

# Bad Kidneys—Weak Back—Weary Woman

Dr. Derby's Guaranteed Kidney Pills  
Make Such Women Happy—Ward  
Off Old Age—Try Them Free

Many women have a headache, backache, nervousness, without knowing how to stop them. They grow weary and worse-looking. Their hair becomes greasy, their complexion sallow, pale, old-looking. They are weary, and only know it when they are so tired that they cannot sleep.



Do not realize that all come from deranged kidneys. When the kidneys go wrong, they try to expel the poisons that should pass through them. The nature of the disease is such that it is not possible to cure it without first curing the kidneys. No woman so afflicted need continue to suffer. Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills will cure her. They are a natural remedy, and they are not a drug. They are a natural remedy, and they are not a drug. They are a natural remedy, and they are not a drug.

Tenses. Teacher—Tommie, what is the future of "I give"?  
Tommie—"You take"—Life.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Suppressed, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

Apicultural. Mother—Yes, Johnny, the queen bee is a boss.  
Johnny—How about the president 'dial' bee?

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

SUCCESSFUL COLLECTOR.



Frank Turner—I should think you'd have lots of trouble collecting 'way out here.  
Collector Suremark—Not on yer life; everybody here knows I kin plunk the bull's-eye nine shots out of ten!

In High Life. "So the Filipinos have separated?"  
"Yes."  
"Do you know any of the particulars?"  
"She keeps the poodle."

A BRAIN WORKER. Must Have the Kind of Food That Nourishes Brain.

"I am a literary man whose nervous energy is a great part of my stock in trade, and ordinarily I have little patience with breakfast foods and the extravagant claims made of them. But I cannot withhold my acknowledgments of the debt that I owe to Grape-Nuts food."  
"I discovered long ago that the very bulkiness of the ordinary diet was not calculated to give one a clear head, the power of sustained, accurate thinking, I always felt heavy and sluggish in mind as well as body after eating the ordinary meal, which diverted the blood from the brain to the digestive apparatus."

Of dried foods easy of digestion, but found them usually deficient in nutriment. Experimented with many breakfast foods and they, too, proved unsatisfactory. I tried Grape-Nuts. And then the problem was solved. Grape-Nuts agreed with me perfectly from the beginning, satisfying my hunger and supplying the nutriment that so many other prepared foods lack.  
"I had not been using it very long before I found that I was turning out an unusual quantity and quality of work. Continued use has demonstrated to my entire satisfaction that Grape-Nuts food contains the elements needed by the brain and nervous system of the hard working public writer." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich., and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pigskin.  
"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pigskin.  
"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pigskin.

# NATIONAL CAPITAL ADDITORS

## Adding Two More Stars to the Flag



WASHINGTON.—Now that it seems certain that two new stars will be added to the Union by March 4, New Mexico and Arizona being slated for promotion from territories, the flag factories run by the government are in for some busy times. It will be necessary first for the departments here to decide how the new stars shall be placed on the flag. The field of the flag is becoming crowded with stars and it is no easy matter to rearrange them so that the section reserved for constellations may not be inertially jumbled. This duty devolves upon officials of the army and navy departments who must first decide how the new stars are to be placed on the field of the flag. Then the work of rearranging the field on all the flags owned by the government will be begun, and a gigantic task it will be.

The army flags are all remade at the various government depots, the work being given to women who are widows of army men or daughters of veterans with some claim on the government for employment. The naval flags are usually fixed up by the sailors themselves, the James boys, as they are called, being just as handy with the needle and the sewing machine as the women and

as they have a great deal of leisure time the sailors manage to do their own official needlework when the flags are called in for the addition of stars and the rearrangement of the field of stars.

The addition of one star to the flag sometimes proves an easy task. The amount of work involved depends upon the position of the stars already on the flag. If there is room at the bottom of the last row of stars for the addition of another then it is merely a matter of adding that extra star and this is a comparatively easy job. But the field of stars seldom lends itself in that kind of manner to the work of adding additional stars. The symmetrical arrangement of the stars is a matter of the utmost importance and this requires much thought and skill on the part of the officials to whom is entrusted the work of designing a field with the new stars added.

The first work when the design of the new flag has been sent out to the arsenals, is to rip off the stars that have to be placed in different positions. This work is done by rows of women who are armed with sharp pointed knives. They place the star to be removed on a padded base that holds the cloth taut. Then they carefully rip off the star with the fully rip off the star. The work goes on for weeks and sometimes months, for all the flags in the country must be rearranged. As the stars are ripped off, they are dropped in baskets and not used again, new stars being sewn on to replace the discarded ones. The new stars are cut by means of a die.

## Uncle Sam Teaches Filipinos to Farm

A NOTED professor from the University of Chicago, who spent several months in the Philippine islands as lecturer at the teachers' vacation assembly, conducted by the bureau of summer capital of the islands, returned recently to the United States. "Other nations one of these days will be coming to the Philippines to see how the educational system has been won," he said, in speaking of the work of the schools there.

Without question one of the triumphs of America in the Orient is the wonderful work that has been accomplished there by the public school system during the ten years since its organization. From a mere handful of pupils, and an expenditure of a few thousand dollars in 1901, the system has developed until now it reaches into every town and nearly every village of the island, and last year instructed more than 500,000 boys and girls. The Philippine government spent more than \$3,500,000 of local revenue for education.

The services of more than 9,000 American and Filipino teachers are employed in the various schools of the islands as supervisors and class



room teachers of the academic and technical subjects of the courses of study. The University of Chicago sent Dr. Shephardson and Dr. Goode, two of its ablest and most successful extension lecturers, to Manila during the past vacation to remain in residence at the vacation assembly of teachers and conduct education courses during the session.

In referring to the class of men and women engaged in the education work there, they speak in the highest terms. "I have seen many gatherings of educators, but none which average higher than this one," said Dr. Shephardson. "The reason, no doubt, is that here there are men and women who are doing pioneer work, who have the spirit of the pioneer, and whose earnestness in pursuing ideals is reflected in conversation and conference talk."

## 'Federal List of Immortals' Growing



THE so-called "list of immortals" of the United States biological survey—a roster kept by that bureau of all hunting fatalities in this country—already this year has had added to it 47 names. From this information the bureau hopes after a few years to be able to deduce general principles which will be of value in framing "life-saving" federal and state game laws.

"One fact which we have learned during the three years we have kept this record," said Dr. T. S. Palmer, chief of the bureau, "is that there are practically no deer hunting accidents in states which prohibit the use of automatic weapons. This is because in those states the hunter hesitates a moment

before firing to determine whether the animal is a doe or a buck. In case the animal happens to be the two-legged variety that brief pause before pulling the trigger is enough to save human life." More than 150 persons were killed last year in hunting accidents. This was considerably larger than the number in 1929, which in turn was 50 per cent. in excess of the 1928 fatalities. "Of the 47 killed so far this year," said Dr. Palmer, "the largest number were reported from Michigan, with 15 deaths. New York coming second with nine, Wisconsin and New Jersey being tied for third place with three fatalities each. "In proportion to its population the United States leads the world in the number of hunters within its borders. Unfortunately it also leads in the proportion of fatal hunting accidents. "There is five times more interest in game laws in this country, than in any other country. We estimate that there are almost 5,000,000 American hunters. In several of the western states the hunters constitute as much as 13 per cent. of the population."

## Pay Girls to Paw Over Waste Baskets

UNIQUE among government jobs is that of the two women who sit by the side of the department of the treasury department and spend the entire day going through the contents of the department waste baskets. They are searching for scraps of paper, checks and bills that may have fallen into the baskets. The positions of the two women are more important than their place on the treasury department. They are paid a salary of \$10,000 a year, and they are paid a bonus of \$10,000 a year. The two women have been doing this work for years.

Not a scrap of paper is permitted to be carried out of the treasury department. It is passed the center of the official examiners of the waste baskets. There is a rule in the service also that no envelope, letter or slip of paper shall be thrown into a basket until it has been torn

# NEAR A RIOT WHEN FILM IS CENSORED

Crowd Pays to See James Boys in Action and That's What They Want.

## PICTURES BLOTTED OUT

Censor Orders Action Taken, but When the Demonstration From a Disappointed Audience Grows So Violent Official Arrangements Manager.

Wichita, Kan.—A practical and highly efficient method of striking censored pictures out of a local film show, started a riot at a local theater the other night.

For some time the managers of the theater had been advertising on their bulletin boards a series of pictures showing the "exploits" of the James boys, as reproduced by competent artists in the original settings. Youthful Wichita eagerly awaited the day.

Elder Wichita was sure about the scruples against the reproduction of scenes of violence. Besides that, the James boys never have been extremely popular with the older citizens of Kansas. This is but natural, as the older citizens of Kansas never were extremely popular with the James boys.

After a conference over the water, it was decided to let C. R. Reeves examine the pictures as public censor. A private exhibition was arranged.



Wanted Their Money Back.

was nothing about that to offend the stainless minds of Wichita's youth. But it was when members of the band were represented as walking into banks and extracting their treasures, incidentally making targets of their fellow citizens, that the censor balked. As the pictures were about some such diverting escapade, most of the time, the censor was kept busy telling the operator just which scenes must not be exhibited.

The news of this censorious activity got around and of course the house was packed the night for the first public exhibition of the film. Expectation became more intense as the spectators beheld the budding preparatory handiwork.

But just at a critical moment when Jesse James himself was peeping over his revolver's muzzle in an effort to find a satisfactory spot for his bullet in a Kansas patriot's torso, something happened. A cloud obscured the film and by the time it had passed the dark and dastardly deed had been done.

When a similar thing happened as Cole Younger was about to make a widow of the wife of a humble paying teller and again when Bob Ford was getting ready to supply the corpse detail for a funeral service, it began to look strange.

Then somebody looked up and found the explanation. The operator was carefully blotting out the censored scenes by putting his hand over his machine whenever one of them appeared.

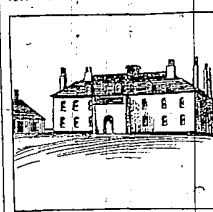
The spectators felt that they had been cheated. They had paid their money to see somebody slaughtered in Jesse James' style and they wanted the carnage to go on. For his part, the manager was not at all surprised. He had expected that the spectators would be disappointed. He had expected that the spectators would be disappointed.

He began to look like real trouble for the manager and his men when C. R. Reeves got an inspiration. Pulling out his marshal's star, dusting it and pinning it on his breast where everybody could see it, he placed a hand on his assistant under arrest.

# AN OLD FRENCH "CASTLE"

Fort Niagara at the Mouth of the Niagara River Has Interesting History.

Buffalo, N. Y.—No place in America possesses more interesting history than old Fort Niagara at the mouth of the Niagara river. The story of the possession by the Indians, then the French, British and Americans, in succession, and then by the British again and finally by the Americans, is intensely interesting. Many of the old buildings are still in an excellent state of preservation and are in constant use by the present occupants of Fort Niagara. The building shown in the illustration is the old French "mess" house or "cantine," as it is now called. It was begun by the French in 1725 and finished in 1726. It is said to be the oldest existing masonry work west of Albany. Its dimensions as planned by the French were 105x21 feet. The brick used in laying the



At Fort Niagara.

main doors was brought from France and much of the stone for the walls from Frontenac.

It is the tradition that the "castle," which is a very strong building, was erected by strategists. A considerable, though not powerful, body of French troops had arrived at the point. Their force was inferior to the surrounding Indians. The French obtained consent of the Indians to build a wigwam, and induced them with some of their own officers to engage in an extensive hunt. The materials had been made ready and while the Indians were absent the French built the "castle."

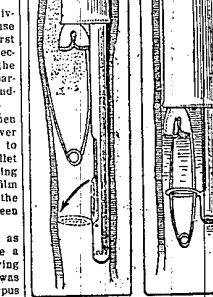
When the hunting party returned at night the French had advanced so far with the work as to cover their faces and to defend themselves against the savages, in case of any attack.

## GRAPPLING A SAFETY PIN

How a Physician Removes One From the Throat of a Patient.

Chicago.—The modern physician is not obliged to guess at what is the matter with a man's stomach or his bronchial tubes; if the proper instruments are at his disposal he can see for himself what the trouble is quite as well as if it were on the outer surface of the body. If his patient has swallowed a button or a pin the practitioner can see just where it is with a simple instrument, and can have it under his eye while he is extracting it.

Devices by which the interior cavities of the body could be seen were invented, but not actually used, over centuries ago, but none could be so successful before the invention of the electric light. Now, improvements that are really marvelous are in the hands of the modern surgeons and the



Removing a Safety Pin.

Interior of the esophagus and stomach are easily explored and doctored. The illustration shows the method of taking an open safety pin from the throat of a patient. The ring is slid past the pin, and the pin is then closed for removal.

Mother Dug Grave for Boys. Argo, Colo.—Just as she finished digging a grave for her three boys, Mrs. Anna Covle was taken in charge and sent to the County hospital. She had borrowed a spade from a neighbor and told him she was going to dig a grave for her children and bury them alive. He watched her until the grave was ready, and then notified the police. The woman had dressed the boys for the occasion.

Lit Match in Powder Mill. Kansas City, Mo.—Lighting a match after he had crawled into a shed to sleep, Harry Sutton was killed in the explosion of a keg of powder. The place he had intended to inspect was the waterroom of the Excelsior Powder mill, near this city.

# Canada at the Chicago Land Show

WILL MAKE A MAGNIFICENT EXHIBIT OF GRAINS AND GRASSES, VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.

A carload of grain in straw, grasses and other of the products of Western Canada arrived at Chicago the other day, and is now installed in the Coliseum, where the United States land and irrigation exposition is under way. Those who are interested in the "Back to the land movement" will find in the Canadian exhibit one of the best displays of the agricultural products of Western Canada that has ever been made. There are representative men there, who will be pleased to give the fullest information regarding the country.

The exhibit shows what can be done on the free grant lands of that country and most of the grain was produced on the farms of former residents of the United States who have taken advantage of the homestead lands of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The vegetable exhibit will attract a great deal of attention, and some marvelous potatoes, carrots, turnips, cabbage and cauliflower are shown.

It is true that the homestead area is being rapidly taken up and the bulk of that now to be had lies north of the Saskatchewan river in a portion of the country known as the park country. Here there is a large quantity of open prairie interspersed by beautiful groves of poplar and willow. Water is in abundance, hay is plentiful and consequently fodder for animals is right at hand. Those who have taken advantage of farming in these districts and watched the efforts of these in the prairie proper feel that they have the advantage of their brother, who is not able to secure fuel and the other conveniences of the park district on his own farm.

The crop conditions throughout Western Canada the past year have been generally good, and some wonderful crop yields of wheat, oats and barley are recorded. The Canadian government, under whose auspices the exhibit spoken of is being made, is preparing reports on crops in the different Western Canada districts, and while these will not be ready for distribution at the land show commencing on the 18th of November and closing on Dec. 8th, application made to the Canadian Government agent nearest you will bring them to you as soon as they are published.

COLLECT ON DELIVERY.



Jack Harduppe—Ah! Brought that suit, have you? Well, I can't pay you now. I'll write your employer a letter.

Errand Boy—N. G. boss. I bought three letters with that suit and they is Q. O. D.

Inaccurate. "You say you are your wife's third husband?" said one man to another during a talk.

"No, I am her fourth husband," was the reply.

"Heaven, man!" said the first speaker. "You are not a husband—you're a habit!"

## A "Teaser" For Jaded Appetites—Post Toasties

with cream or preserved fruit.

Ready to serve instantly—just open the box and enjoy an extra good dish—Convenient, crisp, delicious, wholesome.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

Made at the POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Pure Food Factories, Battle Creek, Mich.