Product labeling is important for sunscreen products

Product labels relay important information to consumers on what they are buying. Sungeress should be no exception. To date, there has not been aniformly agreed upon method of measuring the effectiveness of sunscreens in protecting consumers against hamful ultraviolet-A (UV) to radiation, which has been and akin cancer. The land of Gastriy is reflected in the United States Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) Sunscreen incongraph, published in May 1999, that did not address this lesses. Seasking at the American Seasking at the American

1999, that did not address this issue.

Speaking at the American Academy of Dermatology's Melanome/Skin Cancer Detection and Prevention Month Press Conference, dermatologist Henry W. Lim, M.D., Chairman and Clarence S. Livingood Chair, Department of Dermatology, Henry Ford Health System discussed the recommendations of the AAD Consensus Conference on UVA Protection of Sunsersens.

screens.
The Consensus Conference The Consensus Conference was a one-day conference thought together leaders in dermatology, industry, government agencies and the photohology community with the goal of generating a consensus as to how UVA protection should be indicated on sunscreen labels and providing a recommendation to the FDA.

Currently, sunscreens are rated or classified by their Sun Protection Factor (SPF). The SPF numbers that appear on a sunscreen's label refer to the product's ability to screen or block out the sun's burning rays, known as ultraviolet-B (UVB)

■ Currently, sun-screens are rated or classified by their Sun Protection Factor (SPF). The SPF num-bers that appear on a sunscreen's label refer to the product's ability to screen or block out the sun's burning rays, known as ultraviolet-B (UVB) radiation ... the primary cause of sun-burn and skin cancer.

> radiation - which is the primary cause of sunburn and skin can-cer. However, there is not a uni-formly acceptable standardized method to measure a sunscreen's ability to provide protection from UVA rays. UVA has a longer wavelength than UVB, allowing it to penetrate deeper into the skin to cause damage to its elas-

skin to cause damage to its elastic fibers.

"The goal of our recommendations is to establish standardiced, biologically relevant and practical UVA sunsereen testing methods and provide labeling that consumers can understand, said Lim. "While we recommend that UVB protection - reflected by SFF - should still be the primary consideration for determing a sunsereen's potency, we must consider how UVA protection should be measured, and how it should be communicated to consumers in a manner that is simple and clear."

Available testing methods and labeling procedures were pre-

labeling procedures were pre-sented and considered by the

international conference participants. Based on the Consensus Conference, the AAD recommends that for a product to be considered broad spectrum, "it has to pass a rigorous set of testings done in the laboratory and using human subjects. SPF 15 or above is strongly recommended for sunscreams with broad spectrum claim.

In addition, the AAD recommends that an increase in the SPF of a sunscream must be accompanied by a proportional increase in the UVA protection value. These "proportional" values should be determined jointly by the FDA and the industry.

"Three labeling methods were reviewed at the conference. The AAD recommends that pass/fall

labeling be used to communicate the UVA protection value of sunscreens to consumers, added
Lim. Therefore, sunscreens fulfilling the above criteria would
be labeled simply as "road spectrum." This would minimize confusion to the consumer. The
specifies of the testing criteria
could then be displayed in fine
print on the back of the container."

The American Academy of The American Academy of Dermatology recommends using sunscreen as part of an overall sun protection plan that including, a wide-brimmed hat and sunglasses, and limiting outdoor activities between 10 am. and 4 p.m. daily when the sun's rays are the strongest.

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Madonna University offers class on the Net

This fall, Madonna University's College of Nursing and Health will offer an on-line course titled "Introduction to Entrepreneurship For Nurses." Fall classes begin the week of Rent 5.

Entrepreneurship For Nurses. Fall classes begin the week of Sept. 5.

"This introductory course is lesigned to be a springboard for nurses who want to start their pwn business," said Kate Walters, course instructor. Participants will learn about other nurses in business and how they turned their ideas into successive the said of the said of

Coral study for MS therapy

For people living with relapsing-remitting multiple selectoria, the only treatment options available today involve regular injections with a needle. The landmark Coral Study will investigate whether a new medication could change that.

Wayne State University, the only comprehensive research enter for RS in Michigan, is one of 57 sites in the United States. The study's purpose is to assess the efficacy, safety and tolerability of an oral formulation of COPAXONE® (glatterams deceated for injection) in people with relapsing-remitting MS. Locally, the study is spearbeaded by Dr. Omar Khan at the Wayne State University Health Center. He emphasized the significance of an oral MS medication in drawing into treatment

many more MS patients.
There are still thousands who

are not interested in treatment Secause of the injections. Some people have needle phobia," he said.

isid.

The study will lnst 56 weeks; inrollment is expected to lnst at least six menths. People with a confirmed diagnosis of relapsing-temitting MS who are interested to participating in the Coral Study should call the Wayne State University Multiple Sclerosis Center at (313) 745-4220. They may also call toli-free 1-877-31CORAL (312-0725) for a pre-screening.



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