Sunday, April 9, 2000

MEDICAL BRIEFS

Cardio Theater

Enjoy working out but find walk-ing the treadmill a real grind? Well, say good-bye to those boring work-

outs.

Livonia-Body Rocks Fitness & Racquet announces the addition of Cardio Theater to their fitness facility at 36600 Plymouth Road. Members can use a variety of cardiovascular equipment, such as treadmills, stationary bikes and stair-climbers, while being entertained by six big sercen televisions and music sources.

Using headphones, members plug into a remote control attached to each cardio piece, push a button and tune into the entertainment selection of their choice. Options include television, radio, audiotape or CD entertainment.

For more information, contact Karen Mattson at (734) 591-1212.

Parkinson's expert

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"Aspects of Parkinson's Disease"
will be addressed by Dr. Lawrence
Elmer, a movement disorder specialist from the Medical College of Ohio,
at a lecture at 2:30 p.m. Saturday,
April 15, at the Livonin Civic Center
Library, 32777 Five Mile Road.
Dr. Elmer, director of the Movement Disorders Center in Toledo,
will speak about the five rtages of
Parkinson's disease and its nonmotor complications, including
dementia and depression.
The event is sponsored by the

The event is sponsored by the Westside Parkinson Support Groups. There is no charge, but reservations are necessary. Call (734) 421-4208 or (734) 261-1784.

Successful prostate screening

SCIECHING
The 5th annual Prostate Screening Day at 5t. Mary Hospital in
Livonia on March 4 drew over 600
men for the free exam and blood test
to detect prostate cancer. This
event, one of the highest attended
health screenings in the area, was
sponsored by the Radiation Oncology
and Community Outreach

departments.

Of the over 600 participants, about 12 percent were referred for further follow-up testing with a physician. This screening is an excellent, convenient way for men to maintain their prostate health.", said Marianne Simancek, R.N., director of Community Outreach.

director of Community Outreach.

Over 50 physicians and staff at St.

Mary Hospital volunteer their time
and services to the screening day.

"This is one of the most efficient and
well-attended community prostate
screenings in the srea," said John
Harb, M.D., urologist at St. Mary,
Harb oversees St. Mary Hospital's
prostate brachytherapy program, an
outpatient surgical procedure for
prostate cancer.

For more information on prostate health, contact St. Mary Hospital Community Outreach, 734 656-8940, www.stmary hospital.org or www.PROSEEDSERVICE.com. For a physician on staff at St., Mary, call 1-888-464-WELL.



Cancer: Care, cure and compassion

STAFF PROTO BY PAUL HURSCIDIAN

BY RENÉE SEOGLUND STAFF WRITER rakoglund@oe.homecomm.net

A small, smartly dressed woman in her sixties walks briskly across the lobby of the U-M Comprehensive Cancer Center in Ann Arbor then pauses in front of the

ann Arbor then pauses in front of the revolving doors.
"Well, I'm done for another four weeks," she says before exiting. "And you know, I feel grent. I don't even feel sick."

feel sick."

In a way, this woman, who was wearing a wig and most likely undergoing chemotherapy personifies the center's mission to treat the body, mind and soul of every cancer patient seeking treatment. At the center, healing comes through many avenues.

Alice Campbell, 62

Campbell was first diagnosed with breast cancer in 1983. There was no history of the disease in her family. Following a mastectomy of her left breast, she underwent one year of chemotherapy. Everything was fine intil 1997.

breast, she underwent one year of chemotherapy. Everything was fine until 1997.

"I was diagnosed with the same breast cancer, which had gone to the bone. I was unaware of it until I went to 'reach for a lamp and I felt this pain. I had broken my collar bone. Campbell went on tamoxifen for a year and a half until she developed a blood clot in her leg. She now takes arimidex, which also suppresses estrogen, and receives pamidronate, a bone strongthener, intravenously. "The combination of armidix and pamidronate has allowed me to be really active," she says.

Campbell continues to work as an administrative manager at the Family Independence Agency office in Jackson, Mich., where she's worked for 32 years. She also gardens, volunteers and tutors in math a young woman who experienced a head injury.

She did not have breast reconstruc- S'First yeu are so scared, and

She did not have breast reconstruction. "I didn't want to spend any
more time with hospitals. I just
wanted to go on living." Neither did
she join a support group. "I have to
be living and active."
Campbell's support comes from the
cancer center's staff, her 86-year-old
mother ("my cheerleader") and her
six brothers and sisters. Campbell
provides hope for women with metastasized breast cancer. "I think one of
the reasons I coped so well is that I
had an outside focus, goals to
achieve."

Karen Hamer, 50

summer.

Hamer, who now lives in Holland,
Ohio, was diagnosed with breast cancer in 1985. She detected it herselfjust weeks after her mammogram
came back negative. "I felt it in the
shower. When I laid down on the bed
I definitely felt it," she says.
She did not return to her gynecologist, whom she felt patronized her.

you don't believe it. I think you are in denial a long, long time. I think I still am." —Jane Zhang

Karen Hamer, 50

Breast cancer is in Hamer's family.

Her grandmother, mother and sister had it. However, they all had different breast cancers and don't share the common breast cancer gene. The environment may have played a role, says Hammer. Her family lived in Long Island, N.Y., where they sprayed heavily with DDT during the summer.

Instead, she went to her family doctor. "He said I had the cancer for five

tor. He said I had the cancer for five years."

In the mid-80s, breast cancer patients often woke up with a mastectomy if their biopsies came back positive. Hamer sought other options. A friend told her about U-M Hospital. Within weeks, Hamer had a lumpectomy and began radiation treatments and seven months of chemotherapy. After a recurrence in 1993, she had a bi-lateral mustectomy (both breasts) with reconstruction.

my (both breasts) with reconstruction.

"By coming here I gained eight years, and by then the reconstruction process was more sophisticated."

Hamer's cancer experience has receded into the shadows. "I don't always think about it because it has been so long. But every time I drive up ... when my 60th birthday came—a lot of people are so depressed – but I was so thankful to be alive. Nothing to be depressed about."

Mangaret Smith. 70

Margaret Smith, 70

Margaret Smith, 70
Smith was diagnosed with breast cancer in 1986, the year shore retired as an elementary school teacher. The cancer was discovered during a routine exam. Smith had never had a mammogram.

"The doctor called and said you should see a surgeon."
Smith, who lives in Battle Creek, Mich, immediately took her X-rays to a local surgeon. The said, Wha. Smith, there's nothing wrong with you. He had the wrong X-rays."
A good friend suggested Smith come to U-M Hospital. If called on a Thursday, and they saw me the followlown Monday.

my and radiation. She took tamoxifen for a number of years, until a spot showed up on her rib. She was put on megace, and after other spots formed, she received gemeitabine. She has undergone several different chemotherapy and radiation therapies. It have a lot of cancer in the spine, she says.

Although she uses a wheelchair, Smith's appearance defies her medical history. Her complexion is clear and bright, and she is eager to talk. She praises her radiation doctor, Dr. Allon Lichter, whom she refers to as "amazing." When her radiation implants were due to come out late at night, "he was right there," she says.

And she has more praise for the cancer center. "I con't say enough about Dr. Wicha's nurses."

Jane Zhang. 42

Jane Zhang, 42

Breast cancer

survivors share stories of hope Healer: Dr. Max Wicha, director of the U-M Com-prehensive Cancer Center, believes within 10 years breast cancer treatments will be cus-

tomized for particular cancers.

Jane Zhang, 42

Zhang, of Ann Arber, an aerospace engineer with Ford Motor Co., was on assignment in Japan when ahe was diagnosed with breast cancer in September 1998. "I found it mysalf because of an abnormal feeling in the night. The breast feit more swollen."

She had a needle aspiration and a mammogram, but the doctor would not confirm his findings. "I kept asking him. It said it's possible. In Japan, they think it's better for the patient not to know."

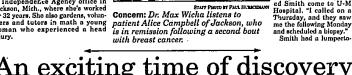
Zhang, originally from Chinareturned to the United States and contacted the Breast Cancer Clinic at U.M Hospital. The clinic scheduled more tests. "I pushed them for surgery," she said. Zhang had her breast removed followed by six months of chemotherapy.

Her cancer experience is still new. First you are so scared, and you don't believe it. I think you are in denial a long, long time. I think I still am.

Cancer has dramatically affected

am."
Cancer has dramatically affected Caner has dramatically affected Zhang's approach to life. "Since then I have forced myself to slow down and prioritize. I have to do that." She now works part-time at Ford and no longer has a nanny to watch over her children, ages 5 and 10.

"The other time I reserve for myself. I should have done this many years ago. I appreciate I was diagnosed with this cancer, but I survived. That woke me up. Work is not all of your life."



An exciting time of discovery

BY RENÉE SKOGLUND

In terms of breast cancer research, it is a very excling time at the U-M Comprehensive Cancer Center, said Dr. Max Wichn, director. "Now we understand for the first time what cancer is, it is a disease of the genes, we are certained, researchers have met there are not to the control of the first time what cancer is, it is a disease of the genes, we are certained, researchers have met there are diseased in the control of th

an antibody for the HER-2 protein associated with more aggressive breast cancers. The antibody helps shrink cancer cells, which makes chemotherapy work better. But while there are many successes, said Wichs, "it's still not enough."

Top ten

The U-M Comprehensive Cancer Center, established in 1986, is one of just 37 National Cancer Institute-designated comprehensive centers in the nation. It was ranked among the top 10 beat cancer centers in U.S. News & World Report's tenth annual survey. Last year, the center scheduled 88,000 outpatient visites.

The five top cancers diagnosed and treated at U-M are melanoma, breast, prostate, non-liodgkins lymphoma and lung. Patients visited 10 multidisciplinary clinics that provided the services of a surgeon, medical oncologist, radiation encologist, rurses and support staff at minimum. They also had the opportunity to consult with nutritionists and social workers.

"A patient can come and see all the specialists in one setting," said wichs.

The multidisciplinary clinics target the following: blood and marrow

hid Al-Haij about the team's anti-dy research.

The multidisciplinary clinics target Scientists siready have developed the following: blood and marrow

transplantation, bone metastasis, breast care, gastrointestinal cancers, head and neck cancers, lung cancer, lymbomafeukemia, melanoma, sarcoma and urologic cancers.

In addition, the center offers a number of specialized clinics, including: breast imaging, breast wellness, cancer genetics, cutaneous surgery and oncology, medical oncology, neurologic cancers, orthopedic oncology, and thoracic cancers.

It is a formidable offering the center's 266 physicians and scientists have striven to make user-friendly. Judging from the center's main lobby, they've succeeded. The lobby – with its wood paneling, soft colors, art displays and central information desk looks like it belongs in an upscale hotel.

Alice Campbell of Jackson, Mich.,

looks like it belongs in an upscale hotel. Alice Campbell of Jackson, Mich., has been a patient at the center since before it opened. She choose U-M because "it's tops in the field of infor-mation, techniques and procedures and it has access to any new discover-les."

However, when you're dealing with cancer, the caregivers are as impor-tant as the treatments. "The staff



BTAPF PROTO BY PAIL HURSCHARM
Exciting times: Dr. Wicha and Muhammad Al-Hadij, u post-doctoral research fellow, discuss the latest outcome of an ongoing research project on breast cancer cells.

was very supportive, very accommodating," said Campbell. "If a problem comes up, they're a telephone call away."