## House calls by energy 'doctors' could save millions

If some energy experts have their way, an army of "house doctors" will be making calls at America's 70 mil-lion homes over the next few years, prescribing remedies for excessive en-ergy consumption. Using infrared heat detectors, large fans, and "smoke pencils," a team of Princeton Ulaversity house doctors al-ready has been visiting test homes to diagnose air leaks, some types un-known until recently. They have rec-ommended everything from calking, weatherstripping, additional insulation, and storm windows to replacing or weatherstripping, additional insulation, and storm windows to replacing or overhauling furnaces. -

THE PRINCETON researchers con-tend that a nationwide house-doctor program would cut home-heating de-mands in half and save the equivalent of two-thirds of our Arab oil imports. They estimate that a commercial house-doctor visit and quick fix would cost \$200 to \$400 and lower heating bills 15 to 20 percent.

Conservation coupled with more effi-cient use of energy may be the easiest and quickest way out of the current oil crisls. "Many experts now say that, us-ing existing technology, we can cut en-ergy use dramatically and live just as well, if not better," reports Rick Gore in the National Geographic's special is-renade nearer.

well, it not better," reports Atck Gore in the National Geographic's special is sue ob energy. "We've already begun to conserve thanks largely to the rising price of about 11 percent since 1973. Crowth of electrical demand has slowed sharply: In travels throughout the United States, Gore discovered thousands of inventive energy pioneers already at work conserving existing sources of en-ergy and inding new ones. Determined to live as well or better on less, they are doing everything from building windmills to burning valuat shells. In Verwon, general-store owner Dan Fraser has stacked more than 100

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cords of wood in his backyard — one of the biggest personal woodpiles in New England. "I figure I can either burn wood or send my money to some damn fellow in the Mideast," he told Gore To Fraser, "too much wood is just enough."

Across the country in Washington, a dozen commaters hop into the same 'van and ferry to Seattle, together sav-ing an estimated 27,000 gallons of gas a year as well as part of their transporta-tion expenses.

IN COLORADO, Jon Mullord's house, overlooking the Rockies was built to in-corporate lite sun and earth into its en-ergy-awing design. Using passive solar techniques that do not require collector panels or elaborate plumbing, the house itself is designed to trap and store the sur's heat in winter and reject it in summer. The earth also helps con-serve because the house is built partly underground, where temperatures be-

round. At the Tennessee Valley Authority — the nation's largest electricity pro-ducer — Chairman David Freeman has stopped construction on four of 14 nu-clear reactors and turned to conserva-

stopped construction on four of 14 nu-clear reactors and turned to conserva-tion and solar energy instead. An innovative TVA conservation pro-gram, similar to one developed by uilt-lies in Oregon, informs customers of conservation measures that are ecco-nomically feasible and provides a list of approved contractors. TVA pays the contractor once the work is completed and inspected, and the customers pay TVA back in install-ments, interest free, on monthy bills. For the typical all-silceric customer, the savings in electricity just about capals the monthly bilars. In 10tho, which sits co top of svartage of the socharmer taking al-their doorstep, It is estimated that at least a third of the city's buildings

Thursday, May 21, 1981

Could be heated geothermally. "As valuable to our country and economy as conservation is," Gore points cut, "It often costs more money than most people, companies, and util-ties — many of which face serious fi-mancial problems — can muster. How do we raise the capital we need?" INOVATIVE RATE schemes or bond issues could help channel conser-vation money through the utilities, he provide investors to underwrite oil and gas exploration through generous tax broads we can be up to preaks to those who put up capital for conserva-tion.

## Scouts pick regional chief

Rolland Wilkening of Bloomfield Hills, vice chairman and secretary of the Barton-Malow Co., was elected to a two-year term as president of the East Central Region, Boy Scouts of America.

lectricity and heat together --- termed

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electricity and heat together — termed "cogeneration." At the Diamond Wahut Growers' fa-cilly, in California, for example, the, leftover shells are crushed, producing, \$5,000 tons of coarse brown powder each year. Once sold as poultry bedding and toy fillings, the shells are nowy burned in boilers that warm the plant burget these times the electricity y it needs.

vation moncy through the utilities, he troports. Or Congress, whick for encourages private investors to underwrite oil and breaks, could offer similar breaks to those who put up capital for conserv-tion. In industry, many plants are using their own waste products to make both

community organizations and groups-been more concerned about the devel-opment and preparation of our youth for citizenship and the improvement of their physical and mental fitness, Wilkening said after his election last, meak

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