

Start stacking

Time to replenish woodpile

Safety checklist

Wood stove installation demands care

The increased use of woodburning sloves has been matched by increase in home fires. Fire officials say many of the fires could be avoided with proper installation and maintegance. Doityourselfers are urged to follow rmanufactures' instructions to the let-tor and all installations should be in-spected by a licensed beating contrac-tor or by an experienced installer. Before purchasing a free-standing, woodburning slove, buyers need to re-view local building codes to assure woodburners are allowed, fire officials say.

say. Labels on the stove should show that the model was tested by a nationally recognized, independent testing labora-

tory. H woodburners are used as the pri-mary source of heat, monthly inspec-

tions of chimneys should be made. Because wood is a slower burning fuel; creosote, a flammable substance that collects on the inside of the chim-ney's walls, becomes more of a fire hazard.

hniard. When selecting the type of wood for fuel, choose dry, well-seasoned hard-woods such as maple, elm, oak and birch. Experts suggest avolding pine, spruce and other softwoods. They give tess heat and increase crestote buildup. Here are some safety tips from the National Fire Protection Association:

sauonal Fire Protection Association: • Keep the humer 36 inches from walls and allow 6 inches of air space beneath the store. • Only use the properly designed chimney for the type of store being in-stalled.

Place the stove on a base of non-

bit-yourself Detroit!

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Before purchasing a free-standing, woodburning stove, buyers need to review local building codes to assure woodburners are allowed, fire officials 88V.

combustible material which extends at least 18 inches beyond the stove in all least 18 inches beyond the stove in all directions. • If using a factory-built chimney, make sure it is a model listed by a test-

Seal off unused flues with a non-combustible material that provides the same degree of flue resistance as the chimney.

Check the chimney for loose mortar, crumbling bricks, obstruction and creosote buildup before and after each heating scason.
All pipes connecting the stove to the chimney should be 24-guage corrosion resistant steel with 18 inches between it and other combustible material. Avoid more than two 90-degree turns from the stove to the chimney.



Our newly remodeled basement has a wood-burning stove. As a novice, I need information on selecting fire-G.M. Oak Park

Wood continues to increase in popu-larity as a complementary fuel source despite its increase in price over the pasi few years. Five characteristics to consider when buying firewood. The amount of wood, the species (types), the moisture content, the degree of prepa-ration, and linally, the price. Wood is sold in standard units of measure. A full cord measures eight feet long, four feet high and swide as the length of the cut wood — 12 to 24 inches is usual or approximately one-third of a full cord measures of the first is a vague term depending on the size of the truck bed.

The most important species charac-teristic of wood is its heating value. Certain species (types) of wood are denser, and when burned give off more heat heat.

Most wood dealers do not take time Most wood dealers do not take time to grade wood. It's usually cut and stacked as it falls. Learn to recognize the types of wood by the bark, so you can determine the value of the wood. Wood can be bought "green" or "sea-soned," depending on the moisture con-tent. Seasoned or dry wood starts to

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burn more easily and gives off more heat, so it is preferred. Green wood has not been aged before cutting and usual-iy has a "histing" sound when burned. Preparing the wood is hard work, and the price will reflect how much of the work you're willing to do yourself. If you want to have finely split pieces stacked near your doorstep, expect to pay a premium price. If you want to go the cheapest route, cut the wood your-self from free-standing trees. Wood can be bought in any stage between these two extremes. Finally, the price re-flect all of the above characteristics. A difference in any one of these char-cuss of its heating expeditively and the sum of a faverite so price. Wood is a faverite so price cause of its heating expeditive as well as the psychological lift it generates. It will never replace the more dominant sources of power, but it is a plensant complement on a cold, snowy night. The Consumer Maibag ansuers

The Consumer Mailbag answers your questions. Address mail to The Consumer Mailbag, Concern De-troit, 1025 Shelby, Detroit, 48226.

Chrysler boosts UF

United Foundation Torch Drive vol-unieurs reported this week that \$25 million, or \$21.4 nerces of this year's \$50-million goal, has been midd. It fourth report meeting by Torch Drive Advance Gitts Chairman Joan Warren. Chrysler contributed a total of \$3.8 million, consisting of both employee gifts (\$3.4 million) and a gift from the



The 36th annual Torch Drive contin-ues through Nov. 8. Contributions to this campaign support 130 charitable organizations in Wayne, Oakland and Macomb counties.



Chrysler Corp. Fund (\$375,000). This is the second consecutive year both of these gifts increased by at least 20 per-cent.

