



Marliva Fitchett editor/591-2300



Fewer watching TV ads

By By Pat Walsh special writer

If you enjoyed TV's "North and South" or you're looking forward to Monday Night Football, dort dodge the commercials. Otherwise, "you may bite that hand that feeds you, and commercial TV may bite the dust." That's the warning from Michael Bernac-ch, University of Detroit marketing profes-rofs.

classifieds inside

sor, As the number of housholds using remote control and cable TV increases, and "the son of zapper" grows up to be more sophisticat-ed, televison sponsors are going to look hard at spending money on TV when fewer and fewer people are watching during commer-

tewer people are watering ourning connecticals. The advertising industry has several op-tions in dealing with zapping, the deliberate skipping of commercials either by switching channels or by fast-forwarding through commercials recorded on a VCR, Bernacch said

said. For example, advertisers can choose a different advertising medium at a loss to the commercial TV viewer. He cites the elga-rette industry as an example of resourceful advertising in print that developed when smoking ads were banned from television.

advertising in which are deviced to the sumking advertising in which advertision. ANOTHER STRATEGY Bernacchi sees is to change the 'tonal quality of the commercial and solute: or induce, the viewer to keep the Tytone: "Which a better the solution with the tent of the commercial to the solution of the solution of the tent of tent of the tent of tent of the tent of tent of tent of tent of tent of tent of the tent of ten

The creative philosophy behind Doner's commercials for clients such as Perry Drugs and Little Caesars give Doner an edge with the growing problem of zapping by "changing the viewers" attitudes towards commercials," Levine belleves.

commercials," Levine believes. TOM EICHER, executive vice president and general manager of Birmligham's Sione August & Co., talked about his compa-ny's increased use of sophisticated computer metha addreness with programming. These resources are able to target ex-remely specific audiences such as "foot-tall, red-halred women, if that's who uses your product." The rationalization is that while you lose the same percentage of your audience, you compensate by doing a better job of buying media time to begin with. A recent McCann-Eitckson report sug-gests the need for "minute-by-minute" rat-ing levels during commercials at the front or rear end of the "pod" (as col commercials) "evidence the least autoence

mercial breaks to "provide opportunity for more first-position commercial locations."

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COMMERCIAL length is not considered a

COMMERCIAL length is not considered a strength. The standard 60-second commer-cial has lost out to the 30-second spot, and some commercials are being reduced to 15 seconds. The change is related to commer-cial production costs, not zapping, but some believe it still will be harder to zap a 15-second commercial without missing a part of a favorite program. The agency says it can document "that somewhat greater than longer spots. This will have even greator implications to actual addence dollveries as the use of 15-second commercials increases dramatically over the next two years." All advertising agency exployees inter-viewed said they try to buy front-end com-mercials to local spots, but Done's Lewind does "not believe it's being done consistent-ly" due to exporting the show as was done for inc King Riggs tennis match also tends to be expensive.

Agencies fight back

Experience the Difference

The McCann-Erickson study on zapping shows the following:

• Commercials at half-hour and hour breaks are far more susceptible to channel switching than in-program commercials.

Channel-switching during commercials is lowest in prime time and highest in sports programming.

• The first commercial in a set has the least audience loss. The last position is the next most favorable. Inside "pod" positions generally suffer the greatest losses. Be an Observer & Eccentric Newspaper carrier. Call 591-0500 for details

 High-rated TV programs yield more stable audiences — the lower the program rating, the greater the average-minute channel switch during both the program and commercials.

Channel switching "absolute point loss" has not increased since 1978. But the average ratings for programs have decayed more than 15 percent, and therefore, "the relative ratio for switching is now, far great-er than it was eight years ago."

Heavy zappers are the younger, more upscale members of the traditionally light-viewing groups.

SALE

Report sees jobless rate falling for 3 years in state

Look for an initial increase in un-employment in the state during the provement during the a gradual im-guarter. But he's predicting that years — at a quicker rate than the David B. Crary, professor of eco-pomics at Eastern Michigan Diviever, sity, is predicting the rise in unem-



Theft is increasing in many areas, ! insurance costs more, and your es-tate is growing to the point where you are wondering were to keep im-portant documents and valuable items. The Wheighan Association of CPAs suggests you consider a home safe, a bank safe deposit box or a a private security valuables were stolen you could recover much of their value by deducting the loss of your adjusted gross in-come and only after subtracting \$100 from each loss. You could, however, even yourne of your tasses new which typically places a limit of \$500 or \$1,600 de-times such as watches and jewelry. For an extra cost, a special pesonal licens rider would normally enable you to recover the full market value of the stolen item. BUT HOW can you keep your

practically speaking

installation. Prices can increase sharply, depending on size and quality.

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