Shuttle Hubble trouble mission worth watching



There will be two events of note in early De-cember: The most complex space shuttle mission to date will be launched, and the Geminid metore shource meteor shower will put on its annual display. The odds of the

RAYMOND E. The odds of the BULLOCK The odds of the former getting off the ground on schedule are about as good as abaving clear weathur conditions to observe the latter! The goal of the shuttle mission will be to repair the earth-orbiting Hubble Space Telescope. In per-haps one of NASA's greatest blunders, the telescope was launched with mismatched op-tics, making a portion of the tele-scope unusable. The challenge for the shuttle

A Company Built on quality

600 JOP

crew will be to install corrective optics to solve the problem as well as replace the solar-cell arrays, gyroscopes and various aging elec-tronics, and adding a wide-field and planetary camere. Of the sev-en crew members, four will be "space-walking" during five siz-hour excursions. Like all shuths the solution is not something that skywatchers can view direct-by, but it is worth mentioning. Let's all wish them success. Skywatchers will be able to see the moon, of course; go out around 9 p.m. on Dec. 1 and you'll see the moon in the cast. The moon will be located within the constellation of Gemini the twins. The star six degrees (12 full-moon diameters) to the right of the moon will be Gamma Gemi-nourm; this is the third brightest star in Gemini, so it was given the third letter of the Greek alphabet.

Leo the lion. On the following morning, at 10:49 a.m., the moon will be at last quarter phase. It will be starting the last quarter of its current orbit around the earth.

its current orbit around the earth. Follow the waning (decreasing) creacent moon across the predawn sky beginning with Dec. 9. The bright star directly above the up-per cusp ("point") of the creatent on the 5th will be Spice (SPY ka), the brightest star in the constella-tion of Virgo. On the morning of the 10th, the moon will be located below Jupi-ter and to the right of Alpha Li-brae, also known by the tongue-twisting name of Zeuben EI Genubi (200 ben el gen YOU bee). The name means "The Southern Claw" and is derived from the ancient time when this star was a part of Scorpius. Libra tormanic the same. The moon will be 11 degrees above and to the right of Albercury on the morning of the 11th. This with the the star morning you will

be able to see the moon easily. On

be able to see the moon easily. On the following morning the moon will be located directly between Mercury and Venus, but it will be extremely difficult to see. Use binoculars and look toward the east southeast horizon around 7:20 a.m. An extremely rare event will be viaible for asymsthese for-tunate enough to be located in Hawaii; Venus will be occulted (covered) by the moon this morn-ing. New moon officially will occur at 4:27 a.m. of Dec. 13, The moon will be located between the earth and the sau on dwill not be visi-ble. The tining of this new moon phase couldn't be better; it coin-cides with the peak of the Gemi-nid meteor shower.

Ray Bullack formerly was coor-dinator of astronomy for Cran-broch. He now is general manager and vice president of a company that works on laser light shows. To leave a message for him from a touchtone phone, dial 953-2047 mailbox number 1852.

