### The Farmington Observer





# Take your pick of state tax cuts

I SPENT a recent dreary evening por-ing over a state Senate Fiscal Agency re-port on the rival tax cut plans of Gov James J. Blanchard and the Senate. This will save you the trouble of reading it.

will save you the trouble of reading it. If your chief concern is reducing taxes, there will be little difference, at least in 1986. SFA analyzed the two plans for in-comes from \$15,000 to \$63,000 and found the Senate has an advantage of about 0.1 percent of income. Big deal. The Senate passed its tax cut plan Feb. 27 with bipartisan support. A separate bill to raise personal exemptions to \$1,750 from \$1,500 was shoved through mainly by Republicans. This week the House Taxation Commit-te takes up the plans.

THE DIFFERENCE is largely philosophical. The Senate plan focuses on cut-ting personal income taxes, period Blanchard's target is lowering local prop-

Blanchard's target is towering local prop-erty taxes through robates. Blanchard and the Legislature, with only one Republican vote, in 1993 raised the income rate from 4.6 percent to 6.35 percent, with provisions to scale it down as dobts were retired and the economy improved

improved. Currently the rate is 5.35 percent. It will drop to 5.1 percent near the end of this year. Then on Oct. 1, 1987, it will drop to the pre-recession rate of 4.6 percent.

The Senate plan is to drop the rate to 4.6 percent the first day of 1986, a full 21 months ahead of schedule. In fiscal 1986 the revenue loss would be \$550 million.

BLANCHARD'S PLAN, considerably more complex, is based on the unpopular-ity of local governments' extremely high property taxes. The basics:

• The income tax rate would come down to 4.6 percent in mid-1986, six months later than the Senate plan and 15 months earlier than the current schedule. There is no provision for raising the \$1,500 exemption. • Property tax rebates would be in-creased from about \$500 million to almost



\$750 million. Instead of 1.5 million of us getting a state check when homestead property taxes are more than 3.5 percent of income. two million of us would get rebates when property taxes passed 3 percent of income. Those two items would reduce state revenue \$550 million in fiscal '86.
• A number of business-type taxes would be adjusted for various reasons, raising revenue \$200 million, so the net cost of Blanchard's plan would be \$450 million. Biggest items: tax long-term capital gains (\$72 million), tax "domestic" (Michigan) insurance companies at the some rate as "foreign" (out-of-state) companies (\$47 million) and tax military pay (\$27 million).

BLANCHARD'S PLAN has the big ad-vantage of addressing the property tax problem that we all griped so loudly about in the initiationary years of 1964-80. The governor tells us the big benefici-aries would be suburbs in Wayne. Oakland and Macomb counties, where property values have been strong and state ald to schools low. He's right. Comparable hous-ing is much higher here than in outstate eitles.

ills in fact might rice target actives and active actives. Unlike his predecessor, Bill Milliken, Blanchard will not push for a sales tax increase as a replacement for property taxes, even though Michigan's 4 percent sales tax rate is low and property taxes "way off the charts." "Some day," he predicted, "they're going to want a sales tax increase and property tax cut, dollar for dollar. I don't see it happening in the near future." Well, Jim Blanchard is known for hav-ing a pretty good sense of political timing.

IT IS ALMOST amazing how the possi-hle Republican opposition to Bill Lucas' gubernatorial candidacy seems to be melting away. One after another of the possible challengers says he does not wish to vie with Lucas for the 600P nomination. Only Oakland County Executive Dan Murphy appears to be left to oppose the new Republican star. Former Gov. General Participant

new Republican star. Former Gov. George Romney is the lat-est to support Lucas, who is only in his third year as Wayne County executive and second week as a Republican. He has yet to announce his candidacy. Romney raised a few eyebrows by insisting that Lucas should be the "consensus" GOP candidate is 1986. in 1986.

Perhaps George is mindful of the intrapertaps George is much to the much party primary rows which sapped the possible GOP will to fight a winning elec-tion campaign in the fall. The two Repub-licans who sought the U.S. Senate nomina-tion in '84 — Jack Lousma and Jim Dum provide a case in point. Once he defeat-ed Dum in the primary, Lousma had trou-hol Witne off.

ed Dunn in the primary, Lousma had trou-ble lifting off. It well could be that Lucas will become the Republican gubernatorial standard becarer without being nicked for a drop of blood by a Republican challenger. How can one candidate appear to spring up so strongly? The answer may be that his is the era of the star. Call it what you will, there are some people to whom the



spotlight gravitates. They have some combination of character, personality and style that draws attention.

IT MAY have nothing to do with intel-ligence, perseverance or effectiveness. It has more to do with such things as self-confidence, flamboyance, charisma, panache, pizzaz. The person who discov-ered Bill Lucas in a sense may be com-pared to the agent who discovered Lana Turner sipping a soda in Shwab's drug store in Hollwyood.  $\bullet$ At least one newspaper has noted that Lucas displays a significant lack of knowledge about some governmental sub-jects. The newspapers and the candidates themselves like to call them the "issue." The principals argue about issues and accuse each other of ducking the issues. But voters traditionally pay little atten-tion issues. IT MAY have nothing to do with intel-

tion to issues

Oh, there are a few that make a differ-ence — Americans held hostage, for ex-ample, made everything that Jimmy

Carter did seem suspect. And Richard Headlee, the GOP candidate for governor in '82, buried himself by addressing sup-posed women's issues. But for the most part, issues are things that voters get ifred of. They really want to vote on the basis of a candidate's percelved personality.

Philip Power chairman of the board

Dan Chovanec advertising director Fred Wright circulation director

OLE Thursday, Moy 23, 1985

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**Bichard Aginian** president Dick isham general manager

> DENNIS NYSTROM, a longtime Re-publican political operative instrumental in Lucas conversion to Republicanism, knows full well the value of a candidacy based on personality and style as opposed to one based on issues.

> He is quoted as saying that voters are not unduly concerned with a candidate's stand on specific issues. "It's your ap-proach to problem-solving that counts, not how you answer narrow questions."

not how you' answer parrow questions." It would probably be more correct to say that it is how the public perceives your approach that counts. This is why the polltical kingmakers search for stars rather than depending on their party ranks to turn out charismatic candidates. The time will come when all political leaders will search for the right candi-date, no matter what his ideology, politi-cal leanings or background. Winning the election is the most important thing. If candidates have to be chosen and courted candidates have to be chosen and courted like football and basketball stars, so be it.

### from our readers Reader suggests an elected board

To the editor: I am a longtime friend of Jill Locke and therefore, for her sake and admitting my own bias, I have refrained from writing the angry letter I wanted to write last February when Jill resigned from the Farmington Library. But I am also a tax-paying elitzen con-cerned for "MY" — OUR library. We tax-payers seem to be a group of people of little or no interest to the current library board, at least those most vocal to the newspaper. I am concerned with the li-brary board's apparent "over-defensiv-nest" and lack, of objectivity in this cur-rent matter concerning the management rent matter concerning the management practices of Director Gordon Lewis. I am

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tem.

ľ . Nancy L.C. Thomas Farmington Hills

### Patron defends Gordon Lewis

To the editor: Library Director Gordon Lewis, whom I know only through the fine facilities and services that he led during the past ten years, should finally feel relieved to leave this town where he has been treated shab-bly during the past six weeks or so. What little the public knows about his departure derives from the following:

1. Complaints, vaguely stated, from former employees about Mr. Lewis' man-agement policies and work assignments.

2. Silence, or unwillingness to comment, from the trustees charged with the re-sponsibility of overseeing the library sys-tem and who, by their conduct, contribut-ed to the suspicion and doubt about Mr. Lewis performance.

Lewis performance. 3. An and it report that cites discrepan-cies according to rule that make Mr. Lew-is, as an administrator in terms of ethics and morality, a man hard to believe in public life today. Has the learning in those bookshelves rubbed di? Why did he never learn to cheat, really cheat, the American Way, like so many other figures in both the public and private sector?

4. Observer stories that promise information and give virtually none. The May 13 story claiming in the headline that the former librarian finally tells all is appailing. She merely alluded to her unsuccessful efforts to gain a review of her complaints. By featuring that fact as a revela-

ful efforts to gain a review of her complaints. By featuring that fact as a revelation of significance the Observer unitely confused ill-defined issues further. Whatever and wherever Gordon Lewis works in the future, I would hope for him this performance receives a fairer and the pands of colleagues, trustees and means to the hands of colleagues, trustees and means the hands of colleagues, trustees hands of colleagues, trustees and means the hands of colleagues, trustees and means the hands of colleagues, trustees and means the hands of colleagues, trustees hands on of the famous Chicago "Black Sox" scandal stemming from throwing games in the 1919 World Series, "Say it is far in the statif. The armington Hills and that of the case against him was fabricated.

## Should McLain be in sports hall

OVER FOUR years, he won 92 games and two American League Cy Young awards as pitcher of the year, leading the 1968 Detroit Tigers to the world cham-pionship. He's the last major league pitch-er to top the 30 mark in wins (31). On the field — and off, too — he was a legend in Tiger history and could be men-tioned in the same breath with pitching greats George Mulin, Tommy Bridges, Schoolboy Rowe, Bobo Newsom, Hal Newhouser and Dizzy Trout. With credentials like that, wouldn't anyone qualify for the Michigan Sports Hall of Fame — on the basis of perform ance alone?

Hall of Fame — on the basis of performance ance alone? BY NOW, you know we're talking abost the brash pitcher with the hopping fast-ball, the man who bolieved he could do no wrong, former Livonia and Beverly Hills resident Dennis McLain.



Many loyalists and sports fans wish they could believe him, but the situation looks bad.

THE BOARD of directors of the Michi-gan Sports Hall of Fame left the door ajar for Denny's entry into the hall by voling to keep his name on the election ballot. He could be elected any time a vote is taken, but the board reserved veto power over any choice and could refuse to certify an election. That means it could reverse McLain's election to the hall if he bags the necessary voles. THE BOARD of directors of the Michi-

Herians electron to the num in the eigen in mecessary votes. Hall of Fame Commissioner Nick Ker-bawy, the former Detroit Lions and De-troit Pistons general manager, promises to convene the heard to vote on certifying McLain's election if that should ever hap

McLain's election if that should ever hap-pen. McLain's name would stay on the bailot for the entire loycar eligibility period, after which it could be removed. McLain's name has been on the Hall of Fame ballot the last two years. His con-viction has sparked debate on his name continuing to appear on the ballot. "Crite-ria for a candidate's election is contained

in the Hall of Fame's constitution as ing brought lasting fame and honor to the state of Michigan," "Kerbawy said.

IT'S PAINFUL to contemplate the fate of Denny McLain. He had the world in his arms, and he let it slip away. He could have been financially comfortable for life, and he's broke.

should a man's sins wipe out his accomplishments?

plishments? REGARDLESS of your viewpoint, Den-ny McLain will go down as one of the most famous persons in the history of Michigan sports. He did something that hadn't been done since Dizzy Dean in the 1930s: win over 30 games. And yet a person of his deeds blew it all and ran afoul of the law. The best reason to keep Denny out of the hall would be to eliminate him as an inspirational example for kids. Looking at it from another angle, may-be that's just the reason for putting Denny into the hall — to show an example of what can happen to greatness if it be-comes contaminated, to show that good things must be channeled, and that re-gardless of how good you are, no one is above the law. -:?

In case you're interested, Kerbawy can be reached at 968-2440, and responses to the Observer & Eccentric letterbox are welcome.



# In politics, star is everything