SUMMARY OF THE WORLD'S EVENTS

IMPORTANT NEWS BOILED DOWN TO LAST ANALYSIS.

ARRANGED FOR BUSY READERS

Brief Notes Covering Happenings in This Country and Abroad That Are of Legitimate Interest to All the People.

Washington

One of the rocks which threatened the peaceful passage of the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill dissolved into thin air when the senate majority swung solidly into line behind its leaders to defeat an amendment designed to regulate trusts.

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Elimination of the commerce court, an appropriation of $100,000 for the relief of American refugees in Mexico and $300,000 to start the interstate commerce commission's physical valuation of railroads featured the general deficiency appropriation bill reported to the house at Washington by the appropriations committee.

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The house commerce committee at Washington is considering plans for a $4,000,000 bridge over the Potomac river. It will link the national capital with Virginia.

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Negroes of the District of Columbia mailed to members of Congress a protest against proposed legislation to segregate the blacks who are employed in government offices.

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The house naval affairs committee will hold hearings soon, with a view of drafting legislation to amend or replace the naval personnel law of 1899. It is desired to provide for a steady flow of promotions and avoid the threatened stagnation in the service.

Domestic

No loss of life occurred on Ocracoke or Portsmouth islands in Pamlico sound during the terrific storm. At Atlantic, a few miles south of Portsmouth island, considerable damage was done.

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Fire which started in a negro's cabin is slowly dying out at the foot of West mountain, the southern extremity of Hot Springs, after reducing to a smoldering mass of wreckage an area more than a mile in length and from seven to ten blocks wide in the eastern section of the city. The monetary loss is roughly estimated at $10,000,000.

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A suit in equity charging violation of the Sherman anti-trust law against the National Wholesale Jewelers' association, with head offices in Philadelphia had comprising 172 of the leading jobbing firms of the country, will be filed in the United States district court at New York.

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Fire destroyed the plant of the Buckeye Window Glass company at Columbus, O., causing a loss estimated at $150,000. Little insurance was carried.

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Chief of Police D. A. White of San Francisco is accused of incompetency and inefficiency and conduct unbecoming an officer in a complaint filed with the police board by Captain Michelson, an attorney. White is charged with appointing men as detectives who were recently convicted in connection with a "bunko ring."

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Of all the "speed" dances which have been analyzed by the International Association of Masters of Dancing, which began a three days' session at Bridgeport, Conn., the "tango," the "hesitation" waltz, the "hitchy koo" and the "peacock glide" are all right if danced with decorum.

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Three thousand persons, representing 40 political organizations, marched to the New York city hall headed by six brass bands and acclaimed Mayor Gaynor as an independent nominee to succeed himself.

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Several hundred delegates attended the tenth national encampment of the United Spanish-American war veterans, which held a three-day session at Buffalo, N. Y.

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Harry Bottorff of Farson, Ia., and William Cheek are dead and Mrs. Cheek, a sister of Bottorff, is expected to die as a result of an auto race between two friends on a country road near Ottumwa, Ia.

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Rioting among the striking copper miners and non-union men continues at Calumet, Mich. Fifteen arrests were made, several women being taken into custody. Four non-union men were badly beaten by strikers at Laurium and Hancock.

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Washington and Lee university at Lexington, Vt., will receive nearly $2,000,000 from the estate of Robert Parker Doremus, formerly a member of the stock exchange firm of De Coppet & Doremus, according to a transfer tax report filed in New York.

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The whaler Karluk, with the Stefansson exploring expedition, arrived at Point Barrow, Alaska, after having been stuck in the ice in latitude 71 degrees 5 minutes, longitude 167 degrees 10 minutes a number of days. With 21 dead and five dying as results of the wreck of the Bar Harbor express train, the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad faces a searching public inquiry into the causes of the disaster by the interstate commerce commission. The commission will demand a law requiring that within a fixed period all railroads shall equip themselves with steel passenger cars, that the Pullman company replace all its wooden cars with those of steel construction.

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Declaring the deposit of $20,000,000,000 in the banks of the United States demonstrated the confidence and the trust of the public in the bankers, and therefore entitled them to be heard on currency legislation, President James H. Forgan of the First National bank of Chicago opened the hearings at Washington of the senate banking and currency committee on the pending Wilson-Bryan-Glass currency bill.

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Mexican Revolt

The Yaquis of Sonora have begun to threaten Americans. Desertions of the Indians from the state troop ranks continue. The insurgent forces are retreating before a federal advance north of Guaymas.

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With the approach of Gen. Geronimo Trevino to the capital the opinion is becoming a practical certainty in Mexico City that Huerta intends to quit the presidency in favor of General Trevino and become a candidate at the October elections.

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American Bar association meeting in Montreal adopted a resolution indorsing President Wilson's action in regard to Mexico. Ex-President Taft addressed the members, advocating greater independence of the judiciary.

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Verification that General Bravo put to death six Americans for sympathizing with the revolutionary cause was brought to the Carranzista headquarters in Piedras Negras, Mex., direct from Torreon. General Bravo ordered Consular Agent Carothers out of his office when the latter attempted to obtain details.

Personal

Harry K. Thaw will be produced before the full king's bench, appeal side, at Montreal, on the morning of September 15. Two of his counsel, J. N. Greenshields and N. K. Laflamme, obtained a double writ—habeas corpus and prohibition—at Montreal and returned to Coaticook, where not long before the immigration authorities had ordered Thaw's deportation to Vermont.

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William Travers Jerome, special counsel for the state of New York in the Harry K. Thaw deportation proceedings at Coaticook, Que., learned at Norton's Mills, Vt., it is said, that the provincial authorities at Quebec regret his arrest on a charge of gambling and that a formal apology from the government might be made.

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George M. Cohan, one of the most popular actors on the American stage and his fourteen-year-old daughter Georgetta, were seriously injured when their automobile crashed into a farmer's wagon near Hartford, Conn.

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Albert Trost, who suffered two broken legs when he jumped from a speeding automobile in the Heno (Mo.) road race, died at Reno of hemorrhage of the brain, superinduced by the injuries.

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Miss Ella H. Lurkins, a Chicago milliner, and Mrs. Ida H. Bartel, a dressmaker of St. Joseph, Mo., pleaded guilty in New York to charges of smuggling and were released after paying fines of $250 and $150.

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Riley Shepherd, ninety-four years old, of Noblesville, Ind., the father of 29 children, is dead at his home. He was born in North Carolina and came to Indiana in 1840. Shepherd had been married three times.

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Mayor William J. Gaynor of New York, who accepted an independent nomination for re-election, has unexpectedly sailed for Europe for a two weeks' vacation. Mayor Gaynor has been ill for two weeks, and was so weak when he boarded the Baltic that he could hardly stand.

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Viscount Haldane, lord high chancellor of England, who had been in this country for five days, sailed from New York on the Lusitania. His sister, Miss Elizabeth Saunders Haldane, made the trip with him.

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Foreign

The United States legation to Madrid will be raised immediately to an embassy as the result of the passage by the house of the senate bill to authorize the president to appoint an ambassador to Spain at $17,500 a year. Joseph E. Willard, former lieutenant-governor of Virginia, has been mentioned as the probable first ambassador to Spain.

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The competition for designs for a new German embassy building at Washington, D. C., by the German government was won by Prof. Bruno Moehring, the leading architect of Berlin.

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Manuel, dethronged king of Portugal, and Princess Augusta Victoria of Hohenzollern were married at Sigmaringen, their fest being on the royal bridegroom's native soil. Many of the crowned heads of Europe were present.

LETTER FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

COMMISSIONER HELME FINDS WAY TO FORCE SWIFT & CO. TO PAY LICENSE.

TONAGE TAX WILL BE URGED AT NEXT SESSION.

New Law Governing Hotels Is of Little Effect on Account of No Appropriation for Enforcement of Same.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing, Mich.—Dairy and food commissioner, James Helme, who has been kicking up considerable dust in Detroit recently by his investigation of meat markets, bakeries and cold storage plants, claims to have "put one over" on Swift & Co. during the last session of the legislature and he says that hereafter the big packing house will pay its regular fee for operating creameries in Michigan.

For a number of years there has been a law on the statute books which provided that every creamery, milk station and condensory should pay a yearly license of $5. However, there was no penalty clause attached to the old law and Swift & Co., which controls about 400 creameries and milk stations in Michigan, refused to pay. The smaller concerns paid rather than go to court as legal services would have cost them more than the license fee.

During the last session Helme had a bill introduced to amend the old law so that it would be possible to prosecute. While the attention of Swift & Co. and the other big concerns was drawn to this bill, another measure was slipped in by Helme giving him authority to condemn impure cream. Apparently this bill was overlooked by those who represented the interests of the big companies, and it was not until the statute took effect August 14 did Swift & Co. discover that Commissioner Helme was in possession of a weapon that would compel them to do business.

Helme says that it was the intention of the companies to refuse to pay their license fees, Helme stationed some of his dairy experts and at their creameries and confiscated several hundred gallons of impure cream. After the siege had continued for three days Swift & Co. remitted and other concerns are paying up. Helme says the department will collect more than $5,000 from the creameries this year.

It was learned here that the state grange will redouble its efforts at the next session of the legislature to bring about the passage of a tonnage tax and owing to the fact that it has already cost the state $200,000 to maintain the militia in the copper country to protect the mines during the strike trouble, it is believed that a tonnage tax will stand a better chance of passage than any time in years.

Auditor General Fuller has already paid out $200,000 from the general fund of the state to the military authorities in the copper country and the cost to the taxpayers is mounting each day the troops are kept in the upper peninsula.

"The copper properties of Houghton and Keweenaw counties are owned largely by eastern capitalists and the taxpayers of Michigan are paying the freight," said a prominent granger who has always boosted for a tonnage tax on the output of the mines.

Under a law passed at the last session of the legislature the cost of maintaining troops in a county is placed upon the whole state. It is claimed that the grange leaders will use this as an argument when the tonnage tax bill comes up for consideration at the next session and it is believed here that the bill will have the support of all labor leaders in the house and senate who will not be kindly disposed towards the mining interests.

Clifford Vetter, of Grand Ledge, who sustained a broken wrist while playing baseball with the Reo team in the factory league of this city, has applied to the industrial accident board for compensation.

Vetter claims that it was his intention to go home the afternoon of the accident, but he says he was ordered by a foreman to play with the Reo team. Owing to the fact that Vetter is not regularly employed as a ball player, there is considerable question as to whether he is entitled to any compensation from the Reo Motor Car company.

When State Treasurer Haarer unlocked the vaults of the state's strong box at the beginning of the September business, there was a balance of $1,891,147.91 in the general fund available for immediate use.

The specific tax fund was credited with $87,005.01 and the primary school interests fund contained $6,715.32. However, within an hour after the treasury was opened, $177,000 was drawn from the general fund by the various state hospitals.

During the month of August, $1,048,169.37 was drawn from the general fund and if this record breaking pace keeps up state officials predict that it will be necessary for the state to borrow money before November 1.

State Fire Marshal Winship says that more than half the fires reported to his department during August were caused by lightning. During the month of July lightning caused 85 fires, while 169 were reported last month. Winship says the fire loss from lightning last month amounted to $153,422.96. There were 267 fires during August with a total property loss of $14,942.78.

The records show that 156 fires occurred in rural communities outside the range of adequate fire protection. A property loss of $25,991.75 is charged against fires of unknown origin.

All state employes are protected under the workingmen's compensation and employer's liability law and Insurance Commissioner Winship filed a list of 3,769 employes with the accident board.

The Kalamazoo State Hospital has 376 employes. This institution has more employes than any other in the state. Every institution in the state is included and some of the largest are as follows: Traverse City State Hospital 228, legislative employes during sessions 102, Newberry State Hospital 50, Ionia State Hospital 35, Central Michigan Normal School 100, secretary of state's department 50, Industrial School for Girls 150, Pontiac State Hospital 281, Michigan Home and Training School at Lapeer 100, Michigan Soldiers' Home 100, Kalamazoo State Hospital 376, University of Michigan 300, Mchigan Agricultural College 345.

When the last legislature passed the bill endorsed by the traveling men's associations creating a hotel commission and providing for a vigorous inspection of all hostelries and lodging houses, the lawmakers neglected to make an appropriation for carrying out the work. However, this fact apparently was not discovered until the commission composed of Labor Commissioner Cunningham, Dairy and Food Commissioner Helme, Insurance Commissioner Winship and Secretary Dixon of the state board of health, held a meeting recently.

Inasmuch as the law pays particular attention to the equipping of hotels and lodging houses with fire escapes Labor Commissioner Cunningham's inspectors will be able to carry out this provision as it is along their line of work.

Section six of the act provides that every hotel keeper shall provide all beds with regulation sheets not less than ninety inches in length. The law provides also that the beds shall be provided with sufficient number of regulation size blankets that are kept in a sanitary condition.

Owing to the fact that the state is without an official inspector of sheets and pillow cases and there is no funds to hire one, it appears that the hotel keepers can do about as they please in this particular regard.

An echo of the Baikins reached the industrial accident board when Tony Dimoff, injured May 26 at the Morgan & Wright plant, in Detroit appeared with a petition for a lump sum payment of the 35 weeks' compensation due him for the loss of his index finger. He stated that his wife and three children had been turned into the streets of Sofia, where they were subject to the insults of wandering soldiers and in danger of starvation.

When Tony, who is a Macedonian by birth, came to America to make his fortune, he left his family in the care of his brother, Michael Dimoff. Michael answered the call to arms when the recent affair wits Turkey opened up, enlisting under Burgarian colors. February 1 he laid down both arms and life in a warm engagement with the enemy.

The bad news came to Tony at Detroit, but he was then earning $12.50 per week, which he found ample for the support of himself and for the support of his family in Sofia. The on May 26 Tony's right hand was drawn into the machine for the wrapping of automobile tires, which he was operating. The index finger was wrenched off at the second join. The nails were torn from all the fingers on that hand and the skin was laid back to the wrist.

Tony suddenly found his income cut in half. The $6.25 per week compensation was barely sufficient to provide for his needs in this country. He had no friends here to whom he could appeal. The brother in Sofia was dead. When the money from American stopped coming, the mother found no means of meeting the bills incurred in the care of her brood of three young children. As a result they were turned out of their home into the street, where they have wandered for several weeks. The price of all foodstuffs has been advanced to an exhorbitant standard in Sofia, according to Dimoff and even a good American quarter is barely sufficient to purchase one loaf of bread.

Tony seems to be an honest, intelligent sort of workman. He is now in America for the second time, and he reads English fairly well. His petition will probably be acted upon by the industrial accident board Monday. He professes a willingness to permit the superintendent of the Morgan & Wright plant to accompany him to the postoffice to make sure that the money is mailed to his wife in Sofia.

Secretary of State Frederick C. Martindale, has been elected chairman of the State Board of Control, which has supervision of the leasing of the property located in the St. Clair flats; Auditor General O. B. Fuller is secretary of the board which was created by the last legislature to succeed the old St. Clair Flats Commission.

REPUBLICANS WIN MAINE ELECTION

PROGRESSIVES SHOW LOSS OF STRENGTH WHILE DEMOCRATS HOLD OWN.

JOHN A. PETERS CHOSEN AS REPRESENTATIVE.

Election Attracted National Attention and Was Fought Out by Speakers of Prominence of All Three Political Parties.

Portland, Me.—Speaker John A. Peters, Republican, of Ellsworth, was chosen to fill the vacancy in the third congressional district Monday by a plurality of 553 over Mayor William R. Pattangall, Democrat, of Waterville, with Edward M. Lawrence, of Lubec, Progressive, a poor third in the race.

The returns in this special election from all but a small island plantation, gave: Peters, 15,106; Pattangall, 14,553; Lawrence, 6,487.

The vote for president in November was: Wilson, Democrat, 14,692; Roosevelt, Progressive, 13,236; Taft, Republican, 7,159.

The election, made necessary by the death of Forrest Goodwin, the Republican representative from that district, was fought out on national issues with speakers of national prominence stumping the district for the Republican, Progressive and Democratic candidates.

Opium at San Francisco.

San Francisco—Opium worth more than $250,000, local valuation, has been seized by customs officers at this port in the last three years. Under federal statutes, masters of ships on which contraband is found are liable to fines and the penalties levied against the skipper of trans-Pacific craft under this law in the three-year period total $65,071. As yet Uncle Sam has failed to collect a dollar.

One trans-Pacific company, the Toyo-Kisen-Kaisha, a Japanese line, pays a bonus to any employe on its liners who discovers opium or other contraband and reports it to the master. The contraband is promptly thrown overboard.

Jerome Is Set Free.

Coaticook, Que.—William Travers Jerome was acquitted Monday of the charge of having gambled on Thursday last, on the station property of the Grand Trunk railway here, while waiting for the immigration authorities to pass on the case of Harry K. Thaw. In discharging him the court apologized for the humiliation to which he had been subjected.

The hearing before Magistrate Henry Mulvena, of Sherbrooke, lasted less than an hour. It began at 7:35 o'clock and at 8:20 the court said: "Sir, you are honorably discharged."

Mrs. Young Wins in Chicago.

Chicago—Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, superintendent of schools, whose recent resignation, tendered because of the opposition of a few male members of the board of education, was rejected when a public demonstration was made in her behalf, is to be absolute "boss" of the city's educational system. That is the way Mayor Carter H. Harrison put it, following a conference with Mrs. Young.

"I believe the superintendent of schools should be superintendent in fact as well as in name—should, in short, be boss of the works," asserted the mayor.

Mrs. Pankhurst Is Coming.

London—Mrs. Pankhurst has decided to undertake a lecturing tour of the United States for the purpose of explaining the recent development of the militant campaign. She will pay special attention to the connection of the militant cause with the fight against white slavery and the spread of certain social diseases.

Mrs. Pankhurst intends to speak in New York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia and other cities. Miss Jean Wickham, one of the W. S. P. U. organizers, sails on September 11 for the purpose of arranging meetings with the co-operation of American sympathizers of Mrs. Pankhurst.

Big Money Is Cut Up.

St. Louis—Two million and a half dollars in currency was partly destroyed here at the United States subtreasury by order of the treasury department at Washington.

Holes big enough to put a finger through were punched into the notes and they were then divided lengthwise by an electric cutter. The notes were gold and silver certificates of the $5,000 and $10,000 denomination put up in packets of $500,000. About $1,500,000 of the $5,000 notes and $1,000,000 of the $10,000 were sacrificed.

J. H. Kent, 65 years old, a Galesburg farmer, is the first victim of the corn shredder this season in this county. He lost his right arm when his coat sleeve became caught.

The state board of education announces the appointment of Norman Cameron, of Chester, Pa., as head of the department of education of the Western Michigan normal school in this city. Mr. Cameron succeeds Prof. E. W. Hockenberry, who died last spring.

MARKETS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 375; strong. Best dry-fed steers and heifers, $8; steers and heifers 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., $7.25@7.75; steers and heifers 800 to 1,000 lbs. $7@7.50; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 1,000 lbs. $7@7.50; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700 lbs. $5.50@6.25; choice fat cows, $6@6.25; good fat cows, $5.50@5.75; common cows, $4.50@4.75; canners, $3@4; choice heavy bulls, $6.50; fair to good bologna bulls, $6@6.25; stock bulls, $3@5.50; choice feeding steers, 200 to 1,000 lbs. $6.75@7.25; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs. $2.50@6.75; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. $5.50@6.75; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. $5.75@6; stock heifers, $5@5.50; milkers, large, young, medium flesh, $60@80; common milkers, $40@50.

Veal Calves—Receipts, 131; market steady; best $11@12; others, $8@10.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1,314; market slow; best lambs, $7; fair to good lambs, $6.25@6.75; light to common lambs, $3@6; fair to good sheep, $4@4.25; culls and common, $2@3.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 901; very few sold; packers bidding as follows: Light to good butchers, $8.30@8.65; pigs, $8@8.25; mixed, $8.40@8.65; heavy, $8.25@8.50; caseas stags one-third off.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle, receipts, 210 cars; market generally 15@25c lower; best 1,350 to 1,500-lb steers, $8.75@9; best 1,200 to 1,200-lb steers, $8.50@8.75; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, $8@8.50; coarse and plain heavy steers, $7.25@7.75; choice handy steers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs., $8@8.25; fair to good do, $7@7.50; grassy, 800 to 1,000-lb steers, $7@7.35; best cows, $6.50@7; butcher cows, $5.50@6; cutters, $4@4.50; trimmers, $3.25@3.75; best heifers, $7.50@7.75; medium butcher heifers, $6.50@7.25; stock heifers, $5.25 @ 5.75; best feeding steers, $7@7.25; fair to good do, $6.50@6.85; common light stockers, $6@6.25; best butcher bulls, $6@6.50; best bologna bulls, $5.25@5.50; stock bulls, $5@5.50; best milkers and springers, $70@80; common to good do, $50@60.

Hogs: Receipts, 85 cars; market 10@15c lower; heavy, $9.15@9.25; mixed, $9.50@9.65; yorkers, $9.50@9.70; pigs, $8.75@9; roughs, $8@8.25; stags, $7@7.50.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 70 cars; market active; top lambs, $7.75@7.80; culls to fair $6@7.50; yearlings, $5.75@6.25; wethers, $5@5.25; ewes, $3.85@4.75.

Calves steady; choice $12@12.50; fair to good, $10@11.50; heavy, $5.50@8.50.

Grains, Etc.

Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 95c; September opened with an advance of 1-16c at 92 3-8c and advanced to 95c; December opened at 96 3-4c and advanced to 98 3-4c; May opened at 31.02 1-2 and advanced to $1.04; No. 1 white, 95c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 77c; No. 2 yellow, 1 car at 78 1-2c; No. 3 yellow, 78c.

Oats—Standard, 1 car at 43c; 3 at 43 1-2c, closing at 43 3-4c; old 45 1-2c bid; No. 3 white, 1 car at 42 1-2c, 2 at 43c, closing at 43 1-4c; No. 4 white 42 1-4c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 70c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, $1.80; October, $1.85.

Cloverseed—Prime October, 50 bags at $6.85; December, $6.85; October alsike, $10.25; sample alsike, 15 bags at $9, S at $9.75.

Timothy—Prime spot, 40 bags at $2.60.

Alfalfa—Prime spot, $8.25 nominal.

Barley—Good samples, $1.30@1.50 per cwt.

Hay—Carlots, track Detroit: No. 1 timothy, $16@16.50; standard, $15@15.50; No. 2, $14@14.50; light mixed, $15@15.50; No. 1 mixed, $13.50@14; rye straw, $8@9; wheat and oat straw, $7@7.50 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, $5.50; second patent, $5.10; rye, $4.60 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $23; coarse middlings, $24; fine middlings, $26; cracked corn, $26; coarse cornmeal, $29; corn and oat chop, $25.50 per ton.

General Markets.

Grapes—Delaware and Niagara, 35@40c per peck basket.

Pears—Clapp's Favorite, $1@1.25; Bartlett, $1.25@1.50 per bu.

Peaches—Island AA, $2.25; A, $2; B, $1.25@1.50 per bu; white, $1@1.25 per bu and $30@60c per peck.

Green corn—15c per doz.

Cabbage—$2.25@2.60 per bbl.

Potatoes—$2.50@2.60 per sack of 2 1-2 bushels.

Dressed calves—Choice, 10@11c; fancy, 13 1-2@14c per lb.

Onions—New southern, $1 per bu; Spanish, $1.50 per crate.

Tomatoes—Home-grown, 90c@$1.00 per bu.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 14@15c; amber, 10@11c; extracted, 7@8 per lb.

Live poultry—Broilers, 18@18 1-2c; hens, 15c; No. 2 hens, 11@12c; old roosters, 10@11c; turkeys, 17@18c; geese, 10@11c; ducks, 14@15c per lb.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats, 13 3-4@14c; New York flats, 16@16 1-2c; brick cream, 17@17 1-2c; limburger, 14@15c; imported Swiss, 26 1-2@27c; domestic Swiss, new, 19@19 1-2c; block Swiss, 17 1-2@18 1-2c; long horns, 17@17 1-2c per lb.