## Massage from page 11A

els in the body; and relieves stress, a major contributor to high blood pressure and strokes.

A recent study revealed that massage treatment dramatically relieved back pain in 86 percent of patients.

Dr. Michael Weintraub, a clini-cal professor of neurology at New York Medical College, who con-ducted the study, says heat and ultrasound, the susual method of treating pain, don't get down deep enough to the source of the pain, according to a recent edition of

Redbook marazine.

The only way to do that is massage. There's more — studies show that massage increases the blood flow, hastening the removal of metabolic waste products such as factic acid, a culprit of sore

muscles. Massage has also been shown to stimulate the release of endorphins, brain chemicals that are the body's natural pain killers!

A professional, licensed or trained by a licensed school, is

the best person to see for a mas-sage because they are trained to understand muscle strains, pinched nerves, referred pain, and other conditions that a non-pro-

fessional may only exacerbate It's important to ask for creden-

Peter Gabel is director of therapist of American Therapeutic Massage on 12 Mile between Middlebelt and Orchard Lake in Farmington Hills. For more information call 851-3700.

## MOMS from page 11A

had thoughts of harming my child, but I could have easily been in the place of the women who o' O'Donahue said she went through constant anxiety and was always fearful that something bad was going to happen to her barby or her other children. She wen remembers setting out to make

peanut butter and jelly sand-wiches for her older children, and simply forgetting how to make the sandwiches.

andwiches.
"It was like a nightmare," she
said. "I would just go numb, my
feelings would just go away. I
would lose all feelings for my hushand, my baby, everyone."

After her fourth baby,

\*BRAS + GIROLES

ALWAYS 20% OFF

557-7165

O'Donahue was put on anti-depressants to help case her through the crisis.

"I remember the doctor telling me I would have to give up breast-feeding when I started taking the metheation and I just broke down and cried in his office," she said. "That was my one real statch-ment to my baby. The one thing that I could do to feel close. I hated to give it up."

nates to give it up.
It was her own battle with PPD
and her reading that led O'Donabus, a none, to start a support
goup for women suffering from
protpartum depression. The
group meets twice a month in the
Providence medical center in
Southfield.

It's an informal group that gets together to share their feelings and concerns about PPD, and those who have been through it and survived can offer some hope to those going through it. "It's something you always live with," she said. "It's so east to think you missed out on your child's infancy and you feel so guilty, but still talking with others and knowing that I might help someone sise makes it worthwhile to continue my participation."

The support group also provides a list of area doctors who are supportive in the treatment of PPD, and medications that can be prescribed to help get through the rough spots.

There's also a hotline number

and those currently struggling with PPD can be linked up with a buddy who lives close to them in case immediate help is needed.

To help a loved one with PPD, O'Donahue recommends finding someone to come in and help with the baby and any other children every once in awhile for home relief, Also, spouses abould focus a little extra attention on their wives and show some concern for their well-being rather than just the baby's.

"We like it when husbands come to our group because it shows they are really supportive and aren't just dismissing their wife's symptoms, O'Donahue said.

"Women receive so much nur-

turing while they are pregnant.
The dector and nurses are visiting
with them every month concerned
about how they are doing. Familycalls all the time to check in. Butpeople don't understand the importance of continuing that nurturing for awhile after the baby's
hom, too."

bom, too."

While some people doubt the legitimacy of PPD, women who auffer through it are quick to protect. O'Donabue said it was a nightmare for her and if she could have awaken herself, she cortainly would have.

"There was no joy at all for me," she said.

To reach the PPD support group, call (810) 737-3612.



FULL-FIGURE 14 LENGTH BRA

29297 Southfield Rd

Providence is pleased to announce that E. Albert Tzeel, MD

has joined its staff in the establishment of a pediatric medical practice

at 39500 W. 10 Mile Rd. Novi. MJ 48375 (810) 471-4300

Hours by appointment.

E. Albert Tzeel, MD, graduated from the University of Michigan Medical School in 1986. He completed a resi-dency in Pediatrics at the University of California in 1990.

Dr. Tzeel is board-certified and is a Fellow of the American Academy of Pediatrics and a member of the American College of Physician Executives.

MISSION HEALTH



Hats off: A full processional was included in the preschool graduation ceremony recently at First Impressions Pre-School on 13 Mile Road in Farmington Hills. Pre-kindergarten teacher Michelle Stowe presents a diplo-ma to Caitlin Porretta and First Impressions director Jill Margolick gives Christopher Jackson his paper of







Starting Thursday, July 6, 1995