German river cruise is trip into history and legend

When my husband and I received the brochure from Alumni College Abroad on the legendary Rhine River, we made reservations to revisit Germany. Scenery along the Rhine River Gorge was the high point of all the vistas, vil-

ings) point of an time visitas, vinluges and castles.

Starting at Mainz, our cruiser first passed Ehrenfels eastle
or the 'Mouse Tower' built by
the Archbishops of Mainz to
collect toils from passing merchants in the Rhine Gorge near
Bingen. Our excellent guide
recounted the legend of the
Mouse Tower in the middle of
the Rhine River: During a
famine in the year 969, the
starving peasants implored the
Archbishop of Mainz to sell the
grain in his granaries, but he
refused, waiting for higher
prices. When they marched on
his castle, he ordered the granaries opened. The peasants
rushed in and he closed the
barn door and set it afire. A
guggle of mice ran out of the
harn, following the
Archbishop, who rushed to the
Mouse Tower castle. The mice
pursued him. All that was left
of that bishop was a skeleton.
The next River Rhine specter
to Stalte Reichenstein, which
also has its legend, but with a
happier ending. In the Middle
Ages, a beautiful girl, Gerda,
who lived in the castle, fell in
love with a prince who lived
with his uncled to arrange a marriage for the prince with
Gerda's fither, but then the
uncle fell in love with Gerda
and he decided to marry the
young woman himself. Duringthe ride to the wedding thapel,
Gerda's horse bolted, the uncle
unfortunately fell to his death
when his horse reared up, and
the young couple was married
as first planned.
Next the asserting Loreng a

the young couple was married as first planned.
Next, the awaited Loreley, a quartitie rock, 435 feet high, narrows the river valley creating a treacherous bend. According to legend, seven blond virgins singing on the rock lured sailors to their doom at this narrowest part of the river, Coming up is Rheinfels Castle, the hargest on the Rhine, built in 1245 by the Count of Katzenelhenbogen.
The cruise on the legendary River Rhine sponsored by

Alexander Zonjic

In a 6:00 p.m. performance

Alumni Campus Abroad in June was described as "Unrivade Scenie beauty that crowns the banks." The Rhine originates in Switzerland and winds its way through six countries, but the passage through the gorge between Mainz and Koblenz with its formidable assites is spectacular. lar. Our starting point was Breisach, and on the first day's outing, three busses took the

lar. Our starting point was Breisach, and on the first day's outing, three busses took the passengers to 12th century Freiburg with its eathedral on Munsterplatz surrounded by a daily outdoor farmers' market. Luncheon at the half-timbered Black Forest Inn elimaxed with Black Forest Cake, and the tour bus took us on to Strasbourg, France. With Euros as the eurrency now, crossing the border was seamless in every way. Located in France's Alsace region, Strasbourg's been back and forth as part of France and Germany 14 times. A lecture on the emerging European Community at the Council of Europee ampliasized the educational focus. The wines of Alsace were tasted on the Route du Via in its medieval village of Obernal in the Vosges foothills. At Ebersmuenster, the group listened to an organ concert in an exquisite abbey. The next morning, while the ship departed Strasbourg for Greiferen, Germany, we set out on an excursion to Baden, the luxurious cusino and resor with its Roman Carcalla Baths. After the ship was docked in Speyer, the baden, the luxurious cusino and resor with its Roman Carcalla Baths. After the ship was docked in Speyer, the the ship that the ship was docked and the ship was doc

the tew spared in World war II bombings.
Exploring Heidelberg's student bars, the Seppl and the Red Ox Inn, where the Student Prince is said to have been written, followed. Soon it was on to Speyer with its

Rownnegue Cathelage By on to Speyer with its
Romanesque Cathedral. By
now, the doms or cathedrals
began to meld together in a
Romanesque-Güsthie collage of
spires. In Worms, the group
studied Martin Luther and the
Reformation and yet another
magnificent cathedral where
Luther tacked his reformation
thesis on the door in 1517.
An excursion to Mainz and
the Gutenberg Museum

showed the was importance of movemble type invented there, by Johannes Gutenberg. On 10 Berlin, its museums and its construction cranes. The German capital changed after the fall of the wall in 1899 to a reunited Berlin, and a constant wave of rebuilding has resulted in countless cranes on many building sites and a constant roar of equipment. As tourists in Berlin, after Unter den Linden, it's the museums that have to be seen and the five are on the Spree River's Museum Island in the former East Berlin. In March, an article in the New York Times said, "The museums carried the sears of German history, in the 1930's, The Naci's stripped them of what was called degenerate modern art. (After World War II) West Berlin's response was to convert palaces in the Charlottenburg district into museums and build the Neue Nationalgalerie near the Berlin Wall: After a visit, a tour of the Mationalgalerie is essential.

Wali. Alter a vist, a four of the Alte (add) Nationalgalerie is essential.

The German aim, the Times said, is to eventually link all the Berlin Museums with their 4,000 years of art by 2008. The Pergamon Museum, with its 40 meter high marble Greek altar and 113 meter frieze of Greek statues-discovered in 1864 by Carl Humann in Pergamon — excavated with Turkish government permission and semehow brought to Berlin Probably the most famous of antiquities opened in 1930 at Berlins Pergamon Museum, a monument to Greek art, with its goddess Athena Hellenistic sculpture, one of many on display.

as gouless Autem reterains exculpture, one of many on display.

An unexpected treat was the timeless bust of Nefertiit (1340 B.C.) at the Agytisches (Egyplin) Museum. But disappointing in June, the famous Bradenburger Gate – called the quintessential symbol of Berlin – was enveloped in plastic for repairs.

Inspired by the Athenian entrance to Aeropolis and finished in 1795, it was the memorable scene at the fall of the Berlin Wall in 1999. It is scheduled to reopen in September 2002.

Gretchen Hitch is a Bloomfield Village resident and former long-time columnist for the Observer & Eccentric.

Tender To Detroit



According to legend, Castle Rheinstein was home to a prince who married the beautiful Gerda after an involved



Inuit Art Show

Ave Maria Fine Art Gallery

August 24, 2002

10am - 3pm

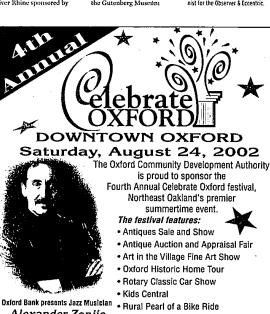
Featuring artwork created by the Inuit people of Arctic Canada. Their view of the world is brilliantly portrayed through their drawings and paintings. This view is refreshingly naive, yet sophisticated. The images are both humorous and spiritual, leaving the viewer with a good feeling.

Conveniently located at Domino's Parms in Ann Arbor, Take US 23 to exit 41, then 1/2 mile East follow the signs to Domino's Farms on Earhart Road. North of Plymouth Road. Entrance is at Lobby B.

Gallery Hours: Tuesday - Friday 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Thursday 10 a.m. to 8 p.m. Saturday 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

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