

## CONVERSATIONS

FRANK PROVENZANO

### Bringing a piece of Africa to metro Detroit

Dudley Moore left his mother and three brothers in Zimbabwe nine years ago.

Each summer Moore travels back to his homeland for a six-week visit. He drives about 12,000 miles throughout Zimbabwe and the township of Soweto outside of Johannesburg, visiting artists' studios, looking for paintings and sculptures to bring back to his Birmingham Gallery.

At the end of his stay, he typically collects about 10,000 pounds of art, including marble-like sculptures.

Then, the art is loaded on a train heading from Harare to Durban, where it's placed on a freighter destined for the eastern U.S.

This past trip for Moore, however, revealed the discrepancies between the two worlds.

#### Across the Atlantic

The shipment of art took three weeks to cross the Atlantic and arrive in a Baltimore warehouse. But then, it took another six weeks before the crate arrived at Moore's gallery.

Somewhere in the crevices of his unapproachable, urbane manner, Moore let his irritation show. He had paid a freight agent about \$7,500 to handle the shipping arrangements.

When the freight arrived in Baltimore, however, the bill was marked "unpaid."

"The agent was a young guy, and I thought, 'Why not give him a chance,'" said Moore in his impeccable diction.

It's Moore's nature to be trusting. For years, he had trusted that his gallery in downtown Detroit would attract visitors - white and black - interested in African art.

And in 1997 when he moved to Birmingham, he trusted that his clientele would become more diverse than the current base of 95 percent of African Americans who walk into his gallery.

#### Unpacking pieces

When Moore finally located the freight agent in Zimbabwe, he was given back only a partial amount of what he had paid. Where did the rest go?

"Right now, that guy's driving a brand new car," said Moore, who will go back to Zimbabwe to pursue a legal remedy.

Meanwhile, Moore had to pay about twice as much as he expected to pay to have the art shipped to his gallery.

He's spent this week unpacking the pieces of Zimbabwe and southern Africa.

"When people think of African art, they think of wooden sculptures," he said. "But our sculptures are known throughout Africa and Europe."

#### Closer to home

Moore is among those art dealers who are helping raise awareness in the U.S. about African sculptures, such as Nicholas Mukumburwani, Lazarus Takwira and Brighton Sango.

These sculptors gather the green mineral called verdite from the north-eastern part of their country. The greenish material is wrought into representations of tribal chiefs, contemporary images of Nefertiti and mythic-like characters.

Few of the Zimbabwean artists attend traditional art schools. Instead, they select a mentor and they work side by side.

It's by traveling to Africa and learning of these established and up-and-coming artists that Moore is bringing the continent closer to home.

"If you go to Africa and stay in a four-star hotel, going on a safari with a tour guide, that's not seeing Africa," said Moore.

Africa, as Moore knows, is a state of mind.

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## Making Connections

EDE explores sense of place; UMS presents experimental collaboration



Phyllis High: Eisenhower Dance Ensemble dancers Gregory Patterson (bottom), and Darby Wilde rehearse for their upcoming performance.



Avant-garde: 'Moondrunk,' an eclectic blend of the music of Schoenberg, contemporary dance and theatrical lighting offers audiences a hallucinatory journey.

BY FRANK PROVENZANO  
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Despite appearing on a monthly magazine cover boasting of "powerful women" in motion, Lorraine Cole's new dance piece, "On the Move," is a twisted portrait of a woman in a twisted position on a stage. The piece is a twisted portrait of a woman in a twisted position on a stage.

Down the hallway, her dance company and namesake, Eisenhower Dance Ensemble, rehearses for this Saturday's performance. "On the Move," in which they will share the stage with the Aerial Dance Company, based in Holland, Mich.

The collaboration is more about bringing together the respective audiences from western and southeastern Michigan. The only shared performance by the two companies will occur when the pieces meet and the dancers take their audience by surprise.

Each company will offer the same program. In that, 1998 and Aerial won't be in the same theater until the dance rehearsal series here before the performance.

Among EDE's dances will be "Long Way Home," which the company premiered in June. The piece was called a "dance of the American way of war" by New York Times dance critic Jack Anderson.

In some ways, EDE's New York group gave them an opportunity to "dance" company weeks, said Eisenhower.

"It's a rite of passage," she said. "We established ourselves here, but we're not here to stay. (The dance) has helped us get more widely known, and it'll also help when it comes to applying for grants."

Ironically, the "Long Way Home" may be an appropriate title for the piece, which is a road to a New York-based dance company to a New York-based dance company.

While that piece and the two others presented by EDE were characterized by the "Times" critic as having a "Midwestern sensibility," the gestures are simply tied to a sense of place, said Eisenhower, who grew up in Arizona and moved to Michigan in the mid 1980s.

"I avoid melodrama," she said. "I like to create images that you can't put into words, and that are emotional, but not based on acting."

The other two EDE pieces in "On the Move," include the intensely romantic "Moondrunk," and Lindsay Thomas' "Early Marvin," an homage to the late Marvin Gaye. Thomas' piece will be included in EDE's upcoming work inspired by Motown music, which will be held in early May at the Macomb Center for Performing Arts.

Eisenhower's style offers a stark contrast from the avant-garde leanings of New York-based choreographers, who are pursuing the latest trend of constructing dances of unique gestures.

"They're into 'noodling,'" said Eisenhower, who unfolded from her prequel posture - knees pulled to her chest, legs wrapped around each other - to demonstrate "noodling." In an instant, her arms responded as waves and her torso became pliant as a spring.

By dancer standards, Eisenhower, 43, is well beyond her prime. But by artistic standards, she is coming into her own.

With 25 years choreography experience, her work reflects the emotional range of her life, including the last 10 years of motherhood.

"I think I'm a better director today," she said. "I know where I stand."

And, obviously, where to stop.

Please see EDE, C1

### Solomon takes aim at TV legend Lear

BY FRANK PROVENZANO  
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At one point in her recent two-hour interview with Norman Lear, photojournalist Linda Solomon asked the creator of the landmark 1970s sitcom "All in the Family" and other television classics to remove his glasses. Like the floppy hat permanently affixed atop his head, Lear's wire-rimmed bifocals are as indelible as the image of Archie Bunker simmering about the "advancements" of civil rights, feminism and liberalism as he sat in his worn, high-back chair.

The eyes might be a window to the soul, but in Lear's case, they might not be readily accessible. While Lear - a longtime success since his days as a comedy writer for Dean Martin and Jerry Lewis - appears extremely likable, Solomon learned quickly not to mistake his easy-going demeanor with being a push over.

At the turn of the century, Solomon persuaded CBS Morning to air an interview with the father of the sitcom with a social commentary edge. The Mark Twain of the boob tube at one time had seven shows airing simultaneously, including "The Jeffersons" and "Maude." It was, she said, an easy sell.

The three-and-a-half minute interview will air Monday, Oct. 25, between 8-9 a.m. on the morning talk/news show on Channel 62.

Solomon of Birmingham traveled to Lear's palatial "Architectural Digest" featured home in southern California with a two-camera news crew. The interview with Lear includes Solomon's dramatically revealing still photos along with video footage.

Unlike her past photo essays that aired on CBS "Good Morning America" and CNN, this time Solomon appears in front of the camera.

While she was hesitant to inject herself into the story, she acceded to the producer's wishes. "They convinced me



Vintage: Photographer Linda Solomon used natural light in her close-up of Norman Lear.

that with video, the story should be faster paced," she said.

Solomon, who first met Lear in 1983 shortly after he cofounded "People for the American Way," a group of cultural liberals formed to fight what they perceived as the invasive and accusatory views of the Far Right.

At the time, Solomon worked for "The Detroit News." Not only did Lear admire her work, he commissioned her to shoot his 55th birthday portrait and portraits of other family members.

In Solomon's typical approach, she photographed Lear in natural light with high-speed film and no gimmicks. Her extreme close-up of Lear is vintage.

Please see LEAR, C2

## POPULAR MUSIC

### To long-time admirers, he's simply "JT"

BY FRANK PROVENZANO  
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Even in his upbeat compositions and maulin love songs during a career that spans 30 years, there's a sense of longing and melancholy in James Taylor's music. It's not so much a solemn sadness, but the relentlessly introspective lyrics and mellifluous melodies that have sustained a loyal following since Taylor's early 1970s breakthrough album, "Sweet Baby James."

Those boomers who rode out the rebellious 1960s found solace in Taylor's dreamy lullabies and warm companionship in his

painful honesty about dealing with addiction, loneliness and failed relationships.

"Fire and Rain," "You've Got a Friend," "Carolina in My Mind" and "Don't Let Me Be Lonely Tonight" aren't just acoustical gems, but a refreshing catharsis for anyone searching for self-assurance amid emotional uncertainty.

With several multi-platinum albums and a legion of loyal fans who often about their affection during transitions between songs at a "JT" concert, Taylor will transplant his popular mainstream appeal to the classical music concert hall.

For three concerts beginning Thursday, Taylor will perform his own songs and standards with the Detroit Symphony Orchestra. The songs have been arranged for orchestra by composer Stanley Silverman, who has also written scores for films and stage productions.

Few other concerts in recent years at



James Taylor

Orchestra Hall, except for major headlines such as Kathleen Battle or Itzak Perlman, have sold as quickly. Since it's been two years when he toured to promote his last album, "Hourglass," the rapid ticket sales prove Taylor's immediate and long-standing appeal with local audiences.

"We know that the people who'll come to the concert don't necessarily attend classical concerts," said Charles Culmer, program director of the DSO. "It's a different audience altogether. For us, it's about diversifying what we present and bringing in a broader audi-

ence."

Presenting a pop music icon like Taylor is the exception among major U.S. orchestras, according to Culmer. Four years ago, Taylor toured nationally and performed with symphony orchestras.

But since then, few other major symphonies have continued to present pop performers in what is traditionally a classical music setting.

"He has the best arrangements for orchestra," said Culmer. "His pieces highlight the various instruments like no other (pop performer)."

In 1995, Taylor's show with the DSO was "wildly successful," said Culmer. His concerts with the Boston Symphony are frequently aired during on-air fundraisers on PBS.

"He's got a real interest in perpetuating symphony orchestras," said Culmer. "He's doing something with his popularity."

In contrast to the whimsically sugary pop and hard rock bands of the early

Please see JT, C2