

Mechanical vibrators melt inches - for awhile

QUESTION: Do "effortless" mechanical vibra-tors or special exercise clothing take off or redis-tribute body fat?

ANSWER: Passive exercise devices which "do the work for you" are promoted by some health spas as effortless methods to reduce body weight

In light of heightened interest in such methods, Dr. Arthur Steinhaus and Associates (1957) investigated the validity of the weight reducing claims made for the mechanical vibrators commonly used

in health clubs and gymnasiums.

Thirteen men, some considerably overweight,

were subjected to a 15-minute period of continuous abdominal vibration during which measures of oxygen consumption (for caloric cost) were made. The average caloric cost of the 15-minute exercise period was 11.4 calories more than each man would have expended had he merely sat through the 15-minute period.

This represents the average of the average calories are considered to the average of th

minute period.

This represents the approximate equivalent of 11/49 of an ounce of fat. Thus, to lose a pound of fat (3500 Kcal) would require 307 such 15-minute periods of vibration, or roughtly six per week for a vicent

year:
Special exercise clothing and inflatable outfits
rely chiefly on dehydration and/or localized pres-

sure or constriction of tissue. Heat or pressure serves to drive the water out of the localized tissue

serves to arrive the water out of the scannes assarea.

Inches may be temporarily lost until dehydration (e.g. drinking) occurs. Sweat or rubberized suits simply increase water losses and restrict the body's evaporative cooling mechanism. The resultant rise in body temperature causes a disproportionate heart rate and blood pressure response to effort, placing an excessive work load on the heart.

The most effective clothing for weight (fat) reduction is clothing which promotes energy expenditure and/or caloric restriction. To date, no material has been found which promotes these lifestyle

changes. It is not surprising that some manufacturers have modified their advertising to include (in small print, of course) the recommendation that a diet or exercise program accompany wearing of the weight reducing garment to maximize effective-

The writer is co-director of cardiac rehabili-tation and physical fitness at Sinai Hospital and assistant professor of psysiology at Wayne State University, Questions of general interest may be sent to him in care of this newspaper.

House votes local curb on VISTA projects

Here's how area members of Congress were recorded on major roll call votes Oct. 4-10.

HOUSE

UICTA UPTRIES — The House adont.

VISTA VETOES — The House adopt-ed, 229 for and 178 against, an amend-ment permitting local officials to keep federal Volunteers in Service to Ameri-ca (VISTA) projects out of their areas. VISTA volunteers give economic, edu-cational, health and social assistance to the poor.

the poor.
The amendment, attached to a bill ... autenument, attached to a bill authorizing domestic volunteer pro-grams, was one of several offered to counter alleged political activism in VISTA. The bill was passed and sent to the Senate.

the Senate.

Rep. Ken Kramer, R-Colo., the sponsor of the amendment, said Washington must realize it cannot "force down the throats of local communities those

throats of local communities incoethings that they are resistant to..."

Rep. Ronald Dellums, D-Calif., an opponent, said the amendment would politicize VISTA "by bringing politicians into a situation to engage in harassment tactics of poor

people. . . " Members voting yea favored the lo-

cal veto.

Reps. Carl Pursell, R-Plymouth, William Broomfield, R-Birmingham, voted yea.

and William Ford, D-Taylor, did not vote.

LEAA MONEY — The House reject-d, 181 for and 224 against, an amendment to enable small police departments to get Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) grants for buying equipment. It was proposed to an LEAA bill, the thrust of which was ordered active diffiding grants away from equipment purchases and loward improving the criminal justice process. The bill was headed toward final passage and the Senate.

Rep. Harold Volkmer, D-Mo., the sponsor, said his amendment was needed because otherwise the bill prohibition of the process of the sponsor, said his amendment was needed because otherwise the bill prohibition of the proposed spile communities "from getting the actual things they need such as photographic equipment in order to take photographs... at the scene of a crime right later the crime has been committed."

committed."

Rep. Lamar Gudger, D-N.C., an opponet, said, "The greatest criticism against the LEAA in recent history was the use by so many law enforcement agencies of federal dollars... to buy

Pursell, Albosta and Davis voted

Roll Call Report

Sawyer, Ford, Brodhead, Blanchard, Broomfield and Vander Jagt voted nay. Bonior did not vote.

ABORTION — By a vote of 162 for and 234 against, the House refused to solten its hard line against federally founded abortions. funded abortions.

The vote came on an amendment The vote came on an amendment that would have continued current law, which permits subsidized abortions when pregnancy results from rape or incest, or when it will endanger the mother's life or long-term health. The House chose instead to allow that yaryer-financed abortions only when the mother's life is at take.

The amendment was offered to a bill providing funds for the Department of HEW that was approved and sent to the Senate.

Senate.

Rep. Peter Peyser, D-N.Y., a supporter of the softening amendment, said, "we are voting on whether poor women are going to have the same rights" as those who can afford to pay for abortion without governmental

Rep. Henry Hyde, R-III., an oopponent, said: "When we talk compromise on this issue, what we are asked to compromise is human life."

Members voting yea favored a more

lenient abortion policy.
Pursell, Ford, Brodhead and Blanc-

hard voted yea. Sawyer, Albosta and Davis voted nay.

Bonior, Broomfield and Vander Jagt

SENATE

opponent, said the bill's "unprecedent-ed intrusions into state and local prero-gatives to protect the health and safety of citizens" are objectionable. Members voting yea favord the ener-

Sen. Donald Riegle and Carl Levin, both Democrats, voted yea.

WORLD BANK — The Senate adopted, 50 for and 44 against, an amendment that killed House-passed language that would have prohibited U.S. contributions to the World Bank. Dozens of developed countries contributes

contributions to the World Bank. Domess of developed countries contribute to the bank, which in turn lends to Third World countries.

The vote came during debate on a foreign aid bill later passed and sent to conference with the House. The language Killed by this vote also sought to prevent World Bank loans to Cuba. In a separate vote, the Senate went on record as opposed to any U.S. foreign

and reaching Cuba.

Sen. Paul Tsongas, D-Mass., sponsor of the amendment, said the House passed language must be killed because in the long run "it may mean the death" of the World Bank.

Sen. Harry Byrd. I-Va., an opponent of the amendment, said its message was "that we do not want to use tax funds directly to aid Cuba, but it is all right to go in the back door and have tax funds used for that purpose."

Senators voting yea favored the amendment.

Riegle and Levin voted yea.

SENATE ENERGY BOARD — The Senate approved, by a voted of 88 for and 25 against, a bill creating an Energy Mohandland Dandt to speed projects in Jovernide of the Federal agencies if they failed to act on designated "fast covering to the fast of the fast o

"The jump in interest rates past 12 percent for loans with a 20 percent down payment and the uncertainty about the general economy will force an increased number of prospective buyers out of the market," said John Cole, WWOCBR president.

"We look for sales to continue to taper off until about March when sea-

sonal demand will focus increased at-tention on home buying. By that time, we also hope a build-up in funds avail-able for mortgage loans will cause in-terest rates to begin edging down.

terest rates to begin edging down.

However, he urged homeowners in such situations to discuss the problem with their lender first to see if some other remedy can be found.

"Buyers now are in an unusual position," Cole stated, "They can expect to get more house for their money than they could previously. But at the same time, they'll find a tighter mosey market with record interest rates."







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