

Victory

(Continued from Page 2)

bility of being called by Selective Service, which last week warned that they must be replaced in industry by women, older men, and those whose military usefulness is slight. But the production of raw materials also is pressing. A basic problem is to keep men at work all the time, and at work which definitely contributes to our fighting punch. Absenteeism—the 2-day layoff for that fishing trip—definitely sabotages the war effort. Right now, when we need every ounce of copper we can get, we're faced with a serious shortage of copper miners.

Total Mobilization
To mobilization of manpower and womanpower we are about to add mobilization of our youth and of our children. The National Institute on Education last week was studying how best to use all the students in the country, from elementary grades through college. . . . The need for a better distribution of manpower is matched in importance by the need for scrap to feed the plants and furnaces. A sizable contribution continues to come from auto graveyards which it was announced last week have turned up 1,633,369 tons of salvaged metal in the past 4 months.

Concentration of production—is being studied by a committee of W.P.B. "Utility models" of civilian products would replace a variety of types freezing production facilities for war work.

WEST POINT PARK

Mrs. William Zwahlen

William Beter of Detroit was the Sunday afternoon guest of William H. Zwahlen.
Mrs. Edward Stromoski, near Eloise, called Friday evening on her sister, Mrs. Emerson Ault.
Harvey Fluert of Shady Side Avenue, was inducted into the service last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Herman Kayser of Huntington Woods were guests Thursday night of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Ault.
Howard Middlewood, Jr., accidentally cut his foot with a hand saw last Wednesday and it was necessary for him to have medical attention. However, he is getting along nicely.
The Sunshine Sisters met at the home of Mrs. Albert Owen Wednesday afternoon. Twelve ladies were present. Special prayers were read for the boys in the service and Round-Robin letters were written to two, Robert Hunter and Forest Ault. A birthday cake in honor of Mrs. Russell Ault was served with tea and coffee.

Mrs. Frank Willoughby and son, Leroy, of Detroit, were callers on friends in the Folker Subdivision Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Ault were Saturday night supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Changaris of Wayne.

Mrs. Eleanor Fournier, two daughters, Rosemary and Johanna, and Earl Chiverton, of Toledo, were Sunday and Monday guests of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Zwahlen.

Mrs. John Beard of Hubbard Avenue, returned home Tuesday night from the hospital bringing with her, John Junior.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Tallman and daughter, Ina Mae, were dinner guests at the Larson home in Brightonwood, Sunday.

Mrs. Leslie Bolyard is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Ault and son, Wayne, also Mrs. J. W. Ault and Miss Lora Ault were visitors in Plymouth Thursday.

Mrs. Mary Weigle of Detroit was again a visitor in the Folker Subdivision Friday.

The Fishers of Mayfield Avenue spent a part of the weekend in Northern Michigan.

Mr. Varhol of Shady Side, went to Chicago to visit his brothers over the weekend.

Mrs. Ernest Tallman was on the sick list for several days last week.

Mrs. Tucker, who is with Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Bollinger for an indefinite period, spent the weekend with relatives in Brightonwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Jennings and daughter, Darlo Mae, of Norfolk Avenue, left Friday night for a week's vacation to be spent at a lake cottage in Northern Michigan. They were accompanied by Mr. Jennings' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jennings of Middle Belt.

Miss Barbara Middlewood was the weekend guest of Miss Clara Grimes of St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rebon left Friday night for several days' visiting with relatives in Indiana.

CLARENCEVILLE NEWS

By Mrs. Mary Rutlia

The Maccabees are holding their Hall, and it surely improves the looks of the building.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carree and boys attended a C.I.O. Tool and Die Makers Picnic held at Arcadia Park.

Kenneth Sweatheart is busy organizing a troop of Cub Scouts. It all the Cub age boys in the vicinity become interested, Mr. Sweatheart will need help in organizing the group, and no doubt other men and women will be called upon to help establish other dens.
Mr. and Mrs. David Ryalil went to Detroit on Saturday to see their

daughter, Barbara, off for training with the W.A.A.C. at Des Moines, Iowa.

Bill Pink has gone back to Alma College to join in the three weeks of pre-season football practice.

Mr. and Mrs. Mead and Mrs. Father Schenk and little son, Keny, motored to St. Charles on Monday to visit relatives there.

Mrs. Lowell Ryalil is now living with the Ryalil family on St. Francis.

Mr. and Mrs. John Tucker and family, and Miss Kay Krcker, all of Detroit, visited with the Cartee family on Monday.

Robert Cartee is among those who have entered Farmington High School from this District.

Mrs. Agnes Barnes, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Barnes were guests of the Harvey Barnes at their summer camp over the week-end.

Dr. Halsted and Nurse Bhrlich and Mrs. Barnes, Mrs. Lawson, and Mrs. Agnes Barnes, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Barnes were guests of the Harvey Barnes at their summer camp over the week-end.

Mrs. William Flaher entertained a large number of women at a stork shower for Mrs. Walter Charent (Butler) last Wednesday evening.

Clarenceville women are invited to join the Nutrition Class, organizing under the direction of Mrs. Robert Chapman of Farmington.

The first class will meet at 8:00 o'clock, Thursday, September 10, at Botstorf Tavern.

The Clarenceville Boy Scouts held their first large encampment since their formation, and it surely proved worth the time and effort of the leaders.

On Friday evening, the Scoutmaster, Mr. Egler, and his son, Fred, and Mr. Bolitto took the boys out to the camping site provided by T. Glenn Phillips on his farm on Meadowbrook Road.

Immediately on Friday evening, the boys set about making camp, building fence, benches, tables, fireplaces and a forty foot lookout tower, from trees found in Mr. Phillips' woods.

Mr. Campbell, assistant leader, joined the crowd on Saturday. Sunday they held a religious hour, and were visited by some of the parents, who were well pleased by the way the leaders looked after the boys. They have no hesitancy in recommending the Scouts to parents whose boys have not yet joined.

The men and boys are very grateful to Mr. Phillips for the use of his property, which fitted their needs perfectly.

The quarters here were flimsy shelters, at first. But they were not flimsy shelters to Father Flanagan or his boys. To them, it was a dream come true. Beneath their

OVER THE TOP FOR VICTORY with UNITED STATES WAR BONDS - STAMPS

"TRAILER VAGABOND"



By WARREN BAYLEY

BOYS TOWN—CONTINUED

Shortly before Christmas in 1917, Father Flanagan borrowed \$50,000 from a friend and rented a large house in Omaha. To this home—the First Father Flanagan Boys' Home—the young priest took his first five charges.

It was war time and the plaintive cries of the children—alone and homeless, isolate and deserted—were forgotten in the hysteria. America was interested in men of fighting age, and many another idealist might have given up in despair under such conditions. But not Father Flanagan.

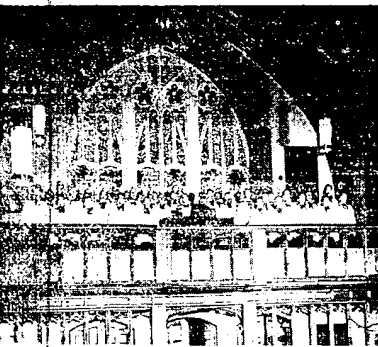
Soon it was necessary to move to larger quarters. Serious cases were constantly being called to Father Flanagan's attention and Father Flanagan could not refuse to take them in. After all, he reasoned, we'll manage somehow. But these little children, deserted and alone could not be left to die, or, as bad, end up behind prison bars for lack of a guiding hand.

So, again the quarters were soon overcrowded. But now Father Flanagan had another vision. It was not right, he felt, that these lads should be confined to the narrow quarters necessary in the city. A boy should have room to grow. And so, Father Flanagan purchased a 150 acre tract, ten miles west of Omaha. There were plenty of mortgages against it, but mortgages never worried Father Flanagan. God would look after his little ones. And the American people were good and they would not see their children neglected.

The quarters here were flimsy shelters, at first. But they were not flimsy shelters to Father Flanagan or his boys. To them, it was a dream come true. Beneath their

"TRAILER VAGABOND" is sponsored and appears in this paper through the courtesy of THAYER FUNERAL HOME Ambulance Service — Day or Night Farmington, Mich. Telephone 760

BOYS' CHOIR—BOYS' TOWN, NEBRASKA



Spiritual guidance in his own faith is given every boy in Father Flanagan's Boys' Home, Boys' Town, Neb.—Story by Trailer Vagabond.

WORKSHOP AT BOYS' TOWN, NEBRASKA



Father Flanagan's boys keep busy in this shop making souvenirs for visitors to Boys' Town, Neb. Many other workshops help every boy to learn a trade.—Story by Trailer Vagabond.

Boundary Change
In a 25-mile stretch between the state of New Hampshire and the province of Quebec, the United States - Canadian boundary line changes direction 767 times.

Safety Law
Approximately 45 per cent of the automobiles in the United States and Canada are operated under the provisions of the safety responsibility law.

REP. DONDERO MAKES STATEMENT OF HIS RECORD

Rep. George A. Dondero, who has represented the 17th Congressional District of Michigan since its creation in 1933, was born December 16, 1883, on a farm in Greenfield township, Wayne county, Michigan. He is a graduate of the Royal Oak High School and the Detroit College of Law. He was admitted to the bar in 1919 and engaged in the practice of law until elected to Congress. He has held various village, township, county and municipal offices. He was the first mayor of the City of Royal Oak, 1921-1923; was assistant prosecuting attorney of Oakland county, 1918-1920; and for 18 years was a member of the Royal Oak Board of Education. He is a member of the Kiwanis, of various Masonic orders, and of the Royal Oak M. E. Church.

Representative Dondero is the ranking Republican member of the Committee on Education and is high in seniority on the Committee on Rivers and Harbors. He is one of the five House members of the special joint congressional committee appointed to consider the proposal to create the Columbia Power Administration, which would include the Grand Coulee and Bonneville power projects in Oregon and Washington. In party affairs, he is a member of the National Republican Congressional Committee.

In keeping with our policy to give our readers information on the positions taken by the various candidates for nomination, we present the following statement issued by Rep. Dondero:

"I have voted for every measure to support our war effort and the President in the prosecution of the war, and shall continue to do so. This is neither a Democratic or a Republican war. We are all Americans in the defense of our Nation against any foreign foe.

"There is but one great, overshadowing task before the American people today and that is the winning of this war and to that end I shall direct an all-out effort. All nondefense spending should be reduced to a minimum. The waste of public funds for nonessentials must be entirely eliminated. I have always opposed such spending and now more than ever that the Nation is at war.

"For example, in the present session of Congress, I was successful in reducing by \$4,000,000 the authorization for the Florida Barge Canal, which the Army Engineers declared could not be built in less than three years. In May of 1940, I succeeded in eliminating over \$100,000,000 in projects of doubtful economic value from the Rivers and Harbors bill. These amendments were offered by me and fought through to a successful conclusion on the floor of the House of Representatives.

"The people of the 17th Congressional District had my promise during the campaign two years ago that I would exert every effort to keep the Nation out of another foreign war. I have no apologies to offer for having kept that promise.

"In voting against some of the

proposals in the House of Representatives before December 7, 1941, I pointed out, in all sincerity, that the steps we were taking would lead to war. The administration and other Members of Congress, with equal sincerity, believed these steps would keep the Nation at peace. We now have the answer.

"When we were attacked by a treacherous foe, political parties vanished in the Congress of the United States and we stand united and unanimous in every effort for the determined and successful prosecution of the war.

"Ten years' experience in the Congress of the United States should be of value to the people, not only of the 17th Congressional District, but of the State and the Nation, because of legislative experience, familiarity with procedure before the various government departments, seniority and membership on committees particularly affecting Michigan, and service to the people individually in their war problems.

"With reference to particular legislation, I was instrumental in securing passage of the measure for the immediate construction of an additional lock at Sault Ste. Marie; I introduced on March 4, 1942, legislation for Rivers and Harbors projects of National Defense Value only, thereby reducing the Rivers and Harbors Omnibus Bill by \$600,000,000; I secured an amendment preventing the Federal Government from exercising control over local school affairs in defense communities where Federal funds are expended for additional school facilities; and I secured aid for many school projects in the 17th Congressional District.

"It has been my constant endeavor to serve the people of the district in every way possible and to act upon their problems in a fair and considerate manner."

LIBERTY LIMERICKS



Said a housewife named Mrs. I. Budget, "We're scrimping, but I don't begrudge it, For by saving up more We'll help win the war— At least, that's the way I should judge it."

Every dime or dollar you save into War Stamps and Bonds is a blow at Nazi home wrecker! Help your country raise its quota!

U. S. Treasury Dept.

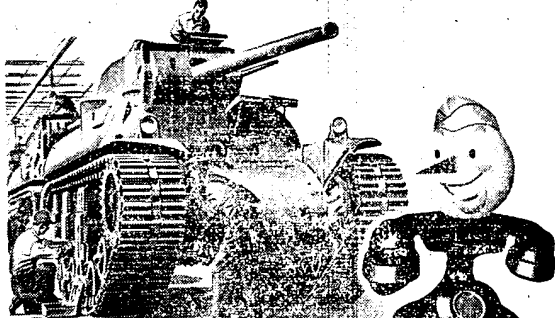
Milk and Ice Cream FARMINGTON DAIRY, INC. Phone 135

Get Results!

IN YOUR FALL VICTORY PLANTING American farmers producing for wartime can't afford losses from inferior seed. We carry only the best. Order now and count on a good crop from Fall planting.

FARMINGTON MILLS

TANKS—for not telephoning



It takes a lot of telephoning to keep war plants humming. And today, that's the big job. War calls must go through. It may take the same amount of Long Distance equipment to make a personal call as it does to rush through an order for tank parts. That's why every telephone call you do not make is a contribution to the war effort.

In normal times, we'd get busy and build sufficient additional equipment to keep step with needs. But right now that is not possible. Telephone materials are more urgently needed for tanks, bombers and machines of war.

Here are three simple ways you can help make the most of available equipment and keep vital messages moving:

1. Make only the most essential Long Distance calls.
2. Keep ALL your conversations as brief as you can.
3. When possible, give the number of the distant telephone you are calling.

Remember the war every time you pick up the telephone. Keep your calls as short as possible. Don't ask information for numbers listed in the directory. You can help save wires for war!

Michigan Bell Telephone Company

BUY WAR BONDS AND STAMPS FOR OUR BOYS