

DOES THE GRAIN OF YOUR BEARD RUN IN STRANGE DIRECTIONS?

Do you suffer from "whirls" of hair on your chin or neck? Does the grain of your beard run every which way? If so you have difficulty shaving and our message is very important to you. Thousands and thousands of men share your trouble but have found permanent shaving comfort with the Probak double-edge razor blade.

You may ask us why this blade is particularly

suited for men with hard-to-shave beards. There is a sound reason. The Probak has an entirely different type of edge than is found on any other blade.

You need only try Probak to learn for yourself. We positively guarantee it to give you a degree of shaving comfort previously enjoyed only by men with average beards. Prove this. Buy a package of Probaks tonight.

PROBAK BLADES

FOR GILLETTE RAZORS

WEST FARMINGTON Mrs. Ervin Knapp 40-14

Mrs. G. G. Sheldon came to Michigan with Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Howard when they returned from Zephyrhills, Florida, where they spent the winter. Mrs. Sheldon is from Clermont, Florida, and will spend the summer with her daughter Mrs. Ray Howard.

Lightning struck the Nichols house on 13-Mile Road, taking off plaster and doing other damage by shaking. No fire resulted. The high waters did considerable damage to J. R. Ward's place on Drake Road, washing out the auto bridge and foot bridge and destroying other improvements about the place.

Mrs. Henry Wedenstorf is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Elisla Bridge in Detroit this week.

Miss Grace Halverson of Detroit spent Sunday with her sister Mrs. Floyd Howard and family.

Dorothy and Louise Ward were absent from school Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pennel and family have moved from the old Pennel farm to the Garner farm on Pontiac Road.

Mr. and Mrs. George Heliker, Sr., and family spent Sunday with relatives at Drayton Plains.

Rogers Dickie, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Dickie, is ill at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Rodiger, at Frankland. His mother is with him.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Howard and family motored to Holly Sunday to visit relatives there. Mrs. G. G. Sheldon accompanying them.

Mr. Hewitt and son, Edward, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Green.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS

Regular meeting of the City Commission of Farmington held May 1, 1933.

Called to order by Mayor Warner at 7:50 p. m.

Commissioners present: Staman, Hutton, Gildemeister, Hamlin, Osmus and Oldenburg.

Minutes of the meeting of April 20 read and approved.

The following bills were read and approved:

Mich. Bell Telephone Co., police booth \$5.69

Mich. Bell Telephone Co., fire hall 4.30

Mich. I-Penn. Co., oil, 60 gal. 30.60

Coe Auto Service, labor 12.75

Harold Grace, night patrol 6.66

Edward Thayer, police patrol 3.33

Farmington Enterprise, printing 14.90

Farmington Lumber & Coal Co., welfare fuel 31.98

Farmington Market, groceries welfare 61.00

Lapham Oil Co. Kerosene (welfare) 7.00

Hamlin Grocery, welfare 153.45

Kroger Grocery, welfare 8.00

Motion made by Hutton, seconded by Gildemeister that the bill be paid. Yeas: Osmus, Oldenburg, Gildemeister, Hamlin, Staman, Hutton. Nays: None. Carried.

The clerk reported the receipt of \$1094.16 by his office during the month of April.

Moved by Hutton, seconded by Hamlin that the Finance Committee arrange for an audit as of July 1, 1933. Carried.

Commissioner Staman made a report on welfare. There are 18 families now on the list. During April there was expended \$231.33 for groceries, \$15.47 for milk tickets, and \$31.98 for fuel. Total \$278.78.

Commissioner Gildemeister introduced the following resolution: Resolved, due to the stringent financial condition of the city and the inability to procure funds the following compensation shall prevail during the months of May and June 1933. The mayor, city commissioners and clerk shall serve without pay, city engineer \$81.00 per month, assistant engineer, \$55.00 per month, labor 30 cents per hour.

Moved by Gildemeister and seconded by Hutton - that the above resolution be adopted. Yeas: Osmus, Oldenburg, Gildemeister, Hamlin, Staman, Hutton. Nays: None. Carried.

The following resolution was offered by Gildemeister, supported by Hutton: Resolved that the city commission hereby authorize the issuance of three per cent interest bearing notes payable in six months from their date in denominations of one dollar (\$1.00), five dollars (\$5.00), and ten dollars (\$10.00), when signed by the mayor and treasurer. Such notes to be guaranteed by deposits in banks, and future tax collections.

This issue not to exceed an amount equal to two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00), all such notes to be negotiable by endorsement. Such notes shall be acceptable in payment of city taxes, water bills and other obligations due the city.

Yeas: Osmus, Oldenburg, Gildemeister, Hamlin, Staman, Hutton. Nays: None. Carried.

Motion made by Hutton, supported by Gildemeister that salaries, wages and other obligations to be paid by the City of Farmington may be paid by money, checks or negotiable notes issued by the city at the discretion of the city treasurer. Yeas: Osmus, Oldenburg, Gildemeister, Hamlin, Staman, Hutton. Nays: None. Carried.

Motion made by Hutton, seconded by Gildemeister that the day police officer be paid \$50.00 for May and service discontinued for June. Night officer to receive \$80.00 per month for May and June. Each to have one day a month relief. The relief officer to receive \$2.00 per night or day.

Yeas: Gildemeister, Staman, Hutton and Mayor Warner. Nays: Osmus, Oldenburg and Hamlin. Carried.

Motion made by Hutton, seconded by Hamlin that no excess payments be made on garbage collection during May and June. Carried.

Eugene S. Grace gave written notice of his intention to apply for a beer license at the proper time.

Carl Hogle announced before the Commission his intention of applying for a beer license.

The mayor and clerk presented the Commission with their recommendation for the "Annual City Budget" July 1, 1933 to June 30, 1934. It calls for a total of \$26,226.25 which is a reduction of \$8,877.50 compared with the previous year. The matter will come before the commission again at the first regular meeting in June when the budget for 1934 must be adopted.

The ordinance Commissioner stated he will report next meeting on disposition of communication from Farmington Dairy Co.

Adjourned 9:18 p. m.
N. H. POWER, City Clerk.

It's just as well that some of us business men are not required to pass high-school examinations in arithmetic.

THE DETROIT EDISON COMPANY

GENERAL OFFICES
2000 SECOND AVENUE
DETROIT, MICHIGAN

May 1, 1933

TO THE CUSTOMERS OF
THE DETROIT EDISON COMPANY

This is the fifth of a series of letters addressed to our 500,000 customers in 29 cities, 58 villages and 130 townships in the southeastern corner of the State of Michigan:

About coal. Some of the talk about rate reduction has been based on the point that coal is cheap. Well, coal is cheaper than it was in 1929, but not a great deal cheaper. We paid 32 cents less per ton for coal in the year 1932 than in 1929. However, because of fixed cost, coal only assumes major importance when service is used long hours. To the customer who uses his service only a few hours a day, it is a small item. To the domestic customer the difference in coal cost between 1929 and 1932 is less than a cent and a half a month. Seventeen very large customers use so much current that coal is one of the controlling costs, and they pay for their service at a rate that varies with the cost of coal.

An electric utility has certain big costs which cannot be scaled down in proportion to the drop in business. One of these is taxes. We have to pay taxes whether we sell electricity or not. And, instead of down, our tax bill is up, and our coal cost is not down proportionately.

We believe that wage cuts should be limited and avoided so far as possible because reduction in earning power is the very morass in which business is mired. We have never paid fancy wages, but just enough to get good help and keep it. Our labor relations have been and are good, both with Union and non-Union men. We have never had a strike. But with a third year of decreasing business we could not keep to a full wage scale, nor could we keep construction hands busy. Like everyone else we had to make reductions, and we went in 1932 to a 5-day week in order to spread employment. We are trying hard to keep good men at work, even if we can only find 3 or 4 days work a week for some of them. We are not letting men who were with us in 1930 and 1931 and 1932 go on the Welfare, neither in Detroit nor in any other community, and in this we have the very willing help of those who are still on the job.

The next letter in this series will appear in this paper next week.

Alex Dow
President