The Farmington Enterprise

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FARMINGTON, - - MICHIGAN

Current Events Related in Paragraphs

Washington

The $50,000,000 of federal funds to be deposited in the national banks of the west and south to assist in moving the crops will be increased to $150,000,000, if necessary. This was told to western bankers who held a conference with McAdoo at Washington.

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Senator Joseph F. Johnston of Alabama died of pneumonia at the age of seventy in Washington. His death precipitated an interesting question under the amendment to the Constitution providing for direct election of United States senators.

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The government crop report given out from Washington was one of the most sensational that the country has seen. It reduced the estimated yield of corn 300,000,000 bushels from the July figures to 2,672,000,000 bushels, or 432,000,000 bushels less than last year's harvest. Kansas and Oklahoma have been hit harder than any other state. Hot winds and deficit of moisture is blamed.

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With 228 midshipmen of the first and third classes aboard, the battleship Illinois reported to the navy department at Washington that she had left Funchal, Maderia, on the last leg of her foreign cruise. The vessel will land the future admirals at Annapolis, August 29.

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Laundered money is just as good as new bills only a short time out of the printers' hands, according to the bureau of chemistry at Washington, which reported to United States Treasurer Burke the results of a recent chemical analysis of the washed notes.

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Charles M. Pepper, widely known among public men in this country and with a wider personal acquaintance with public men of foreign lands than any one now connected with the government service, has offered his resignation to the president and will soon start upon a tour of South America.

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An international peace treaty, the first to embody Secretary Bryan's plan to avert wars, was signed. It is between the United States and Salvador and soon will be sent to the senate for ratification.

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Trade of the United States in the last fiscal year set a new high record. Figures just compiled at Washington show that it was $4,275,000,000, greater by $421,000,000 than last year's record. The balance in favor of the country this year was $653,000,000.

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The charge that department of justice agents had investigated federal judges to influence their action in cases in which the government was interested was made in the senate at Washington by Senator Borah and indorsed, partly at least, by Senator Norris.

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How the National Association of Manufacturers prodded members of congress to support legislation it favored and how it opposed those who threatened its interests were explained to the house lobby investigating committee at Washington by James A. Emery, counsel for the association.

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The administration currency bill, still further amended in important particulars, emerged from the Democratic conference of the house banking and currency committee at Washington at the end of a lively session, in which the Democratic objectors promised to carry their fight to the floor of the caucus, the Glass bill was approved by a vote of 11 to 3.

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Domestic

Gov. William Sulzer was nearly $50,000 in debt as the result of stock market speculation at the time of his nomination and used contributions to his campaign fund to make additional purchases of stock, according to testimony adduced at the hearings of the Frawley investigating committee of the New York legislature. The evidence brought to light is sufficient to warrant proceedings to impeach for violation of the corrupt practices act.

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Speeding forty miles an hour, a motor handcar, laden with track laborers, crashed into a freight train on the Central New England railroad, near Pleasant Valley, N. Y. Four of the laborers were killed and five were mortally injured.

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As a result of their activity in the recent telephone operators' and waiters' strike the St. Louis police will be excluded from the Labor day parade this year, it is announced by union leaders.

Two hundred strikers from two Hyde Park (Mass.) manufacturing plants controlled by Gov. Eugene Foss stormed the state house, demanding an immediate hearing of their grievances by the board of arbitration.

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A pension approximating half pay for every Episcopal clergyman more than sixty-five years old and financial aid for widows and orphan children of clergymen are recommended in a preliminary report issued by the commission on pensions of the Episcopal church, of phich Bishop Lawrence of Massachusetts is chairman.

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The executive committee of the national democratic congressional campaign committee was named by Representative Doremus of Michigan, chairman of the committee, as follows: Senator James, Senator Gore, Representative Scully, New Jersey; Representative E. T. Taylor, Colorado.

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The Gunboat is there! He proved it conclusively at Madison Square garden in New York by battering down and knocking out Jim Flynn in the fifth round.

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Pastures around Pleasant Hill, Mo., are so dry the farmers are cutting limbs from oak trees and tossing them to their cattle. The stock has become fond of the foliage.

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Department of agriculture at Washington published notices of judgment against two Chicago companies for shipping adulterated and misbranded flavoring extracts. The Hudson Manufacturing company was fined $150 and the Sethness company was fined $100.

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Parties to the fusion movement in opposition to Tammany Hall in the New York mayoralty contest expect District Attorney Charles S. Whitman not to bolt the ticket, which is headed by John Purroy Mitchel, the collector of the port. Whitman was nominated for re-election as district attorney by the fusionists.

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Three Japanese have been killed and another is dying as the result of a street riot at Salem, Ore. The Japanese killed were a man, a woman and a child.

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In a circular letter sent out the currency commission of the American Bankers' association from New York invited the presidents of the several state bankers' associations and representatives of all clearing houses to meet with the commission in Chicago this month to discuss the proposed currency bill.

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The season's heat record in Kansas was broken when a temperature of 114 degrees was registered at Clay Center.

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William Lustig of New York, a young man of whom the police know little except that he comes from a respectable family and who has a brother who is a process server attached to the district attorney's office, is dying in Bellevue hospital, the victim of assassins whose work recalls the gunmen's method in the Herman Rosenthal murder more than a year ago.

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Mexican Revolt

The governor of the City of Mexico announced he could give no guaranty of protection to John Lind from mob violence if he should attempt to take part in the internal affairs of Mexico or come to urge President Huerta's resignation.

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Two American women and an unknown American man are reported to have been killed on the train attacked by rebels at Rancheria, Mex., 65 miles from Juarez. Aboard the passenger train when it left Juarez were Mrs. Thomas Dale, wife of a Chihuahua banker, and her niece, Miss Mattie Morrow. Dale is a British subject.

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President Wilson's sending of former Gov. John Lind to Mexico as his special emissary was attacked in the senate at Washington by Senator Clark of Wyoming, who declared "something else must be done by the administration" to guarantee adequate protection to Americans.

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Personal

George O. Hartman, the leper who was taken to the isolation cottage at Quarantine, Mo., several miles south of St. Louis, escaped. He returned to his wife's home in the heart of the city, got some money and departed.

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Judge George W. Hays of Camden, Ark., took the oath of office as governor of Arkansas, succeeding Senator J. M. Futrell, who has been acting governor for several months.

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Col. Spencer Cosby, U. S. A., superintendent of public buildings and grounds, military aid to President Wilson, is reported to have been selected by President Wilson to serve as military attache at the United States embassy at Paris.

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Miss Kate Bernard of Guthrie, Okla., who is commissioner of charities and corrections of Oklahoma, is on a farm at Middleton, N. Y., for treatment following a nervous breakdown.

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Foreign

Mme. Crespy, the poetess, charged with the murder of Abbe Chassaign, a young priest, with whom she was infatuated, was acquitted in the criminal court at Agen, France.

LETTER FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

CROP REPORT OF SECRETARY OF STATE FOR MONTH OF JULY.

COMPARISON MADE WITH ONE YEAR AGO.

Industrial Accident Board Rules That Members of Militia Are Entitled to Benefits and Protection of Compensation Law.

Secretary of State Frederick C. Martindale's crop report for the month of July is as follows:

Wheat—The average estimated yield per acre in the State is 15.05, in the southern counties 14.69, in the central counties 14.81, in the northern counties 14.77 and in the Upper Peninsula 18.88 bushels. Crop correspondents, quite generally, report wheat of fairly good quality. The estimates at present indicate that the State yield will be very close to 12,000,000 bushels. The per cent of plowing done for wheat in the State is 18, in the southern counties 16, in the central counties 20 and in the northern counties 19.

Rye—The average estimated yield per acre in the State is 13.62, in the southern counties 13.13, in the central counties 13.54, in the northern counties 13.72 and in the Upper Peninsula 18.74 bushels.

Corn—The condition of corn as compared with an average is 87 in the State, 85 in the southern counties, 92 in the central counties, 90 in the northern counties and 88 in the Upper Peninsula. The condition one year ago was 70 in the State and northern counties, 74 in the southern counties, 62 in the central counties and 72 in the Upper Peninsula.

Oats—The estimated average yield in the State is 29.20, in the southern counties 25.57, in the central counties 32.10, in the northern counties 31.56 and in the Upper Peninsula 38.19 bushels per acre.

Potatoes—The condition as compared with an average is 80 in the State, 74 in the southern counties, 86 in the central counties, 90 in the northern counties and 95 in the Upper Peninsula. The condition one year ago was 85 in the State and Upper Peninsula, 88 in the southern counties, 79 in the central counties and 86 in the northern counties.

Beans—The condition of beans compared with an average per cent is 87 in the State, 91 in the southern counties, 94 in the central counties, 90 in the northern counties and 96 in the Upper Peninsula. The condition one year ago was 82 in the State, 85 in the southern counties, 74 in the central counties, 87 in the northern counties and 78 in the Upper Peninsula.

Sugar Beets—The condition of sugar beets as compared with an average is 89 in the State, 87 in the southern and northern counties, 90 in the central counties and 97 in the Upper Peninsula. The condition one year ago was 82 in the State and southern counties, 79 in the central counties, 85 in the northern counties and 91 in the Upper Peninsula.

Hay and Forage—The yield per acre of hay and forage in tons is 0.98 in the State, 0.95 in the southern counties, 0.94 in the central counties, 0.97 in the northern counties and 1.41 in the Upper Peninsula.

Pasture—The condition of pasture as compared with an average is 73 in the State, 64 in the southern counties, 77 in the central counties, 84 in the northern counties and 98 in the Upper Peninsula. One year ago the condition was 92 in the State and southern counties, 94 in the central counties, 91 in the northern counties and 93 in the Upper Peninsula.

Apples—The weather this season has been rather unfavorable for apples, early in the season heavy frosts did considerable damage and the long continued drouth caused a very heavy June drope and also caused the fruit to be smaller in size than usual, especially in unsprayed orchards. The prospect for an average crop is 58 in the State, 47 in the southern counties, 61 in the central counties, 59 in the northern counties and 91 in the Upper Peninsula. The winter varieties that promise best are in their order: Northern Spy, Baldwin, Greening, Ben Davis, Wagener, Russet, Tolman Sweet and Tompkins King. Of the early sorts the most promising are Dutchess, Healthy, Red, Artrachan, Yellow Transparent, Malden Blush, Fameuse, Early Harvest and Fall Pippin.

Peaches—The prospect for an average crop of peaches in the Michigan Fruit Belt is 54 per cent and in the State 53. One year ago the prospect was 18 and 11 respectively. The varieties that promise best, are in their order: Elberta, Crawford, Hill's Chili, New Prolific, Kalamazoo, Gold Drop, Barnard and Crosby.

Secretary Drake of the industrial accident board says that the officers and men of the Michigan National Guard, now on strike duty in the copper country, are employes of the state and are entitled to all the protection the workingmen's compensation law affords. If the members of the commission concur in Secretary Drake's opinion, Private Ora A. Green, of Battery A, who was severely injured as the result of being kicked by one of the artillery horses, will probably receive compensation as long as he is disabled, and in the event of his death his wife will be entitled to receive one-half his weekly salary for a period of 300 weeks.

The workingmen's compensation law automatically brings all employes of the state under its provisions and Secretary Drake says that it is apparent that Green is a state employe at the present time. Probably there would be some difficulty in determining the amount of compensation as the soldiers while in strike duty received a stipulated sum and inaddition are allowed a separate amount for subsistance.

If the industrial accident board formally rules that all men of the national guard are entitled to compensation in case of injury while on duty, the stock of the state militia will be boosted to a considerable extent. Heretofore men injured while at camp or on strike duty have been given free medical attention but received nothing for their lost time unless they had the political influence to get an act through the legislature reimbursing them for their loss. These cases, however, have been very rare. Therefore state employes and those interested in the welfare of the national guard are intensely interested in Green's case and its outcome when it reaches the Industrial accident board will be awaited with interest.

Figures compiled by Fred Newgreen, statistical expert of the state board of health covering a period from 1906 to 1912, shows that the average age of death among the employes of the copper mines in Houghton county was 36.5 years. The average age of the employes whose death resulted from accidents was 31.4 years, while the average age of those who died from tuberculosis was 35.3 years.

From 1904 to 1911 inclusive there were 422 accidents in the copper mines of Houghton county resulting fatally. Tuberculosis claimed 150 during that period and 114 died from diseases of the respiratory organs.

During the same period, the records of the state board of health show that there were 138 deaths from accidents among the miners ranging in age from 15 to 24 years; 142 among the men ranging in age from 24 to 34 years; 53 deaths among the miners ranging in age from 35 to 45 years. Apparently there are few accidents among the older men in the mines as the records show that in eight years there were only five accidents resulting fatally among the miners who had reached the age of 65.

Until the passage of the workingmen's compensation law 42.6 of the deaths in the mines were due to accidents, but extra precautions have been taken recently to guard against serious accidents and very few have been reported during the past few months.

According to reports filed with State Fire Marshal John T. Winship, electrical storms caused 55 fires during July and the property loss from fires originating from lightning was $31,679. Commissioner Winship says that the reports from various parts of the state indicate that there was a decrease in the so-called preventable fires, such as are often caused by defective stovepipes and bad chimneys.

There were 274 fires in the state according to the reports received by Commissioner Winship. The total property involved was valued at $1,281,085.82, upon which insurance was carried to the amount of $576,816.69. The total loss was only $167,532.48.

Fourth of July fireworks caused a fire loss amounting to $17,229.90, while the loss from carelessly thrown cigarette butts was $638.02. Children playing with matches caused a fire loss of $2,707. Rats and matches are given credit for having caused a loss of $550, while mice and matches created a loss amounting to $600. A loss of $2,249.85 is credited to incendiarism while the other cases vary from exploding gas mantels to boiling greace on a kitchen range.

The annual distribution of sand vetch seed is being made under the direction of Prof. A. R. Potts, of the Michigan Agricultural college. Prof. Potts is the alfalfa expert for the college and has been enlisted in this work because of his knowledge of alfalfa, vetch and crops of a similar nature. A total of 600,000 pounds of seed is being distributed this year.

In signing contracts the farmers agree to let the first crop of vetch go to seed and return to the county 25 per cent of all seed they produce. They further agree to harrow the ground after the cutting for a second crop.

Prof. Potts will test the soil in such fields as are to be given over to vetch that no seed may be sown upon land that is too arid to make a profitable return.

The horticultural department of Michigan Agricultural college has started an orchard survey of western Michigan. Two of its graduates, L. R. Service and F. L. Granger, began work at Northport and are making an inspection of all new orchards set out. They also are gathering such other data as will be of value in making an inventory of the fruit growing resources of the region. The men are working northward checking off each township and expect to cover the counties of Leelanau and Benzie at the big settings of fruit trees have been made during the past five years, the facts obtained added to the census figures of 1910, will give a fairly accurate statement as to the number of trees out, the kinds of trees, and the number bearing.

THE MARKETS.

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

Detroit—Cattle: Receipts, 573; market opened dull and lower, but closed strong on all grades. Best dry-fed steers, $8.50; steers and heifers 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., $7@7.50; steers and heifers 800 to 1,000 lbs., $6.50@7.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000 lbs., $6.50@7.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700 lbs., $5.50@6.25; choice heavy bulls, $6; fair to good bologna bulls, $5.50@5.75; stock bulls, $4@5; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., $6.25@6.50; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., $6@6.25; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs, $5.50@6; milkers, large, young, medium age, $60@75; common milkers, $35@50.

Veal Calves—Receipts, 149; market steady; best, $10.50@11; others, $5@8.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,097; market 25c higher; best lambs, $6.75@7; fair lambs, $6@6.25; light to common lambs, $5@5.50; yearlings, $5.50@6; culls and common $2.50@3.

Hogs—Receipts, 487; packers were bidding $9.10; very few sold. Range of prices: Light to good butcher, $9.10; pigs, $9.15; light yorkers, $9.10; stags one-third off.

EAST BUFFALO: Cattle—Receipt, 165 cars; all grades weighing 1,200 lbs or over sold 15@25c lower; handy weight butcher grades sold 10@15c higher; best 1,350 to 1,450-lb steers, $8.50@8.75; best 1,200 to 1,300-lb steers, $8@8.50; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, $8@8.50; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, $7.75@8; coarse and plain heavy steers, $7.50@8; fair to good 1,000 to 1,100-lb steers, $7.25@7.50; grassy 900 to 1,000-lb steers, $6.50@7; best cows, $6.25@6.50; butchers, $5@5.50; cutters, $4.25@4.50; trimmers, $3.50@3.75; best heifers, $7.25@7.50; medium butcher heifers, $6.25@6.75; stock heifers, $5.50@5.75; best feeding steers, $6.75@7; fair to good steers, $6.25@6.50; common light stockers, $5.25@5.50; best butcher bulls, $6@7; best bologna bulls, $5.25@5.75; stock bulls, $5@5.50; best milkers and springers, $70@80; common to good, $40@50.

Hogs—Receipts, 60 cars; market 10c higher; heavy, $9.20@9.40; rough, $9.65@9.70; yorkers, $9.50@9.60; pigs, $9.50@9.65; roughs, $8.80@9.00.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 30 cars; market active; top lambs, $7.75@8; culls to fair, $6@7.50; yearlings, $5.50@6.50; wethers, $5@5.50; ewes, $3.90@4.50.

Calves, $5@11.

Grains, Etc.

Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 85c; September opened at 83c, advanced to 89 1-2c and closed at 89c; December opened at 86c, lost 1-4c, advanced to 93 1-4c and closed at 93c; May opened at 87 3-4c, advanced to 98 1-2c and declined to 97 3-4c; No. 1 white, 87c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 71c; No. 2 yellow, 73 1-2c; No. 3 yellow, 1 car at 73c.

Oats—Standard, 1 car at 44c; new, 42 1-4c asked; No. 3 white, 1 car at 42c; new No. 3 white, 2 cars at 41 3-4c No. 4 white, 1 car at 41 3-4c; new, 1 car at 40 3-4c; sample, 1 car at 0c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 92 1-2c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, $1.80; October $1.85.

Cloverseed—Prime October, 100 bags at $8.50; December, $8.50; October alsike, $11; sample alsike, 8 bags at $10.50, 7 at $9.75, 6 at $9.25.

Timothy—Prime spot, 60 bags at $2.50.

Alfalfa—Prime spot, 1 bags at $8.50.

Barley—Good samples, $1.10@1.25 per cwt.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, $5.50; second patent, $5.20; straight, $5; spring patent, $5.10; rye, $4.60 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $23; coarse middlings, $22; fine middlings, $26; cracked corn, $26; coarse corn-meal, $26; corn and oat chop, $24 per ton.

General Markets.

Apples—Michigan, $1.25 per bu; No. 1, $3.50@4 per bbl; No. 2, $2@2.50 per bbl.

Raspberries—Red, $4@4.25 per 24-qt case; black, $2@2.25 per 16-qt case and $3.25 per 24-qt case.

Peaches—Arkansas, 90c@$1 per 4-basket flat; Elberta, $2.50@2.75 per bu. $2.25@2.50 per 6-basket crate.

Green Corn—20c per doz.

Cabbage—$2.50@2.75 per bbl.

Potatoes—$2.55@2.75 per sack of 2 1-2 bushels.

Dressed Calves—Choice 10@11c; fancy, 13 1-2@14c per lb.

Onions—New southern, $1.25@1.40 per bu; Spanish, $1.75 per crate.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 14@15c; amber, 10@11c; extracted, 7@8c per lb.

Tomatoes—Texas, $1.25 per 4-basket flat; home-grown, $3@3.50 per bu; Canadian, $1.25@1.40 per 16-lb basket.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 17c; spring chickens, 15@15 1-2c; hens, 15@15 1-2c; No. 2 hens, 11@12c; old roosters, 10@11c; turkeys, 17@18c; geese, 10@11c; ducks, 14@15c per lb.

Hay—Carlots track Detroit: No. 1 timothy $16@16.50; standard, $15@15.50; No. 2 timothy, $12.50@13.50; light mixed, $14.50@15; No. 1 mixed, $12@12.50; rye straw, $8@9; wheat and oat straw, $7@7.50 per ton.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats, 13 3-4@14c; New York flats, 15 1-2@15 3-4c; brick cream, 14 1-2@15c; limburger, 15 1-2@16c; imported Swiss, 25 1-2@26c; domestic Swiss, new, 18 1-2@19 1-2c; block Swiss, 17 1-2@18 1-2c; long horns, 16 1-2@17c per lb.

WOLVERINE NEWS BREVITIES

Hastings.—The annual conference of the Wesleyan Methodists of Michigan will open here when the annual campmeeting will begin, to last until August 24. Among those who will conduct services are: Rev. H. A. Day of Grand Rapids, Rev. S. A. Manwell of Battle Creek, Rev. E. W. Bruce of Brighton and Rev. H. D. Cheney of Owosso. The meetings for children will be conducted by Mrs. Alive Badder and Rev. J. N. McPherson of Coldwater. The music will be in charge of C. J. Cosand of New York. Rev. E. Teeter of Rochester, N. Y., missionary secretary of the church, and Mrs. Ethel Ovenshire of Marshall, who has returned on a furlough from missionary work in Sierra Leone, Africa, will speak. Rev. Ovenshire, often present at the meetings here, died a year ago in Africa. The Wesleyans hold their meetings in a beautiful 20-acre grove which was given to the conference by Mr. and Mrs. Eben Pennock, pioneer residents of Hastings township, who recently announced a gift to the city of Hastings for a hospital fund.

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Muskegon.—The decision of the Muskegon classes of the Christian Reformed church to take over the support of the Zion Indian mission field in New Mexico means that practically every family of the denomination throughout western Michigan must subscribe $2 each year in addition to other church dues. Many families strenuously objected, pointing out that at present they average $50 each year in subscriptions for church purposes and stating that any further assessment would become a hardship upon many of the poorer members. The offering of $200 scholarships at Calvin college, in Grand Rapids, for the purpose of encouraging more young men to become ministers, seems to have failed thus far, but one youth having made application—Edward Schoo, of Prosper. He was approved.

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Marshall.—Harry Rook, living two miles north of the city, lost 14 valuable sheep when dogs attacked the flock. Five others were so badly injured they had to be killed. Mr. Rook killed one dog and another owned by Charles Doyle of this city will die by orders of Sheriff Fonda. A. Ford, who resides on another farm in Marshall township, also reports dogs have attacked his sheep, while James Bryant of Convis reports several sheep injured by dogs.

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Port Huron.—From one to five years in Jackson prison is the penalty which Robert Schram must pay for plurality of wives. Schram, who was arrested several weeks ago on a complaint sworn out by his second wife whose maiden name was Harriet Hazel, was given a hearing before Judge Tappan. He was first married in 1903 and later separated, going to Canada. His second union took place last March, and it is said that he deserted wife No. 2.

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Jackson.—Hugo Schmidt, a recent arrival from Germany, searching for a lost brother, was arrested on suspicion and locked up. He was released when it was found he was innocent of any offense. Schmidt is a thirty-second degree Mason. He cannot speak the English language, but speaks German and French fluently. He says he manufactured an aeroplane in the old country and sold the patents for 60,000 francs.

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Owosso.—Following a meeting of 100 members of the Ladies' Aid society of the Judville church, at the home of Abijah Rogers, near Judville, every doctor within a radius of 15 miles was kept busy for several hours attending members of the society who had been made ill by pressed chicken. The condition of several was serious for some time, but nearly all have now recovered.

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Alpena.—Leo Mitchell, aged fifteen, of St. Clair, was sentenced to state industrial school until he is eighteen years old. Leo stole a horse from a neighbor of relatives he was visiting at Hubbard Lake. He was captured after a 60-hour chase by a posse. Too much dime novel reading is Sheriff Simons' explanation for the boy's downfall.

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Flint.—While not a bit of hail and scarcely any rain fell on the surrounding farms, the place of John Holtingworth was swept by a storm that destroyed hundreds of dollars' worth of crops. Hail cut the corn, beans and oats to pieces and a miniature flood washed away four wagon loads of oats stacked in a field.

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Grand Rapids.—The Michigan Abstractors' association is meeting in this city in annual convention. Miss Catherine Breitenbach, manager of the Ontonagon County Abstract company, is the only woman delegate, and I. T. Cowles of Detroit have places on the program.

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Grand Rapids.—L. H. Bassett of the Alexander Miller company declared that Michigan's trade in fruit and produce will double by reason of the new standard package law which will be effective August 16. "Carelessness in grading," said Mr. Bassett, "has been practiced by Michigan growers for years, because they are so close to Chicago that they believed it eastern buyers did not like their prices and produce they could go elsewhere. The new law will make the best grading necessary, and failure to respect it will constitute a violation."