

# The Farmington Enterprise

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## EDITORIALS

### Reassurance

(Christian Science Monitor)  
This year, despite the sense of confusion and fear in many quarters, the sky is just as cerulean as in more peaceful autumns. The cheerful salvia is as heart-warming a red. Along country roads that have been spared by war—and they are many—the blumpy heaps of squash, the plump-cheeked apples, the crisp heads of cauliflower and cabbage again convey the hearty impression of plenty. Through these simple signs we become freshly aware that God's goodness continues to operate. Reassurance comes to our hearts as we recognize in the recurrent beauty and supply of harvest—the sure indications of life that know no interruption.

### Grand Central of the Air

(Exchange)  
It is gratifying to see airlines avoiding the early mistakes of roads in building separate terminals for every competing line. Across the street from the Grand Central Terminal in New York City another station is soon to rise. Five leading airlines will join in building this \$48,000,000 Grand-Central-of-the-air convenient to trains and tunnels of midtown, and by special bus, to airports on the rim of New York.

The new terminal, with ticket office, waiting rooms and a motion picture theater where 600 travelers may await their planes, will not only be a public convenience, but an historic milestone of aviation. Air transport is growing up and assuming its destined place among other forms of transportation. Duplicating terminal facilities—still vex many rail systems, but air transport is early and wisely avoiding this mistake, thereby serving both the air traveling public and reducing operating costs.

The project inspires another inevitable reflection in these days when everyone in peaceful America almost automatically looks skyward when the drone of an air motor is heard. The new terminal will be a nerve center not of bombers and battles, but of passenger lines weaving a net of peace, travel, communications, and social fabric of a new age of peaceful victories over time and space.

### Marbles In Autumn?

(Exchange)  
The fine art of the sales promoter, has apparently been turned to the Nation's marbles industry. For countless generations, marbles, like the circus, have belonged to spring.

But if one, in passing, looks into the little emporiums near the school yards these days, one may see prominently displayed among the pencils and tablets, cakes and "candy," "classics," "midgets," and "dobbies" (never mere marbles). The obvious intent is to repeat the marble season in the fall.

Judging from the peals of the victors and the cries of the vanquished heard in passing, one concludes, the venture has been successful. After all, the buying traditions of marble-age young gentlemen could hardly be very firmly entrenched.

### Undeveloped Possibilities

(Shining Lines)  
If we really had long vision we'd see that the United States is merely suffering from growth. The country is a giant, that's what it is. We need to be reminded now and then that the United States operates sixty per cent of the world's telephone and telegraph facilities, owns eighty per cent of the motor cars in use, and operates thirty-three per cent of the railroads. Now, just for good measure, we'll add to that that our country produces seventy per cent of the oil, sixty per cent of the wheat and cotton, fifty per cent of copper and pig iron, and forty per cent of the lead and coal output of the globe. It doesn't seem possible, but it's true that the purchasing power of our population is greater than that of the five hundred million people in Europe, and is even larger than that of the more than a billion Asians. Now, think for a moment about the undeveloped possibilities of such a country.

### Airplanes For Safety

(Christian Science Monitor)  
Commercial airlines in the United States have flown nearly six months at a rising rate of more than 7,000,000 miles a month without a fatal accident and have made a safety record two and a half times as good as in any previous period, according to the Civil Aeronautics Authority. War refugees from Europe recently have sought bookings on the trans-Atlantic airline Clippers as being above the reach of torpedoes and mines that menace surface ships. Every bit of gain in safety for aviation as a means of travel is welcome. It is in ever sharper contrast to the horrors of aviation whose objective is to drop bombs on helpless citizens below. Let us look hopefully forward to the time when flight may again become at least as safe for the people underneath as it is for those in the plane.

### Weather 6-1212

(Ladies' Home Journal)  
When you want to know what the weather's going to be around New York, all you've got to do is call up Weather 6-1212, and you'll have a voice saying "Fair and warmer," or whatever the forecast is—always very cheerful and gay, regardless. The phone company gets it four times a day from the weather bureau, and makes a recording.

### Too Much Crepe

(Michigan Men and Affairs)  
A lot of people live as though there were nothing certain in life but death and taxes. Theirs is a sort of philosophy which smacks too much of fatalism. Along the way there are naturally enough opportunities for crepe hanging without, in effect, making occasions for its use. What is needed is application of the law of general averages whenever there is temptation to look on the dark side of things. There are a few people who do not get some of the good things of life. But if they are properly grateful, they will get more of them before death overtakes them.

### Uncle Sam Could Help

(Exchange)  
Seventeen hundred Iowa beer sellers, records the Des Moines Register, who are prohibited by State law from selling distilled liquors, have purchased Federal permits, which are in effect, United States Government licenses permitting them to sell such liquors. Here is a lack of co-operation between Federal and State authorities which should be reconciled.

The Twenty-first Amendment to the Federal Constitution states that "transportation or importation into any State, Territory or Possession of the United States for delivery or use therein of intoxicating liquors, in violation of the laws thereof, is hereby prohibited." The United States Government has no jurisdiction responsibility in the matter of enforcing State laws but has it the moral right to license liquor sellers to violate such laws? As a matter of common honesty Congress should enact a law to prohibit Federal officials from issuing tax stamps to those who have no right to them under their own State laws.

### Lawns Will Be Green Again

(Exchange)  
Don't worry because your lawn was burned up by drought. Prof. J. S. Owens of the University of Connecticut says it will recover if it has a good sort of bluegrass and timothy grass that keep the now, or adjusted two inches above the ground, let the clippings lie where they fall, and add a bit of high nitrogen fertilizer now and then, he advises.  
Lawns are like human hopes, alternately flourishing and withering. If they have the right underlying foundation and are cultured and nourished properly lawns will live. Human hopes, likewise, must be grounded in honest, generous, sincere, and noble impulses to attain a sure basis of ultimate fulfillment. Then, despite droughts of despotism, physical or mental, they cannot fall of full fruition when watered by faith and fed by spirituality.

## CHURCHES

All notices for this column must be in the Enterprise office not later than Tuesday at noon.

Salem Evangelical Church  
Rev. Carl H. Schultz, Pastor  
Worship Service—10:00 A. M.  
Sunday School—11:00 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal Church  
Rev. Delmer Stubbs, Pastor  
Morning worship at 10:30.  
Church school 12 noon.  
Choir practice Thursday evening.

A nursery, properly supervised is provided. Parents attending the morning worship service may leave their children in the care of competent persons.

CLARENCEVILLE M. E. CHURCH  
Rev. W. J. Pries, Pastor  
Church Service, 10 a. m.  
Sunday School, 11 a. m.  
Bible Service, 7:30 p. m.  
Thursday Evening, 7:30 p. m.

Our Lady of Sorrows Church  
Rev. John J. Larkin, Pastor  
Sunday masses at 7:00 a. m., 8:30 a. m., 10:30 a. m., and 12:00 p. m.  
Daily masses at 7:30 a. m. and 8:00 a. m.

First Baptist Church  
Gilbert A. Miles, Pastor  
Morning prayer meeting 10:15.  
Bible School 11:15.  
R. Y. P. U. 6:30 p. m. for Juniors and Seniors.  
Evening Evangelistic Service at 7:30.

The mid-week Fellowship meetings are held Wednesday evening, at 7:30.

Redford Gospel Tabernacle  
1800 E. 12th Road  
Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.  
Pentecostal prayer and praise service, 11:00 a. m.  
Evangelistic service, 7:45 p. m.  
All are welcome regardless of denomination.  
100% Pentecost.

Farmington Gospel Assembly  
Universalist Church  
Arthur Campbell, in charge  
Opening services, Sunday, Jun 4.

Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.  
Morning Worship, 11:00 a. m.  
Young People's meeting, Wednesday, 7:45 p. m.

Eighth Church of Christ, Scientist  
Grand River Ave. at Evergreen Rd.  
Detroit, Mich.

"Are Sin, Disease, and Death Real?" will be the subject of the Lesson-Sermon in all Christian Science Churches throughout the world on Sunday, October 8, 1939. The Golden Text, (Psalms 103:23) is: "Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits: who forgoeth all his iniquities; who healeth all his diseases."

Among the Bible citations is this passage (1 Cor. 15:26): "The last enemy that shall be destroyed is death." Correlative passages to be read from the Christian Science textbook "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy, include the following (p. 427): "If man is never to overcome death, why do the Scriptures say, 'The last enemy that shall be destroyed is death?' The tenor of the Word shows that we shall obtain the victory over death in proportion as we overcome sin."

### Reports on Boy, 12, Reared by Baboons

Professor Says It's First Known Case of Kind.

LONDON.—The "Tarran" existence of a South African Negro boy, said to have been kidnapped and reared by a band of baboons, was described in a report by Prof. Raymond Dart, of the University of Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa, which was issued here by Prof. R. Ruggles Gates, of the University of London.

According to the report, the boy was about 12 years old when he was found and rescued by white men. He could make only the guttural sounds of the anthropoids with which he had lived. Since then the boy, now named Lulu, has learned to speak Afrikaans (South African Dutch) and has given a vivid account of his experiences.

"My food consisted mainly of crickets, ostrich eggs, prickly pears, green mealies (corn), and wild honey," he said. "I was kicked on the head by an ostrich while raising its nest, and often was stung by bees while robbing hives."

"While with the baboons I walked on all fours and slept in the bush, entirely naked."

"I was hunting food one day with my baboon companions when two policemen shot at us with revolvers, and I was captured by one of the policemen."

Say you saw it in the Enterprise

## Baseball Now Is Big Business

### Staggering Figures Appear On Economic Side of National Game.

WASHINGTON.—While historians and pseudo historians are quarreling over the origin of baseball, statisticians reveal staggering figures on the economic side of the game. Old and young, big and little, male and female—baseball is of interest to all of them, either as players or spectators. So strongly has the country taken the fancy of the game that there seems to be something lacking in the man who cannot catch or throw a ball with some semblance of grace, and the woman who has not stood on the sidelines, become sun-baked in the bleachers, or sipped "pop" in the cool of the grandstand.

Baseball's contemporary hall of fame met in Cooperstown, N. Y., to celebrate a century of the national game; but baseball for dollars did not arrive until 76 years ago on a field in Hudson, N. Y., when the first commercial game was played," says the National Geographic society.

Out of that game has grown a multi-million dollar business. Compare, for instance, the open fields and the later board fence enclosures where the early game was played, with the gigantic ball stadiums of steel and cement now in every large city.

Runs Into Millions.  
"The American league plants alone, not including the value of franchises, are valued at \$200,000,000, and the figure does not include the \$4,000,000 municipally owned stadium used by the Cleveland American league team. The Yankee Stadium in New York was the most costly, topping the Cleveland plant by \$1,000,000."

"Like any other business enterprise, baseball has its ups and downs. Attendance figures do not remain stable from year to year. For instance, the largest number of spectators at a single game did not assemble this year or last year, but in 1932 over 73,500 attended a game in Cleveland. Last year, however, was a banner year for spectators at a double-header when 85,421 people packed the New York Yankees' stadium. This attendance was in striking contrast to the 'gate' at the first commercial game which was witnessed by 1,500 spectators."

"In the early days of baseball clubs, members were required to be in good standing for a month before they could play. Today a player may be literally bought and sold and may then play on a team without immediately after he is acquired. The record price paid for a player in all the history of baseball is \$250,000."

"The cost of running even an average big league team would amaze the throng passing through the turnstiles at any ball yard. The salaries alone of players and employees, numbering about 300 when a team is at home, amount to about a quarter of a million dollars for the season. Then there are additional expenses of about another quarter of a million. This latter figure includes such items as six dozen baseballs for each of the 77 games at home and two dozen for an equal number of games away."

Make 7,000,000 Baseballs.  
In 1937 nearly 3,000,000 bats, 23,000 masks, and 600,000 gloves were manufactured to keep up with the demands of baseball. And manufacturers made more than 7,000,000 baseballs. Covers for the balls are still handmade in spite of other modern developments in the manufacture of baseball equipment. Horsehide covers largely come from Europe.

"The first amateur association of baseball clubs was organized in 1857 and the first series of games was played the next year between teams from New York and Brooklyn at Flushing, N. Y., near the present World's fair grounds.

"The first intercollegiate game was played July 1, 1859, when Amherst college defeated Williams college at Pittsfield, Mass. The score was 73 to 32—large figures compared with scores of today, but in those days scores of more than 100 were not uncommon.

"Every large city in the United States has a dozen or more baseball clubs. Nearly every college has a varsity team. In rural communities baseball is a favored pastime. Six million spectators have witnessed American league games alone in one year. Add to that the turnstile figures of the National league and scores of lesser leagues, college game spectators, and the fan line at thousands of free amateur 'sandlot' games and you will arrive at a figure that may almost equal the population of the United States."

Killed by Electricity  
IONIA, MICH.—Stephen Ludwig, 62 years old, was killed when a pipe he was pulling from a well touched an electric wire. William Baker, at whose home the accident occurred, was hurried several feet by the shock.

Has He a Job?  
DANVILLE, PA.—A man walked into the jail and informed the sheriff he had been sentenced to five days.

## TELEPHONE CO. PLANS WIDE EXPANSION

Rural and small community residents of the state were given an inventory this week of telephone service improvements which revealed probably the most far-reaching program of the kind in the 61-year history of the Michigan Bell Telephone Company. Every section of the territory is affected by the program, which is planned to continue unabated next year.

President George M. Welch announced that the rural expansion program of the company, started in 1937, will produce the following results by the end of this year: 1. Additions of more than \$1,250,000 to the company's rural and small community plant. 2. The erection of 68 new company-owned and leased buildings. 3. 49 per cent of the small exchanges will have been converted from magneto (crank type) telephones to common battery operation. 4. A reduction of about 50 per cent in the maximum number of customers per rural line. 5. A consequent improvement in rural and small community service that will place it on a par in quality with that enjoyed in the largest centers.

This service expansion has been accompanied, the president emphasized, by a residence rate schedule that is 15 per cent below that in 1934 as the result of two rate reductions since that year.

"With these expanded facilities also has come a substantial improvement in service," Mr. Welch declared. "It is easier to hear over rural lines, and the all-around service is better today than ever before because of the plant improvements made the past three years. Pole lines and other outside equipment are being replaced. More and more cable is being exchanged into rural areas, further safeguarding the service. The most modern telephone instruments and central office equipment are being installed."

Copy Picked Up Promptly at Any Address

Dr. Joseph W. Norton  
Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon

GENERAL PRACTICE  
2800 Grand River Avenue  
Farmington  
TELEPHONE 404

## HIGHWAY DEPT. TO PROSECUTE ROAD VANDALS

The state highway department supported by an opinion from its legal division, is ready to punish offenders with any destruction of trees or shrubs along its right-of-way.

State Highway Commissioner Murray D. Van Wagener has received recently numerous complaints that valuable trees and shrubs have been damaged or removed. In some instances, officials said, shrubs and trees were cut down or stinked to clear advertising signs.

The legal division cited two statutes under which offenders may be taken into court. One said:

"It shall be unlawful to cut, destroy or otherwise injure any shade or ornamental tree or shrub growing within the limits of any public highway within the state of Michigan without the consent of the authorities having jurisdiction over such road."

Another act provided the following remedy at law:

"... an action for damages in

a sum not less than one nor more than \$25 for each offense, to be recovered at the suit and for the benefit of the owner or tenant of the land in front of which such tree or shrub stands."

The Commissioner directed the maintenance division to investigate all reports of vandalism on the right-of-way and take appropriate action.

Send in news items EARLY.

## EIGHTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

Grand River Ave. at Evergreen Rd. DETROIT  
A Branch of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts.  
Sunday Services at 10:30 a. m. and Sunday School for pupils up to the age of 18, at 10:30 a. m. Wednesday Evening Testimonies at 8. CHURCH EDITOR: Grand River Road, Detroit FREE READING ROOM: In Church Office Open daily, 11 a. m. to 5 p. m. Tuesdays also 1 to 3 p. m.; Wednesdays, 11 to 3:45 Saturdays, 11 to 3; Sundays, 12:30 to 5:00. ALL ARE WELCOME

THIS IS FIRE PREVENTION WEEK

**KEEP YOUR VALUABLES SAFE FROM FIRE**

Fire is no respecter of persons, sparing neither rich nor poor, striking without warning. Your home or office may be next.

Important papers and valuables may go up in smoke in a few seconds. The only answer is to keep them where Fire can't get at them—in a safe deposit box in this bank, renting for only a few cents a month.

**DON'T PLAY WITH FIRE. PLAY SAFE.** Rent a safe deposit box now.

Beware of:

- Matches
- Rubbish
- Defective flues
- Gasoline
- Cleaning fluids
- Lighting
- Steam pipes
- Sparks
- Open fireplaces
- Gas jets, etc.

**THE FARMINGTON STATE BANK**  
Farmington, Mich.

**FAST...**

*This teakettle saves you time*

You'll use this teakettle many times a day... for washing, shaving, cooking, making tea and coffee, for the baby's bath, for sterilizing, for the laundry and countless housecleaning tasks. It will save you time and steps, because you can use the teakettle anywhere in the house. Simply plug it into the nearest electric outlet. Equipped with a special high-speed element, the kettle heats one to four quarts of water in a few minutes. A unique feature is the pop-out plug: It safeguards the element from damage if negligence permits the kettle to boil dry. The connection plug pops out automatically and shuts off the electricity at once.

**\$4.95 AT ANY DETROIT EDISON OFFICE**