Let's learn to live together whether it be city or burbs

The party's over. The ships have sailed away.
Detroit celebrated its 300th birthday in fine style. Tall ships and long canoes, ceremonial re-enactments and pulsating rhythm and blues declared that the industrial city on the bend of a river has come through all right.

Now comes the hard part.



Hugh Gallagher

The recent census reminds us, if we needed any reminder, that the Detroit metropolitan arca is the most racially segre-gated in the United States. The suspicion, fear and miscom munication that have character-ized this area for

a long time are still with us. A recent correspondence to one of our staffers still with us.

A recent correspondence to one of our staffers suggests just how far we have to go. The writer made it very clear that she was "not a raciat" and that "some of her beat friends" were black. Of course, they were "intelligent, hard working, quiet' black people, unlike those other black people, Vou would think after all the ridicule such hedging has rightly endured over the years that no one could ever write a letter like that with a straight face. But, you might be surprised how many people express themselves this way.

The woman had no problem with Stevie Wonder performing, but why didn't they have a nice white person like Barbra Streisand performing, too? (Apparently the very-New York Streisand gother start at some Detroit clubs).

The woman had once lived in Detroit, but when it became unbearable, she had to move. And, after all, what had black people ever done for Detroit before 1960 anyway...

Hmm!

Whenever the subject of race comes up you not

Hmm! Whenever the subject of race comes up, you are likely to be blitzed with ancedotal stories about racial confrontations, about once 'beautiful neighborhoods' that had fallen to decline, about business districts that were once vibrant and are now boarded over. And, ancedotally, those stories are true. What is missing, of course, is a wider view of generations of poverty, social isolation, real estate manipulation, drug peddling in poor neighborhoods, education and job discrimination and on and on and on. The usual response is, "Don't bother me with the facts, listen to my stories." And, no doubt, it's hard not be sympathetic, especially to people who

eventually found themselves the isolated minority, finally pushed out by a rising crime rate and real estate speculators.

The Observer Newspapers don't cover the city of Detroit. We do cover entertainment and cultural venues in the city, because they draw the majority of their audiences from our communities. We did stories on Detroit 300 because it was really a celebration of the settling of the Detroit area, not just the city. But, our focus is on the local communities that we serve.

Still, we understand the importance of the central city to the future of our auturban communities, and we know that many of the people who

ties, and we know that many of the people who now live in the suburbs, white and black, were

once Detroiters. We understand that the racial divide hasn't served our community well, either city or sub-urbs. We are also aware that we need to encour-



Majestic setting: The gleaming build-ings of downtown Detroit were a fine backdrop for the tall ships during the celebration of the city's founding.

age diversity in our suburban communities.

A good newspaper is a forum for ideas, a place where divergent views and contrasting stories might get us a little closer to the ever-clusive truth. A good newspaper will also challenge simple assumptions or easy presumptions with both ancedotes and the broader view.

Now comes the hard part: learning to live together as a united metropolitan community working toward common goals. It won't be easy and it won't be as graceful as a schooner skimming across the river, but it is absolutely essential. Let the communication begin!

Hugh Gallagher is the managing editor of The Observer Newspapers. He can be reached by phone at (734)953-2149, by e-mail at hgallagher@oc.homecomm.net and by fax at (734)591-7279.

Proposal to break up phone company gains momentum

Mike Maiott

Didn't we just get done with a big statewide fight over local telephone services? Didn't our state lawmakers just wrap up a bill intended to rein in the telephone company and open the market to competition?

Didn't our typically pro-business governor get so ticked off with Ameritech that he favored a bill ordering mandatory rate cuts for customers?

The answer to all those questions is yes. And while you probably still have not seen any independent local telephone service providers pounding on your door offering to sell you a cheaper connection, you should get ready for another round of fighting on the phone front.

Expect it to get nastier, because the stakes this time are likely to be even higher.

Last week, the Michigan Alliance for Competitive Telecommunications issued a report called "Promises Made, Promises Bracken: How Ameritech Took Advantage of Deregulation in Michigan during the 1990s."

The title pretty well says it all. MiACT occuses Ameritech of cutting staffing, curtailing investment in telephone infrastructure and allowing service problems to soar while all the time taking sizable profits. From 1985 to 1989, Americeh's "return on equity" exceeded 44 percent, doube what local telephone providers elsewhere in the country typically made.

Ameritech, of course, has denied the necusations. It has contended staffing remains pretty much as it has always been, the employees are just counted differently today. Investment,

Ameritech, asy, is going up.

The company acknowledges it had service problems last your but has a plan in place to reduce the backlog and has made progress. Ameritech has also argued it should be allowed to enter the long distance service market, and it has already made an application to the Federal Communications. Commission for permission to book an plementation of last year's have and has had some success in doing so. The courts have overnued the state legislature's decision to order the companies to stop collecting a \$32-22-per-month end-user line charge.

Nonetheless

That was the main recommendation in its

Promises Made, Promises Broken' report. Not
unlike the break up of AT&T ordered by the feds
in 1984, "structural separation" would force
Americch to sell off pieces of its system, in
essence, breaking the company within Michigan
into smaller companies.

MiACT suggests Michigan lawmakers draw a
chapter from its own deregulation scheme for electric utilities, which calls for a separation of the
delivery system from the sellers of the service. As
it would apply to telephones, one company would
own the lines and would then sell services to all
companies that want to retail local phones services to individual customers. That would put
Ameritech's sales operation, the reasoning goes,
on an even keel with competitive local phone services providers.

A similar plan has already been introduced to
the state Legislature, but frankly it has yet to get
much interest. State Reps. Mickey Morzimer, RHorton, Andrew Neumann, D-Alpena; and Robert
Cosselin, R-Troy, introduced House Bill 4704 in
May. That bill would force both Ameritech and
Verizon – formerly GTE and Michigan's secondlargest phone company – to break into "wholesale
and "retail" operations. The bill still rests
untouched in the House Energy and Technology
Committee.

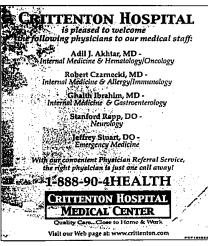
But the need for consideration may be self-evi-

But the need for consideration may be self-evident. While lawmakers have tried to open the market to competition, little has come of their effort. Today, Ameritech still has more than 5 million phone lines in Michigan, 78 percent of the total and 98 percent of the lines in its coverage areas. Verixon has 100 percent of the lines in its coverage areas in Michigan.

Last year, customers were outraged when phone repairs and installations were taking up to four months to complete. And the state has had to launch into its own program, LinkMichigan, to bring high speed data lines to the state because Ameritech's DSL programs is taking so long.

Meantime, Ameritech's primary emphasis seems to be expanding into the lucrative long distance market. But the need for consideration may be self-evi-

Mike Malott reports on the local implications of state and regional events. He can be reached by phone at (810) 227-0171 or by e-mail at mmalott@homecomm.net





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