Congress repairs budget- cutting law

Here's how area members of Congress were recorded on major roll call votes in the week ending Sept.

INOUSE

GRAMM-RUDMAN REPAIR—By a vote of 230 for and 176 against, the House approved and sent to the Senate legislation (H Res 247) to repair the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings deficit reduction law.

The measure also raised Treasury borrowing authority from \$2.3 trillen through May 1999.

The Gramm-Itudman repair is designed to satisfy the Supreme

Schroeder: Save American families

A week age. Congresswoman Paricia Schroeder tearfully announced that she would not seek the Demorate monitoring the still speaking out on the 1988 still speaking out on the 1988 she still speaking out on the 1988 she still speaking out on the 1988 campaign out on the 1988 when the still speaking out on the 1988 campaign out on the 1988 campaign out on the 1988 campaign out on the 1988 the still speaking out on the 1988 the deficit and the America families. We must offer the building block of our fation families and the 1988 charged part of the 1988 charged part of

for a nationwide parental leave pollcy.

Her family medical leave bill
would provide ils weeks of unpaid
leave for parents after the birth or
of a sick elderly parent.

The MOTHER of two, Schroeder
polinted out that more than 100 other
nations provide some type of parental leave.

Schroeder's bill is in a House committee. She expects the House to
pass a modified eversion of the bill,
which then of the bill,
which then do something.

Schroeder criticized the tax reformac of 1986 as detrimental to
"If you decided to raise thoroughbreds rather than children, you'd be
tetter off under the new tax reform."

Friday at a fund-raiser for Wayne County Executive Edward McNamara.

Schroeder, a Colorado congress-woman since 1972, has campaigned

better off under the new tax re-form."

"To relieve the stress from the building block of society which is the code and, secondly, the family medi-cal leave act.

Roll Call Report

Members voting yes supported the legislation. Voting yes: Carl Pursell, R.Plymouth, Sander Levin, D.South-field, William Broomfield, R.Bir-

field, William Fred, Dingham.
Voling no: Dennis Hertel, Di-Harper Woods, William Ford, D-

Taylor.

BUBGET CUTS — The House rejected, 176 for and 239 against, an amendment to cut about \$400 million from a \$57.8 billion fixed 1988 appropriations bill (IIR 2783) for the Department of Housing and Urban Development and various agencies. The amendment sought to cut 2 percent across the board from all areas of the bill except the Veterans Administration and National Areautics and Space Administration budgets. The bill was sent to the Senate.

Sponsor Philli Crane, R-III, called this a chance for members to reduce the deficit themselves rather than rely on an automatic Gramm-Rudman-Hollings mechanism.

Opponent William Green, R-N-Y, defended the bill as already austere. Members voting yes supported the cut. Voting yes were Republicans Pursell and Broomfield.

Voting no were Democrats Hertel, Ford and Levin.

CONTRA FUNDING — By a vote of 270 for and 138 against, the House passed and sent to the Senate a stopage appropriations bill (if Res 270) to fund government operations at fiscal 1997, levels in the opening weeks of liscal 1998. The "continuing resolution" is necessary because Congress has falled to pass any of the 13 appropriations bills for the fiscal year beginning Oct. 1.

bills for the fiscal year beginning Oct. 1.
Included in the outlay is \$3.5 million in non-leithal aid to and-Sandinista contro forces to keep them in place until after the scheduled Nov. 7 start of the impending central American peace plan.

Members voting yes favored the continuing resolution. Voting yes: Ilertel, Ford, Levin, Broomfield, Voting no: Pursell.

SENATE

FIXING GRAMM-RUDMAN — By a vote of 64 for and 34 against, the Senate passed and sent to Presi-dent Reagan a measure repairing the Gramm-Rudman-Hoilings deficit

reduction law and raising the national debt ceiling to \$2.8 trillion debt ceiling to \$2.8 trillion through May 1989.

This followed House approval of the same legislation (above).

The measure (H.J. Res 324) calls for a fiscal 1988 deflet of no more than \$144 \text{ billion} and a balanced budget by 1993.

It establishes an executive branch device for autonatically shrinking the defletit to specified annual levels when Congress and the White Houe fall to do so through the normal process of spending cuts and/or revenue hikes.

Its automatic cuts are sells auton.

Soviet EMBASSV — Bus autonatic cuts are sells auton.

hikes.

Its automatic cuts are split evenly
between defense and non-military
functions and apily across the board
to most discretionary areas of federal spending.
Senators voting yes favored the
Gramm-Rudman repair. Voting yes:
Carl Levia, D-Mich.
Voting no: Donald Riegle, D-Mich.

'STAR WARS' FUNDING — By a vote of 51 for and 80 against, with Vice President George Bush casting the final yes vote, the Senate approved a higher funding level for the Strategic Defense initiative in the fiscal 1988 defense authorization bill.

bill.

The vote approved \$4.5 billion rather than \$3.7 billion for the Administration's "Star Wars" program to develop a space-based shield

Voting not Levin, integer.

SOVIET EMBASSY — By a vote 70 for and 27 against, the Senate amended the defense authorization bill (above) to prohibit the Soviet Union from occupying its new embassy site on high ground in the District of Columbia.

This would vold a pact under which the Soviet complex in Washington and America's new embassy in Moscow have been built. Soviet istening devices have been found in the Infrastructure of the new U.S. building.

the infrastructure of the new U.S.
Supporters called the amendment vital to national security, while foes said it was out of place as part of the military budget.
Senators voting yes wanted to withdraw Mt. Alto in Washington as the site of the new Soviet embassy. Voting yes: Levin.
Voting no: Riegle.





ONE-TIME OPTION TO RAISE THE RATE

Now there's a CD that can leap all others in a single bound. With the Big E Super CD, you not only get a great rate to start, but one time during the three-year term you can increase your rate. That's right. Take an interest leap! Just adjust your rate to the higher rate of any Big E CD account offered at that time with the same remaining term. Then, the new, higher rate is yours until maturity.

Now you don't need X-ray vision to see what a great CD this is. All you do need is a minimum balance of \$2,500 to start one.

Visit your nearest Big E office or call SMARTLINE® at 1-800-THE Big E (1-800-843-2443), seven days a week from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. We'll start your new Super CD faster than a speeding bullet!

*Interest is compounded daily and must remain on deposit a full year at the stated rate to earn the annual yield shown. Substantial penalty for early withdrawal. Rate available for a limited time only. Minimum deposit \$2500. Some restrictions may apply:

We'll help you live your dreams



Twenty-one office throughout the metropolitan Detroit areas

DETROIT. 20060 Van Dyke, 893-7180 / 719 West Vernor Highway, 841-8442 / 19830 West 7 Hile, 537-3400.

EAST DETROIT. 19000 East 10 Mile, 771-8840. SOUTHIFEED: 21700 Northwestern Highway, 884-8650 (1992) Research of the Control of t



