be prepared—by thorough boiling for not less than 15 or 20 minutes. After I learned that lesson there was no trouble.

"Postum proved to be a most palatable and satisfactory hot beverage, and I have used it ever since.

"The effect on my health has been most salutary. The heart palpitation from which I used to suffer so much, particularly after breakfast, has disappeared and I never have a return of it except when I dine or lunch away from home and drink the old kind of coffee because Postum is not served. I find that Postum cheers and invigorates while it produces no harmful stimulation." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"Ten days' trial proves an eye opener to many.

"Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs., "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.