Study paints vivid picture of Holocaust

By Casey Hans and Carolyn DeMarco staff writers

OUR DECADES have passed since the Holocaust. A full Such DECADES have passed since the Holocaust. A full generation insulates today's youth from the horrors of mass genocide in eastern Europe during pre-war and World War II

BOLKOSKY AND co-authors Bet-ty Rotherg Ellias, a Southfield-Lathrup High School teacher, and David Harris, social studies consult-ant for Oaktand Schools, introduced the curriculum this fall at a two-day teacher in-service. It was held at the Holocaust Center in West Bloom-

Holocaust Center in West Bloom-tield. Author Bolkosky is considered a Holocaust expert. Ellias, the daugh-ter of survivors, is a member of the Sweish Community Council's Holo-caust subcommitte. Response to the training exceeded expectations, Harris told a group of 23 teachers from public area and 24 teachers from public area. An ad-ditional 24 teachers were trained on second day. Farmington's three public high school were represented in the train-ing, including Ai Judge from Farm-harrison High, Richard Steele from Harrison High, Richard Steele from Harrison High and Tom Wallis from Vorth Farmington High, according to Information Irom Oakland

'We live in a world more like that of the perpetrators (of the Holocaust) than of the era preceding it."

Schools. The three brought back ma-terials from the seminars to each school, according to Oakland Schools Harris.

School's liters. JUDITH WHITE, assistant super-inendent for staff and curriculum development for Farmington terelopment for Farmington process of revising the district's so-cial studies curriculum, but no deci-sion has been made to include the "Life Unworthy of Life" program. As an intermediate district em-ployee, Harris is consulting with Farmington educators on this social studies curriculum review. The said if a Holocaust teaching unit is used in Farmington it would most likely be in a Modern World most negative the state of the should. Because such a course would cov-r the history of the Holocaust time, tholocaust would be handled," he said. Although introduction of the Holo

Although introduction of the Holo-caust topic has not been formalized in Farmington, the teachers particl-pating in the in-service may already be using materials in their classes, Harris added

Harris saio ne was approxime - -presenters of "a diamond in the rough," the raw material for a cur-riculum. I Harris helped with revisions and asked for a grant from the Michigan Department of Education to finance

WE WERE THERE!

- Sidney Bolkosky history professor

THE DEVELOPMENT of the course began three years ago, when Harris said he was approached by presenters of "a diamond in the

Graphic collages from the students' textbook on the Holocaust are seen behind author Betty Rotberg Ellias during the In-ser-vice for 23 area teachers. One goal of the curriculum is for stu-

the project. It was denied. Enter the Center for the Study of the Child, a non-profit organization headed by Sidney Lutz of Lutz Asso-clates in Farmington Hills. Lutz presented seed money of 455,000 to cover the costs of pro-ducing the 318-page teacher manu-als, 216-page student textbooks and accompanying 62-minute video-tapes. Aiter all costs are pald, future proceeds for sales of the 5250 curric-lum package are committed to funding future Holocaust education projects.

funding future Holocaust education projects. Additional support has come from the Jewish Community Council of Metropolitan Detroit. Oakland Schools is the first to adopt the "Life Unworthy of Life-curricolum, Plans are under way to introduce it to high section the curriculum has also been expressed by individuals and organizations in Can-ada, the United Kingdom, South Af-rica and Israel.

OTHER HOLOCAUST curricula exist, Bolkosky said, but "there has been no focus except on ... photo-graphs of atrocities ... bodies and mass graves, which altenate stu-dents, teachers and parents who are 'Holocausted out.' It has been taught porty." The story can be told from many perspectives, Bolkosky said -- from theologians, psychologists and oth-ers.

theologians, psychologists and out-ers. "Some have emphasized the devel-opment of the bureaucratle and tech-nological dimensions. It doesn't mean the many views are true or false, just different. They need to be integrated." The new curriculum is a multi-

integrated." The new curriculum is a multi-media approach. Videotapes of survivor Interviews are fused into the 18-lesson study, which is designed to be integrated into world history courses. For classes with limited time, the lessons are ranked in importance. A minimum of five 45-minute lessons

dents to be able "to assess the consequences of indifference to the plight of others," Ellias told the group.

are suggested for those that deal with the destruction families and personal responsibility.

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TEACHING METHODS can in-clude students staging their own war criminal trials, Nazi railles and comparing daily activities and calo-rie intake of prisoners with their own lives

ior, we are not talking just about Hitler and the leaders. We are not focusing on them. Bolkoky sud 1 The Holocaust could not have tar-en place if 10, or 10, or 1000 or 1000 or lions of engineers, plumbers and rallroad people had not complied, he added.

comparing daily activities and calo-tree intake of prisoners with their while the mass genecide of the Holocaust was not unique, Harris add, four features convinced the in-termediate school district of the worthiness of creating a protect • The Holocaust was totally in • The so and a barbarie act, but • Activities were approved • The majority of bystander were indifferent to the destruction of their neighbors. • When we sprak of dispassionate, indifferent, cold mechanical behaviors.

Mercy students take a close look at history



"The course description said it was going to be a strong, pain-ful course; we knew we would be learning something," said Mercy High student Rence Naud.

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Continued from Page 1 in a World Literature course at the Catholic, all-girls school.

the Catholic, all girls school. "They're going out of this class: knowing more about this one thing than anything else in their lives." said the 20-year teaching veteran, who has taught English at Mercy for the past nine years. "I'm just convinced that the bene-fit far outverighs the burden I some-times feel with it."

USING A combination of histori-cal and personal Holocaust accounts, documentaries, films and discussion. Schusterbauer is bringing the horror of this human devastation to his guided the girls carefully through litest the history, then learning about those involved through literature.

"I want no cheap sentiment," he said. "I want them to eventually feel this pain, to really, in the end, feel

the horror of this thing." Students taking the Holocaust course say the grim reality of study-ing it is different than taking other, upbeat, classes with Schusterbauer.

It was obviously the course of choice for this school year, nearly 240 students — half the junior and senior classes — registered to take it. More students are scheduled to take it this winter.

"I wanted to know how something "I wanted to know how something like this could bappen," said Pam Davis, explaining why she enrolled. "The course description said it was going to be a strong painful course; we knew we would be learn-log something," said another stu-dent, Rence Naud. "It was not as much that we wanted to learn, but felt an obligation to learn." "It didn't hit home with me be-fore," added Jill Vaquera. "The course makes it more real."

TO GET insight for the course,

Schusterbauer "immersed" himself in Holocaust literature last summer, learning all he could from the grow-ing stack of books and movies. His son took a similar course at the college level several years ago, which prompted Schusterbauer to design his own, high school-level class.

design his own, high school-ievel class. The course is scheduled to be taught only this year at Mercy, but he hopes it is successful and is al-lowed to continue in future years. "It touches everything you do, in a sense," he explained, "I talk to peo-ple all the time about it."

AS PART of the course, students watched the movie "California Re-ich" — the story of a modern West coast family whose lives follow the Nazl midi. The movie disturbed stu-dents, and brought the Holoccust ex-perience even closer. "It's shocking to know now it could happen again," said Ellen Dowley. "These children, 5 years

old, hated Jews but didn't know

old, hated rews but users in why." Now half way through the course, students have learned the history personal accounts and tragedies suf-rounding the Holocust victums. But they have further to go. "At this point, we've really just begun," said Margie Daniels, "There's a lot more to go in the course and beyond the course for allof us."

Torall of use the topone intercontre Schutterbauer is suggesting his students visit the Holocaust Center in West Bloomfield on their own, af-ter the course is completed. Most of the students agreed that such a class should be restricted it upperclass members, that it's "nois for everybody." They also agreed that all people throughout the world should understand what happened during the Holocaust, to avoid ever having it happen again. "This is not something to separate us we should all be educated about us: we should all be educated it," said Erika Furey.

• Twice a week is better •

