

# Housing Cheap, Maintenance Up



**GABRIEL N. TIBERIO** of 28153 Quail Hollow, Farmington, has been appointed director of plant engineering on General Motors manufacturing staff. He joined GM in 1951. Lately he has specialized in industrial pollution control activities for the firm. He graduated from the University of Rochester in 1950 with a bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering.

## Parent Group Organized At C'ville

In a second organizational meeting, held Feb. 24, Clarenceville High School parents elected a slate of temporary officers, formed and charged a By-laws and Open House Committee and discussed several school-community related problems.

Elected as officers of the new organization were Mrs. Floyd Bornstein, president; David Parshall, vice president; Mrs. James Garrison, secretary; and Mrs. Donald Frechette, treasurer. The by-laws committee, chaired by Arthur Kopelman, was charged with the responsibility of drafting a proposed set of by-laws for the organization and to include students and teachers into the planning and the structure of the organization.

Dr. Ray Renbarger, principal, asked the parents to react in the meeting to the extended lunch hour recently effected at the high school, to a proposal to permit students to take their cars from the school parking lot during the lunch hour; and to a new student code of conduct which is being considered for adoption.

The next meeting of the organization will be Wednesday, March 24, in Room 115 of the high school.

"All parents who are interested in being informed and involved in the progress of our high school are cordially invited to attend," said Mrs. Bornstein.



**J.E. LaBELLE**, chief metallurgist for GM's Detroit Operations of Detroit Diesel Allison Division, Redford Township, has been named a fellow in the American Society for Metals. LaBelle joined GM in 1937. He is a graduate of Michigan State University.

## Air Losses

During the Battle of Britain, which lasted between July 10 and Oct. 10, 1940, and may have changed the course of the war, the Germans lost 1,733 aircraft and the British 915.

Pre-fabricated and modular dwellings are an important step in solving the nation's housing problems, but their low initial cost is not always indicative of long-range savings, suggests a University of Michigan architecture professor.

"Low-income groups cannot afford high maintenance, replacement and operating costs," says Prof. Stephen C.A. Paraskevopoulos. "Thus,

an economic solution for those groups may actually call for higher initial cost per square foot than in the case of housing for higher income groups."

Paraskevopoulos, who has participated in numerous architectural research projects both here and abroad, stresses that the shortage and high cost of housing will not be offset unless there is a "massive social invest-

ment"—or a cooperative effort of government, industry, universities and individuals—to create new materials, techniques and industrial resources.

HE MAKES these comments in an introductory chapter of "Manufactured Housing in the 1970s," a recent publication of the Industrial Development Division of the U-M's Institute of Science and Technology

(IST). The publication is an outgrowth of a conference held at the university last year.

Paraskevopoulos will serve as moderator of a similar conference at the U-M April 22 and 23. It will be sponsored by the IST along with the Michigan State Housing Authority and the state Office of Economic Expansion.

In his article, Paraskevopoulos quotes from a recent

Congressional testimony noting that only one out of five American families can now afford a median-priced home with a current estimated cost of \$27,000. By contrast, two out of five families could have afforded a median-priced home five years ago.

The fact is, the U-M professor says, "housing is becoming too expensive for an increasing number of the population."

# REWARD

## bring in \$100. or more, and pick up your five per cent

Anyone who can bring in \$100 or more our special 5% continuous annual interest REWARD. Here's all you do:

- Deposit \$100 initially, add subsequent deposits in multiples of \$50.
- 5% continuous interest earned from date of deposit . . . . . 5.12% effective yield.



- You may withdraw funds during the first ten days of January, April, July or October, provided funds have been on deposit 90 days.
- Each depositor is insured up to \$20,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Open Mon. thru Sat. 10:45 P.M. ... 'til 6:00 P.M. Fri.

# LIVONIA NATIONAL BANK

7 Offices to Serve You / Phone 421-3200 / Member F.D.I.C.

## Start your Golden 100 Account Now!