

First things first: Builders must acquire lots before they can excavate and get

Roofs come in many materials

AP — When putting on a new roof, you
have a few decisions can make it prohibit
to make. First, you
must choose a style
and color that beat structure and exsuit your homes arthreating the structure and exsuit your and e

contectural sylvanian, you must consider cost, durability, fire resistance, ease of maintenance and manufacturer's warranty.

Take a look at some of the content of the content of the content of American homes. There are two main types: organic base and fiberglass base. The organic kinds have a base of felt made from wood and paper. They cost about \$40 to \$50 per square (a square is 100 square feet of roofing) for standardigrade shingles and \$50 to \$80 per square for premium grade. They are attractive, widely available, durable and easy to install.

Fiberglass base shingles are as economical and as easy to use as organic base but they can lest 5 to 10 years longer because they don't absorb water, so they resist warping and cracking better.

ing to install, is naturally beautiful and can give your home a rugged outdoor look. There are two types: shingles and shakes. Shingles are usually sawn and have a amooth, finished appearance. Shakes are usually split first and then sawn to a taper on their backs. Because they are split, the face has a rough lexture. Wood roofing toots about \$60 to \$100 per aquare. Flammability is a big worry. Fire retardants can help reduce, but does not eliminate, this denger. Untreated wooden shingles are prohibited in certain areas, so check your local building codes.

Tile roofing made from clay and concrete is used on many. Mediterranean and Spanish-style homes. It's relatively inex-

Mediterranesn and Spanish-style homes. It's relatively inex-pensive at about \$50 to \$30 per square, but it's heavy. Your roof framing must be strong enough to sup-port its weight, and

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Supply of house lots stable

The supply of available lots for new home construction continues to re-main stable here and across the coun-try, a tracking service based in Live-nia reports.

try, a tracking service based in Livonia reports.

"Prices, though generally advancing, have stayed within workable parameters," writes Robert R. Denton, executive vice president Glomas Pinancial Group which publishes U.S. Housing Markets.

When price increased our they are more a result of development costs than supply and demand, Denton indicates.

In many cases, higher lot prices requisite contributions to infrastructured the contributions to infrastructured the contributions to infrastructured the contributions to infrastructured the contributions of infrastructured the contributions of infrastructured the contributions of infrastructured publishers of the contributions of infrastructured the contributions of infrastructured the contributions of infrastructured publishers and the contributions of infrastructured the contributions of infrastructured in the contribution of the contributions of infrastructured in the contribution of the contributions of infrastructured in the contribution of the contribution o

Here's what U.S. Housing Markets specifically has to say about southeastern Michigan in a report dated Dec. 15:

"Lot prices have escalated in western suburbs, but have generally remained stable in most other submarkets despite continued pressure of single-family construction gains.

"Land development in the past two years has produced plenty of building lots in most submarkets.
"Employment gains in the past year have been impressive, and the housing market have been feeding off a robust local economy flavored with low mortigap rates. Both entry-level and move-up builders have benefited.

"Lot prices in the Novi area have

"Lot prices in the Novi area have rison dramatically, with few move-up sites available for less than \$50,000. Quick flips are seen. Rapid growth has put curbs on water supplies; taps are more coatly.

"In growing northern and north-west suburbs, 60-by-120 lots in well-located subs can command \$45,000 or

more. Hundred foot lots in move-up enclaves command \$75,000 and up;
"Elsewhere, typical statter hame lots sell for \$32,000-\$30,000 and larger \$9-foot sites can bring up; \$45,000.
"Developable raw land is selling for \$20,000 to \$30,000 per acre in most corridors."

Developers today have an easier access to financing than they did in the late 1980s and when this decade began, U.S. Housing Marketa reports.

gan, U.S. Housing Markets reports,

"The lending industry seems to
have shed the hangover caused by the
savings and lose no collapse," Depth with
the tighter capital requirements
that followed. And funding is offered
to developers from a wide variety of
sources institutional and private.

"Plenty of money is available new
for land acquisition and development," Denton writes. "If a realdentiel development faces impediments
today, they are more likely to be in
the nature of regulatory obstacles
than financial curbs."





