Familiar face in county leads Liquor Control Commission

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state Liquor Control Commission
since 1997 when Chairman Phil
Arthurhults paid back \$4,000 in
improper travel and telephone
reimbursements and resigned.
Chairing LCC is Jacquelyn A.
Stewart, a familiar face in western Wayne and Oakland County
politics and government. Stewart
presides at hearings in Lansing
and, since May of 1998, in an
office building on Drake Road,
south of Grand River Avonue, in
Farmington.

"I had heard stories of \$80 million missing." Stewart said in a
recent interview. "But in the
nudit, we came out real good."
Gev. John Engler had assigned
Arthurhultz to privatize the
warehousing of Iquor, though the
state still runs the business. A
Treasury Department audit,
requested by the agency, concluded: "We generally found that
internal control procedures were
proper and effective."
The audit suid LCC should try
to keep its inventory to a minimum and recommended some
botter paperwork. In general,
Kathy Wilbur, director of the
LCC's parent, the Department of
Consumer and Industry Services,
called the audit good and praised
Stewart's work.
LCC was formed in 1933, at the
and of Prohibition as a binarties.

caned the audit good and primese Stewart's work. LCC was formed in 1933, at the end of Probibition as a bipartisan, five-member agency. It oversees liquor distribution, licenses deal-ers, collects taxes on spirits, beer and wine, and enforces liquor

and wine, and enforces liquor laws.

Stewart had lunch at her desk as she was interviewed about her working career and asked for a civice lesson on LCC operations.

Q. 1s your Job Full time?

What do you do?

A. "Yes. There are five commissioners. Two are hearings commissioners. Two are hear all the liquor violations cases all over the state (sales to minors, sales to drunks, food stamp fraud).

Then there are three administrative commissioners (including herself) who do the day-to-day operations. We sit on the appeal board to hear any licensee objecting to a penalty handed down by a hearing commissioner.

"We do appeals on Tuesday in Lansing, and we probably handle five to seven cases. Then we do appeals in Farmington, and today we had seven."

Q. Is the job casier now that

we had seven."

Q. Is the job easier now that
Gov. Engler wants the state
out of the wholesale liquor

business?

A. "Let me clarify that. The state is not out of the wholesale business. What we're out of is warehousing and distribution. That has been turned over to the private sector.

private sector.

"We place the order with the industry. The industry sends the

■ 'When you get into the college campuses, the commission has no authority there. That's for the local presecutor and law enforcement people.

Jacquelyn Stewart —Liquor Control Commission chairwoman

product to the ADA (three authorized distribution agents - General Wine & Liquer Ce. in Highland Park, NWS Michigan, Inc., in Brownstown, and Trans-Con Ce. in Bloomfield Hills).

"We've gone from 400 to 184 employees. We have a finance department (20), licensing division (30).

Q. How many licenses are there?

A. "We have 14,000 on premise licenses (restaurants, hotels, bars) and off-premise, which are SDD and SDM (specially designated distributor and merchant), which are your party stores; we have 3,500.

Q. LCC commissioners was the first political job in 1946 of G. Mennen Williams (later governor and Supreme Court justice) and the last political job of former Senate majority floor leader Phil Arthurhultz, Is LCC a good jumping off spot for politics?

A. "Years ago, when we had 100 attae stores; they were all over the state. I imagine if you were a good chair and your employees liked you, they could help you. I've heard stories that Williams did use the position as a catalyst to become governor."

"I don't plan on running for governor."

Q. How do you get this kind of a job?

to become governor.

"I don't plan on running for governor."

Q. How do you get this kind of a job?

A. "I had a law enforcement background. I've done a lot of work in the political arena. I worked for (then Oakland Prosecutor) Brooks Patterson for 18 years. And I worked with Congressman Jack McDonald. I worked long and hard in the field for the Republican Party."

(Stowart attended Henry Ford Studying political science. After a run for the Legislature in 1970, Stewart worked for 19th District U.S. Rep. McDonald, "a friend of the family," in 1972, coordinated Patterson's campaigns for prosecutor in 1972 and 1982, and handled a number of party posts, including the Republican National Committee and housing director for the Michigan delegation at New Orleans in 1983.

"When Brooks called me (after the 1972 election) and wanted me to come to work for him, I said,

Brooks, I'm not an attorney. I'm not a secretary. I have no clue what I could do there. "Well, he said he wanted to hire

what I could do there."

"Well, he said he wanted to hire me as an investigator because he lad a let of projects he wanted to research, like welfare fraud and had check policies.
"He said, Tiey, in six months if it doesn't work you can leave, and if I don't think you're working I'l tell you, and you can leave. Sixteen years later, I was still working for him.
(In 1978 she graduated from Oakland Community College's law enforcement academy, and in 1980 she married Huntington Woods Police Chief Jim Blowar, later a U.S. marshal. He's now retired. They live in Farmington Hills.
(The LCC must be bipartisan. Stewart was appointed in 1989 by Democratel Gov. James Blanchard and reappointed by Republican Gov. John Engler for four year terms.)
Q. As chair of the Liquor

nean usv. John Engler for fouryear terms;

Q. As chair of the Liquor
Control Commission, you're
under the Department of Consumer and Industry Affaire.
This is a regulatory and businoss job, right?

A. "Correct. We're a business we
noted, last fiscal year, \$96.5 million, after all expenses. We took
in \$639 million. That's just spirits, not beer and wine. We're like
a Fartune 500 company.

Q. Any changes you'd like to
see in the next Engler fouryear term?

A. "We're looking to change Sa
rules to streamline our licensing
process to make it more userfriendly. Many are archaic and
conflict with cities'. We want to
streamline our license, it's
not going to take eight to mine
months.

"We are doing decay operations.
Last year we did 3,100. The commission alone did that. Statewide,
about a third of the people where
we made stops did sell alcohol to
a minor. And a little over 60 percent asked for identification and
still sold to them.

"We want to impress not only
licensees but their employees that
they have to be more diligent."

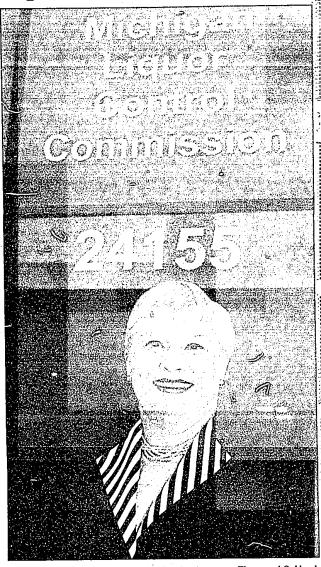
Q. You must have been reading the cases of young people
killing themselves or getting
raped under the influence. We
seem to be getting more campus binge cases.

A. "Absolutely. I think it's going
to take education. The commission can only enforce its liquor
laws on licensees. We can suspend, we can fine, we can revoke
their license.

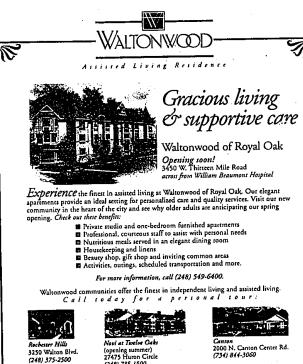
"When you get into the college
campuses, the commission has no
authority there. That's for the
local prosecutor and law enforcemont people. But the highway
safety people and community

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Please see LCC. A6



Familian Jacquelyn A. Stewart is a familiar face in western Wayne and Oakland County politics and government. She is the chair of the Liquor Control Commis-



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