

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

Latest News of Interest
Boiled Down for the
Busy Man.

Washington

A statement showing the sea strength of the five leading naval powers of the world was announced at the United States second place among the fighting nations from the standpoint of effective tonnage now in commission.

Holding that the question at issue is of such vast importance as to demand a hearing before the full Supreme court of the United States, Chief Justice White at Washington denied the application of attorneys for the beef packers for a stay of the criminal trial at Chicago.

In a statement given out in New York John D. Rockefeller replied to the charges made at Washington by the Merritt brothers before the State investigation committee, of the national house of representatives regarding the methods used by Mr. Rockefeller in securing control of the Duluth, Mesaba ore mines and the Duluth, Mesaba & Northern railroad. Mr. Rockefeller pointed out that these charges were denied under oath as long ago as 1895.

The special committee of the United States senate which has been investigating the election of Senator William Lorimer of Illinois ended its hearings in Chicago. It will assemble in Washington December 8, and will take more testimony there.

Navy aviators who operate the by-dro-aero planes with which it is expected every American battleship will be equipped, with war time preservers invested especially for their use.

Domestic

Tortured by the mental picture of his headless wife and namesake, whom he slew at his home in Kenosha, Wis., Pasquale Marchesi, 27 years old, a merchant, went to a priest and confessed the double crime, which had hitherto not been discovered. The young avenger of his honor as turned over to the police.

In the capture in Chicago of four Chinamen who had been smuggled across the Mexican border in a bag-gage car of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad and the killing of an agent of the "importers" the crusade of the federal government against the "smuggling" trust, which has for some time been a source of trouble to the United States, progressed a long step.

Judge Grover at Lincoln Center, Kan., sentenced Ed. Clark, 31, for the murder of Watson Gratton and Ed. Record, all of whom had confessed that they were implicated in the tarring of Mary Chamberlain, the school teacher, to and from Chicago, by the Chicago Police Department. The tarring was done by John Schmidt and Sherrell Clark, two other members of the "tar party," guilty of assault and battery, and acquitted A. N. Sims.

William J. Cunnamin, convicted of stealing \$140,000 from the Carnegie Trust company of New York, of which he was formerly president, was sentenced to Sing Sing prison for not less than four years and eight months and not more than eight years and eight months.

An express package containing \$10,000 was stolen from the office of the Canadian Northern Express company at Regina, Manitoba, during the absence of the clerk.

Fourteen dead, and 67 seriously injured was the cost of football, during the year of 1911. Four of the dead were the victims of injuries received in the season of 1910, which did not prove fatal until long after the closing of the season.

The national Grange at its annual session at Columbus, Ohio, endorsed the Oregon presidential preference act. A graduated income tax and physical valuation of railroads also were favored. The Aldrich currency plan was denounced.

A strike will not be called among the 5,000 shoguns in the employ of the Rock Island railroad. This was the decision reached by a committee of international brotherhood officers after a conference in Chicago with a general committee from the Rock Island representing the five crafts involved.

Just before he gave up his life at Richmond, Va., in the execution of the murder of his wife, Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., confessed that he was guilty. The confession was made public by Beattie's spiritual adviser after his death. He maintained to the end the remarkable nerve he had exhibited since first he was accused of killing his wife last July.

Mrs. Gertrude Gibson Patterson went on the witness stand at Denver as the first witness in her own behalf and told the jury of her life with Charles A. Patterson. She testified that she shot him after he had kicked her down and kicked her. She also told of the trip she made to Paris with Earl Strosser, the millionaire Chicago clothier. Her testimony followed closely the stories she has related of that incident in her life with Patterson.

The epidemic of hog cholera over Kansas and Missouri is declared by 17 men who have observed the disease to be the worst in many years.

Former United States Senator John F. Dryden, president of the Prudential Life Insurance company, died at his home in Newark, N. J., following an operation.

Foreign

Archbishops Farley, O'Connell and Falconio of America and 14 other ecclesiastics were made cardinals of the Catholic church by the pope in a public consistory in the Vatican.

The Italian army at Tripoli gained a complete victory in an effort to drive the Arabs out of the oasis and force the Turkish lines back at all points. The fighting, which lasted all day, terminated at nightfall by the Turks retiring from all their positions.

There was a fierce bombardment of Nanking, China, all day from the bombs of 4,000 shells with 12 three-inch guns, who are opposed by the loyalists with four six-inch guns on the walls and 14 three-inch guns on Purple Hill. The rebels lost 300 killed and wounded, while the loyalists lost 2,000.

Thirty-one workers were killed and upward of 100 injured by a boiler explosion at the oil works of the Shell Co. at Liverpool, Eng. The roof of the great mill was blown off, while the walls split and crumbled.

Forty-five of the crew of sixty perished when the Japanese destroyer Harusame foundered off Shima province in a storm. All the officers of the destroyer went to their death while endeavoring to save the men.

The announcement that King George had dismissed Rev. Frederick Percival Farley, his domestic chaplain and also honorary chaplain to Queen Alexandra, was followed by the news that the clergyman had absconded and that the police, armed with a warrant, for his arrest, were hunting him down.

Unexpectant suffragettes at the Bow street police court to answer for their acts of violence in their assault on the British house of commons, and were sentenced to fines or alternative terms of imprisonment, varying from a fortnight to a month. The women invariably chose prison instead of a fine.

A passenger train ploughed through a bridge over the State railway at Montauk-Bay, France, and sank in the Thetis river. Estimates place the number of victims at thirty.

General Torres, the assassin of President Caesars of San Domingo, was captured and put to death, and General Pimentel, an accessory, also was executed, according to reports to the state department at Washington.

Archduke Franz-Seraph, the Austrian emperor's son-in-law, has resigned his command of the cavalry division of Vienna and is related to have been launched in a squabble with the heir apparent.

That the city of Tripoli is virtually besieged by the Turks and that the home to no better situation is the opinion of a correspondent of the Paris Temps, who has succeeded in joining the Ottoman forces near Zangbar.

Chinese officials confirm the report that a massacre of foreigners, as well as Manchus, has occurred at Sian-Pu. The legations believe that the report will prove true. Twenty foreign missionaries in Sian-Pu many missionaries in the smaller Shen-Si towns.

Personal

Immanuel Baptist church at Cambridge, Mass., has accepted the resignation of Rev. Clarence V. T. Richardson, who is in jail, charged with the murder of Miss Avila, Lincoln.

TO NULLIFY ALASKA COAL CLAIMS

GOVERNMENT MAY ALSO PROCEED AGAINST CLAIMANTS UNDER CRIMINAL STATUTES.

ATTORNEYS ARE READY FOR LEGAL BATTLE.

Secretary Fisher Trying to End Tie-up That Keeps Fuel in Ground—May Arrange to Lease Land.

Repetition of all Alaskan coal and land claims is said by claimants to be the plan of Secretary Fisher, of the department of the interior. Francis in making critics, violation of existing laws and illegal associations, it is declared, will be made the basis on which the government will proceed. And the \$300,000 already in the hands of the government, as deposits on the coal land claims, will be declared forfeit because of illegal proceedings.

Furthermore, legal proceedings are said to be planned against the various claimants on the ground that they have made themselves criminally liable. The only hope the claimants have is that they may be permitted, under Secretary Fisher's plan, to lease the lands they have filed claims on.

CUTS HEADS OFF TWO.

Italian Slays Wife and Lover With Hand Ax.

Tortured by the mental picture of his headless wife and her paramour, whom he slew Saturday, Pasquale Marchesi, 27 years old, a merchant of the city of Kenosha, Wis., confessed the double crime, which had hitherto not been discovered. He was turned over to the police, who are closely guarding him for fear of a mob attack.

According to Marchesi, he went home Saturday and found his wife, Roxaria, and his cousin and nephew, together with the younger Marchesi, who was not of age, had been a favorite of the husband, and the scene drove him mad, he said. With a hand ax he cut off the heads of his wife and his cousin, and then he hid in the basement of an Italian Catholic church.

In the darkness of the church basement, he said, he heard the police officers of his wife and his nephew rushing at him through the darkness. As the music of the morning mass came faintly to his ears from the auditorium above, he said that he thought he distinguished the words, "Vengeance is mine, said the Lord." Then he rushed from his hiding place, went to the home of the parish priest and sought refuge in confessing.

After the priest had turned Marchesi over to the police, the slayer told a connected story of the crimes, pleading that he had felt justified in killing the pair at the time the deeds were committed.

Decrease in Births and Deaths.

The monthly mortality report issued by the secretary of health shows there were 2,752 deaths in the state during October, as compared to 3,551 births. A decrease of 83 deaths is noted, as compared to the preceding month, while the number of births decreased 333.

There were five deaths in the state during October due to infantile parotiditis and the same number from tetanus. By ages there were 537 deaths of infants under one year of age; 164 deaths of children aged 1 to 4 years, inclusive, and 320 deaths of elderly persons aged 45 years and over.

Important causes of death were as follows: Tuberculosis of lungs, 147; other forms of tuberculosis, 21; typhoid fever, 61; diphtheria and croup, 17; scarlet fever, 12; measles, 3; whooping cough, 11; pneumonia, 13; influenza, 130; diarrhea, enteritis, under 2 years, 143; meningitis, 37; influenza, 173; violence, 173.

Cave-in Kills Two.

Two miners lost their lives and a third barely escaped the same fate when a cave-in occurred in the Yale mine near Bessemer. Stanley Curran and Charles Donnell were caught under the falling rock and chert and the two men were reached. Curran was dead when taken out. Donnell was still alive but terribly crushed. He died after it is claimed the mine was declared unsafe a long time ago and the authorities will make an investigation.

Cornelius Secesky, 23, an inmate of the Michigan State Hospital for Criminal Insane, of Ypsilanti, Mich., was employed in the boiler room as a trusty.

The Anti-Saloon forces of Oakland county met in Pontiac to take over the coming fight to be waged in that county against the saloons. Committees were appointed to canvass the saloons and over \$1,000 was raised to push the fight.

A hospital for animals costing \$1,000,000 is to be placed among the beautiful buildings of the new "Back Bay district" of Boston as a permanent memorial to George T. Angell, founder and first president of the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and the American Humane Educational society.

BEATTIE EXECUTED

Prisoner Walks to Death Chair With Firm Steps.

Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., was executed in the state prison at Richmond, Va., Friday at 7:23 a. m. One minute after the first knock he was pronounced dead.

He went to the death chair unshaken, and, although entreated by his spiritual adviser to confess to killing his wife last July, he refused. He did not acknowledge his guilt.

There was no delay in preparing for the end. Beattie took his place, the prison surgeon and the electricians adjusted the strips, a half dozen claims were made, the man was placed and snatched. The cap, resembling a leather football head-harness, was adjusted and the men stepped back.

The warden raised his hand. Instantly Beattie's body stiffened with such violence that the straps cracked with the strain, the clamping rattled as though they were chafed in the hands of death and then that which once had been Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., relaxed.

One minute after the current was applied Beattie was dead. There was no change in Richmond that the first confession of Henry Clay Beattie was made Nov. 9 to his ministers, Rev. Messrs. Fish and Denney, who refused to walk with him the day before his execution.

WIRE BULLETINS.

Gov. Harmon of Ohio is asked to fire Mayor Garbun of Canton for alleged hoodlums.

Crown Prince Adolph of Sweden was operated on in Stockholm for appendicitis. His condition is quite satisfactory.

Dr. J. G. Galleher of Kalamazoo, who died of heart disease, Tuesday, predicted his death a few hours before he was stricken.

While her five children, the eldest aged 11, lay asleep in an adjoining room, C. C. Allison, farmer near Nevada, Mo., shot and killed his wife and shot himself to death in his home.

A record in whirling money raising campaign was established for the domain when it was announced in Montreal that in five days a total of \$1,326,963 had been collected for McGill university.

By the terms of the will of the late Hugh V. Washington of Macon, Ga., the Missouri Historical society and the Daughters of the American Revolution will share equally in an estate valued at \$150,000.

Perhaps the greatest contingent of big game that ever came to Duluth arrived on the steamer Eastman, which brought 20 moose and more than 40 deer. The animals were shot at different points along the north shore.

Fruit growers, students of agricultural colleges in many states and representatives of the Daughters of the American Revolution have arrived in St. Joseph, Mo., to attend the National Horticultural congress.

Until December 3 an exhibit have been installed by states from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

A hitherto unknown Iowa city was discovered by the Yale Penitentiary, according to Dr. William G. Erving, surgeon of the party, who has returned to Hartford, Conn. Prof. Blingham and his cousin, near the summit of Mount Corabush, which their figures show is 22,000 feet high, or the third highest in the western hemisphere.

220 WOMEN ARRESTED.

London Police Make Wholesale Arrests of Suffragettes.

The militant section of the suffragettes have made good their promise to resume their old tactics. They warned Premier Asquith last week, and between 6 and 7 o'clock Tuesday some 220 martyrs to the female cause were marched by burl London "bobbies" to various police stations in the neighborhood of the house of commons.

The suffragettes, unable to approach in force, could make a very unimpressive show. The usual method of securing arrest was for two or three to run up behind a solid line of bobbies, who would push them back into the crowd. If this course of action was persisted in often enough it would secure an arrest.

The police were brought out from the reserves and they would take the suffragettes to the police station, a mounted policeman making way for them through the crowd. In this manner 223 suffragettes, including three men, were taken to the police stations.

Sultan Ready to Call Holy War.

Arabs declare that the Turkish troops have received orders from the sultan to make a decisive attack on the Italians in the city of Tripoli very shortly.

In case this should fail the Turkish president is to withdraw into the interior of the country, after which the sultan, it is said, will proclaim a holy war.

Cardinal Gibbons sees the dawn of the world's peace in President Taft's Balkan and French treaties. Salopists of Branch county propose to influence the resubmitting of the local option question.

After Honoring the civilian clothing of two of the guards at the Jefferson reformatory, at Jefferson, Ind., Ben Ziegler and Chester Brown, trustees at that institution, were arrested by escape by lowering themselves from a second-story window with a rope made of blankets.

CHINESE REBELS CAPTURE NANKIN

FORCE ENTRANCE AFTER SILENCING BATTERIES OF THE IMPERIALISTS.

REBELS LOST 300 MEN AND THE IMPERIALISTS 2,000.

Both the Land and Sea Batteries Concentrated Their Fire—Warships Did Great Havoc With Heavy Guns.

Storming the gates under cover of a fierce bombardment from their army, the rebel force, which has been besieging Nanking for nearly eight days, gained entrance to the city and, it is reported, that the rebels are in full possession. The battle was one of the fiercest of the revolt, the rebels losing about 300 men while the imperialists' casualties were placed at 2,000.

Rebel artillery on Tiger hill silenced the batteries on Lion and Purple hills, which were pouring a heavy fire into the ranks of the forces advancing at the Tso Chang Men gate. With this entrance to the city captured, the rebels swung their guns against Pei Chao Fort.

Warships Work Havoc. Both the land and sea batteries concentrated their fire on this work, the warships doing great havoc with the heavier guns.

The heaviest firing was about the Mingtombs gates. Four thousand rebel soldiers with a battery of 12 3-inch guns were there. The rebel army was defeated by the imperialists with eight 3-inch guns and the guns on Purple Hill. Despite the fact that the government guns outnumbered those of the anti-Manchu forces, the rebel army was no superior that the Manchu battery was soon out of commission.

It is reported that desperate fighting has taken place between the revolutionists and bandits in Hwai-Yun, Anwei province, and that a thousand rebels were killed.

At Wuchow the revolutionary soldiers are avenging the recent massacre. The first and second battalions of prisoners, some of them the sons of aristocrats. Afterwards they held an orgy, cutting off the hearts of victims which they roasted and ate.

Companies of troops patrolled the streets of Hong Kong and Kowloon on Sunday with fixed bayonets. This was done with a view to preventing the recurrence of recent disturbances. Some looting and stone-throwing occurred and two persons were injured slightly.

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Beach, who with others connected with the Chengtu Methodist Episcopal college, is penned up in the refugee camp in Chengtu, West China, has written to friends describing the outbreak of the rebellion against Manchuria rule in that city. Dr. Beach says that the theory by an article made prisoners of the leaders of the rebellion and then began a massacre in which 800 persons were slaughtered.

News that a massacre of considerable proportions had occurred at Chengtu came in cable dispatches about two months ago. The number of deaths in these advances was estimated at from 500 to 2,000.

Yuan Falls as Chinese Leader. Premier Yuan Shi Kai's position is becoming more intolerable daily. Neither Manchus nor Chinese trust him and the Manchus are becoming more suspicious all the time.

The moderates do not hesitate to say that if Yuan had remained at Chang Tze Fu the court would now be at hand and the rebellion ended. Many Chinese believe that while Yuan is reassuring foreigners with a view to obtaining a loan and placing money in the hands of the rebels, he is at the same time plotting to crush the rebellion with force.

The continued fighting at Nanking and the defeat of Nanking is taken as lending color to this belief. The imperialists after an attack upon Nanking that lasted for 36 hours were repulsed and driven back across the river with great loss.

White Hanged for Killing Negroes. For the murder of a negro woman and her daughter near Kingsland, Ga., J. A. O'Berry, a white man, was hanged in St. Marys, Ga. This, it is believed, is the first time in the history of the state that a white man has been executed for killing a negro.

Young Emperor's Mother Elopes. Chinese papers received in San Francisco tell of the elopement of Princess Lai, mother of the baby emperor, with the wife of the prince regent, with Yang Shu Lu, an actor.

Moving picture firms of Lansing gave "Scientific exhibitions" Sunday in the face of court prosecutions, claiming they are so empowered by a city ordinance.

Dr. H. S. Conden, the blind chaplain of the house of representatives, formerly pastor in Port Huron, has been chosen president of the Universal Brotherhood of Washington.

The Muskegon Traction & Lighting Company and the Grand Rapids & Muskegon Power Company are in fight to see which will furnish the gas for the city. Saturday the Grand Rapids & Muskegon Company closed a deal with the city whereby they are to furnish gas for much less than the other company. Monday the Muskegon company cut their price for gas from \$1.20 to \$1 per thousand.

OFFICIAL INVITATION TO AMERICANS

HOW ROBERT ROGER, MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR, IN WINNIPEG, ADDRESS, ISSUES WELCOME OF AMERICANS TO WESTERN CANADA.

During the course of a reply to an address presented to Hon. Robert Rogers, the newly appointed Minister of the Interior of Canada at a banquet given at Winnipeg in his honor, that gentleman spoke on immigration. The tone of his remarks was that he intended to pursue an aggressive and forward policy in the matter of immigration. In part, he said:

"The most important branch perhaps of that department (interior) is that of immigration. If there is anything more than an offer we want here it is a greater population, and I shall have duty to present to the people in all parts of the world where desirable emigrants are to be found the advantages and the great possibilities of this country. We have received in the past a reasonably large immigration from south of the international boundary, and in this connection let me say just a word for our American cousins who have found happy homes amongst us, and through whom we hope to welcome in greater numbers in the years to come. There are hundreds of thousands of them in our prairie provinces, happy in the enjoyment of a freedom as great as they ever knew, and all contributing in a material way towards the development of Canada. We are not blind to their value as settlers. They could better equipped with scientific farming knowledge than most of our emigrants, and constitute without doubt the wealthiest class of emigrants any new country has ever known. As head of the immigration department it will be my privilege to offer them a welcome hearty and sincere, and to so contribute to their welfare that under the protecting folds of the Union Jack they will enjoy as great a degree of liberty and happiness as under the Stars and Stripes. The Borden government cherishes nothing but the kindest feelings towards the people of every republic to the north, and will go to its length in its power to increase the bonds of kinship and neighborly good feeling that has so long existed. (Heard.)"

"While we adopt a vigorous immigration policy in that country, we will also adopt the same vigorous policy in other parts of the world. We will go to England, Ireland and Scotland, and every other country irrespective of race, creed or nationality, where we can find suitable and desirable emigrants for this great country. I think much good work can be done in those countries, and especially perhaps at the present time in England, Ireland and Scotland. Now, then, it will be my duty to stir up that policy in the most vigorous manner possible."

A DIFFERENCE.

Tessie—I suppose you won't marry unless you find one girl a million. Tom—No, with a million.

Does Your Back Ache? Backache is usually kidney ache. There is a remedy way to remove the pain. You must reach the cause—the kidneys. No better kidney remedy exists than Doan's Kidney Pills. Mrs. John A. Link, 122 E. Terry St., Bucyrus, O., says: "I was so terribly afflicted with kidney trouble, I could not leave my bed. I was attended by several doctors, but they failed to help me. Doan's Kidney Pills gave me relief after I had given up all hope and soon cured me. I have had no kidney trouble in three years."

"When Your Back is Lame, Remember the Name DOAN'S," Geo. Allastors, Foster-Bulfinch Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Knowledge That Wasn't Printed. Rev. McClure of Chicago, who represents in congress a sixth yards district, was discussing how he had been treated by the Democratic organization which appointed men to the various standing committees of the house.

"First," he said, "they wanted to get me on the committee on agriculture and I haven't an acre of cleared ground in my district. Then they tried to shove me into the committee on education, and I never went to school a day in my life. Popular."

It Goes Off. Dragging a gun through the fence, seems to be almost as effective as rocking the boat.