U-M hosts first conference on depression in students

The University of Michigan will host the nation's first major conference focused on depression in college students March 6 and 7 at the Michigan League in Ann Arbor. The event will explore current knowledge on depression and related disorders in college undergraduate and graduate students, and the best approaches for prevention, detection and treatment. It is co-spousored by the University of the consequence of the conference of the confere

sioncente.org.
Speakers will include depression experts from the U-M and other academic institutions,

FACTS ABOUT DEPRESSION

According to the National Institute of Mental Health, approximately 18.8 million American adults, or about 9.5 percent of the nation's population age 18 and older, have a depressive disorder. Depression most often begins in late childhood, in adolescence, or in early adulthood. Recent research on depression and suicide in college students has begun to rules the public's awareness of the issue. For example, the American College Health Association in 2000 reported that 10 percent of college and been diagnosed with depression sometime in their lives. A 2021 national survey found that more than 80 percent of earnpas counseling enters npus counseling centers

mental health advocates, and students who have dealt with depression and bipolar disorder in their own lives. The event

will feature many workshops and discussion groups, as well as panel sessions, displays, a video documentary featuring

financial responsibilities, and increased awareness of sexual identity and orientation.

surveyed said they thought the number of students with severe psychological disorders had risen over the last five years. Meanwhile, a recently published study from Kansas State University found that from 1890 to 2001, the percentage of students treated for depression doubled, as did the percentage of swicklad students. Experts suspect that the college years are an especially vulnerable time for students prone to depression because of a potent mix of the hormonal and neurological changes of late adolescence, and the stressors of college life. These stressors include independent living, new social situations, increased academic demands, increased academic demands, functions.

atudents with depression, and a performance by Mentality, a U-M student advocacy group that explores mental health issues. Three noted authors whose books address their own experiences with depression will give keynote addresses open to the public: National Book Award witner Andrew Solomon, author of The Noonday Denon, author of The Noonday Denon, Meri Nana-Aran Danquah, who wrote Willow Weep for Me: A Black Woman's Journey Though Depression, and Kathy Cronkite, author of On the Edge of Darkness: Conversations About Conquering Depression, which features interviews with celebrities who have depression.

AWARENESS GROWING

"Awareness of depression is growing in America, but we have not yet paid enough atten-tion to the college population, who have both an adolescent's wno nave both an adolescent vulnerability to the onset of depression and nearly adult levels of independence and stress," explains Dr. John Greden, executive director of stress, explains Dr. John Greden, executive director of the U-M Depression Center. "Recent research confirms that

address it."
Adds Earl Lewis, dean of the
Rackham school: "We hope
this conference will call attention to and work to ease the
stigms of depression on the
college campus. We need to
learn from one another, and
adapt the best practices from
each campus to achieve earlier cach campus to achieve earlier detection and effective inter-vention, including suicide pre-vention.

vention."

Greden and Lewis also hope the event will help identify barriers that stand in the way of implementation of effective strategies; formulate public policy interventions to oversome these barriers; and catalyze a coordinated, comprehensive approach to improve student mental health be

Among the topics to be addressed in the two full days of the event are: recognition of depression; issues facing stu-dent mental health services;

issues for students of different tethnicities, nationalities and genders.

A book-lighing associated with the conference will be held 6:16 p.m. March 6 at the Michigan League. Solomon and Crombide will be joined by Patrick Corrigan, the executive director of the University of Chicago Center for Psychilatric Rehabilitation, whose book on the stigma of mental lilnesses is called Don't Coll Me Nuts.

The conference is being planated by a committee co-chaired by Greden and Lewis, with faculty, staff and student participants from the U-M Depression Center and Medical School; Rackham School of Graduate Studies; building the Counseling and Psychological Services office and the University Health Service; School of Nursing: School of Dentiatry; School of Social Work; College of Literature, Science, and the Arts: School of Art and Design: Social Work; College of Literature, Science, and the Arts; School of Art and Design; School of Education; and the Institute for Human Adjustment.

Study finds mental gains after damage in premature babies

BY LINDSEY TANNER AP WEDICAL WRITER

A STOCIA WHITE

CHICAGO (AP) Neurological damage in very
small premature babies may
decrease over time, according
to research that tracked children through age 8 and found
substantial mental gains.
Many youngsters once considered retarded ended up scoring in the nearly normal range
on tests of verbal function and
(2), the study found.
Children who received early
intervention such as speech
thermy, those from two-parent
families, and those twotracked and the study of the contention were found to experience
the greatest improvement in

mental function.

The findings are surprising because previous research has found negative long-term results for very small preemies, and conventional thinking says that 12 doesn't change – at least in people born at a normal weight.

"We were thrilled by the findings and surprised because previous reports suggested that there's an adverse outcome for very low birth-weight bables," said lead researcher Dr. Laurn Ment, a Yale University pediatric neurologist.

"We found children progressively getting better between 3 and 8 years of age," Ment said. The study involved 296 children born at 28 weeks and

weighing just over 2 pounds (one kilogram) on average. Results appear in Wednesday's Journal of the American Medical Association. Children born extremely pre-maturely are at risk for a vari-ety of neurological problems, ranging from eerebral palsy, mental retardation and vision trouble to more subtle learning and behavior difficulties.

BRAIN CAN REPAIR

Ment said the study results echo recent research in animals showing that the developing brain can repair itself. A JAMA editorial suggests that broader tests of mental function would have had poor-

er results and notes that IQ improvements were still in the average to low-average range. "Despite improvements in scores, such low average functioning can place a child at significant academic disadvantage, said editorial author Glen Aylward, a developmental specialist at Southern Illinois University's medical school. The youngsters were given a test of verbal abilities and three different IQ tests starting at age 3.

The average IQ scores increased from 90 to 95.
The average score on the verbal test increased from 88 points at age 3 to 99 points at age 8, Data from normal birthweight children suggest average

verbal scores improve by about 4.6 points over time, the authors said.

Nearly half of the children with verbal scores in the mental retardation range - below 70 - at 3 years of age scored at least in the borderline range - 70 to 80 - at age 8. And about two-thirds of the children with borderline scores on both tests at age 3 had scores in the normal range at age 8.

A score of 100 would be average on both the 102 and verbal tests for a normal birth-weight 8-year-old.

Less significant improvements were found in children born with bleeding for the brain - a common complication in very low birth-weight babies.

Prominent preemie researcher Dr. Maureen Hack was skeptical of the results and said the children studied were not given tests designed to measure problems usually linked with prematurity, such as attention deficits and visual-

as attention deficits and visual-motor impairments. Hack also faulted the researchest for not comparing the prematurely born children with youngsters born at normal weight and said the premies likely would have fared worse if such a comparison had been made.

"I personally feel that basical-ly, the functional problems per-sist," said Hack, of Reinbow Bables and Children's Hospital in Cleveland.

YOGA

FROM PAGE C6

inques to control breathing and mental function.

This is not meant to be an anatomical representation of the layers of the human body sut rather a metaphorical chart of the self.

If physical body, energy body and mental body begin to function consciously, then you will see that health and well-being is very naturally taken care of, said Sadhguru. The practices are said to

The practices are said to stimulate the release of physi-cal, mental and emotional blocks, which can lead to ill-

ness.
"Yoga is not oriented toward disease," said Sadhguru, "Yoga is oriented toward activating your energy body to its full

flow. When it is in full flow and in proper balance, the physical body and mental body can have no disease in

body can have no disease in them."

Karen Martin of Clinton Township heard about the program and came to see what Isha yoga is all about.

"My cousin took the program and has been enthralled with it," she said.

"I've been doing yoga without any thought of going past the the physical aspect. Now, I want to go deeper and get more out of it."

Others came just to hear Sadhguru speak.

Sadhguru speak. We're all out there search-

We're all out there searce ing for the meaning of life, trying to reach inside our-selves and make sense of it all," said Sharon Merrill of Livonia, "I enjoyed listening to

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(Sadhguru's) talk. He says profound things in everyday language. Susannah Holstein of

Susannah Holstein of Northville was in agreement. "He's a sacred person," she said, but he doesn't claim to be any different than the rest of us. I enloy his presence." Isha yoga is not associated with any religious trudition. The Isha Foundation administrates 50 centers, a medical facility and a chil-drens home in Sadhguru's native India. In addition to his talk at St. Mary Mercy Hosoital.

In addition to his talk at St. Mary Mercy Hospital, Sadhguru also spoke in Ann Arbor, Detroit, Warren and Pontias. He will return to Michigan for a seven-day intensive program April 30 to May 6.

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