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HAPPENINGS OF A WEEK

Latest News Told in Briefest and Best Form.

Washington

E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation directorate, told the house committee investigating the steel industry that enforced publicity and government control of corporations must come, even as to prices. He said he believed the Sherman anti-trust law was too archaic to deal with modern situations and never could fully prevent great combinations of capital.

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A lively controversy over the executive's right to withhold confidential papers from a congressional investigating committee was precipitated by a flat refusal of Secretary of State Knox, on the instruction of President Taft, to lay before the house committee on expeditures in the state department books showing the record of the payment for the portrait of ex-Secretary of State Day.

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The senate of the United States passed the resolution offered by Senator Martin of Virginia, directing the standing committee on privileges and elections for the second time to ascertain if corrupt methods were used in the election of William Lorimer as senator from Illinois, and to probe into the world-famous "jack-pot" fund of the Illinois assembly. The vote was 48 to 20.

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Criminal prosecution of the officials of the Standard Oil company, the American Tobacco company and their constituent companies is proposed in a concurrent resolution introduced by Senator Pomerene of Ohio. The resolution would instruct the attorney general to proceed against the officials at once under the recent decisions of the Supreme court.

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The decisions of the Supreme court in the Standard Oil and American Tobacco company cases will result in a sweeping attempt to secure criminal [illegible] violators of the anti-trust law, according to Attorney General Wickersham, who appeared before the house committee on expenditures in the department of justice.

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Domestic

The constitutionality of the penal sections of the Sherman anti-trust law were attacked before Judge George A. Carpenter in the United States district court at Chicago by attorneys for the indicted beef packers in their final effort to escape trial on the charge of being a criminal combination in restraint of trade.

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President Taft, in a speech before the Western Econom[illegible] society at Chicago, declared that the p[illegible] principal oppo[illegible] sition to the Canadian [illegible] reciprocity agreement came not from the [illegible] farmer, but from the lumber trust and fr[illegible] American manufacturers of print paper.

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The mammoth lake passenger steamer Northwest, owned by the Northern Steamship company, was damaged to the extent of nearly $600 000 by fire at Buffalo, N. Y. Nothi[illegible] but her steel hull remains. Her si[illegible] ship, Northland, was badly sco[illegible] No one was injured.

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Postal savings banks hav[illegible] been so well received and patroni[illegible] by the public wherever they hav[illegible] been established that Postmaster G[illegible] General Hitchcock has decided to [illegible] extend the system from 100 to 150 [illegible] offices a week.

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Railroads canno[illegible] limit their liability for baggage los[illegible] in transit in New York state wh[illegible] the traveler is not asked in adv[illegible] as to its value, according to [illegible] decision of the state supreme cour[illegible]

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Saloo[illegible] men from all parts of Tacoma, Wash., were booked at the police station when detectives made twe[illegible] nty-one arrests for alleged viola[illegible] of the city's ordinance, which prohibits treating in saloons.

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In a stage coach runaway on the steep grade between the big Tree grove at Wawona and the floor of Yosemite valley, R. C. Licering of Allentown, Pa., was instantly killed, three women were seriously hurt and several persons were slightly injured.

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Conspiracy is charged in restricting bids on supplies for the Puget navy yard and the assignment of the award by the Fowler Metal company to the Great Western company at Seattle, Wash. Several arrests have been made.

Fifty million dollars is the value of an estate the Robb Heir's association of Kentucky will claim in the next few days. A committee appointed by the association, after touring the country near Beaver county, Pennsylvania, ascertained that there were tenable claims amounting to this sum.

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Expressing the belief that any future war in which the United States may engage will be decided largely by battles on the sea, Assistant Secretary of the Navy Winthrop in an address to the graduates of the Annapolis naval academy said he was impressed strongly with the necessity of maintaining a navy sufficient in power to diminish to a minimum any danger of losing control of the sea.

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The bitter taste of 60 grains of strychnine in less than a pint of milk saved Mrs. Ralph Rafel, the young mother of a six-months-old baby at Los Angeles, Cal., from death by poison. Her husband has been arrested.

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The national anthem, sung on the streets of Denver by 100,000 people, will be one of the features of the "safe and sane" Fourth of July celebration planned for that city.

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In the Putnam (Conn.) city court William White, twenty-seven years old, of Plainfield, was sent to jail for a year and fined $265 for placing his arms about a woman as he passed her on the street.

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The Yale Art school announces that J. H. Halladjian, a student from Aintab, Turkey, is the winner of the Ethel Child Walker prize and the Yale anatomy prize, two of the most coveted awards of the year.

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Mrs. John F. Jackson, wife of a Milwaukee business man, jumped from a fourth story window of the Parker house in Boston and was killed. She was on the way to a sanitarium.

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Professor Abel of Johns Hopkins, formerly of the University of Michigan, has produced a heart stimulant from poisoned toads. His idea was gained from the Chinese doctors, who ground up toads for medicine.

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A move that is strongly suggestive of railway operation on the scale of the Northern Securities company was announced by J. J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern Railway company, when in a typewritten statement he made known the execution of a $600,000,000 first and refunding mortgage to secure bonds of the Great Northern and Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroads.

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Nine hundred cans of opium, valued at $27,000, were seized by United States customs officials on the Japanese liner America after the vessel passed San Francisco quarantine.

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Pat Crump, a negro, who, it is charged, tried to attack the wife of a planter at White Haven, Tenn., was hanged by a mob near Memphis.

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Personal

Miss Mary Mannering, the actress, was married in her apartments in the Presada, New York city, to Frederick O. Wadsworth, a wealthy manufacturer and clubman of Detroit, Mich.

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Benjamin Priest of Sumter post, G. A. R., Canaan, Me., was 100 [illegible] old May 11, and marched in the Memorial day parade there.

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Congressman Henry George at a New York Memorial meeting in honor of the late Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland characterized Mr. Johnson "the greatest mayor of the best governed city in the world."

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An inventory of the estate of David H. Moffat, filed in the Denver county court, shows that the testator died possessed of property worth more than $15,000,000.

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Queen Dowager Margherita granted an audience to Mrs. Heloise Durant Rose, the American authoress, in Rome, and said she would probably visit the United States in the autumn.

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Charles P. Taft of Cincinnati, brother of President Taft, was presented to King George at Buckingham palace by Whitelaw Reid, the American ambassador.

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Foreign

The steamer Ypiranga with former President Diaz on board sailed from Havana for Spain. Spanish clubs and societies of Havana gave the retiring executive a great parting demonstration.

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Nearly one million persons witnessed the dedication at Rome of a magnificent monument to King Victor Emmanuel II. The monument, which is the most colossal structure of the kind in the world, when completed, will cost $20,000,000, and will have represented 30 years' work.

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Gen. Francisco I. Madero departed for Mexico City without knowing that an attempt which almost succeded was made to assassinate him and several hundred of his guests as they danced in the customs house at Juarez. Cruz Rey, former mayor of the town of Guadaloupe, was arrested and a bomb was found upon him.

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About 150 soldiers were killed and the presidential palace and other buildings were damaged when Las Lomas, the fortifications overlooking Managua, Nicaragua, were blown up.

STATE CAPITOL CHANGES OCCUR

PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS TAKE PLACE IN THREE DEPARTMENTS.

MANNING SUCCEEDS DONOVAN

A. C. Carton Elected Secretary of the Public Domain Commission and Commissioner of Immigration at a Salary of $2,500.

Lansing.—Changes took place in the staffs of three state departments through the retirement of some officials and the promotions and appointments to fill vacancies.

In the banking department, Chief Clerk A. E. Manning succeeds William Donovan as deputy commissioner. Max Socha of Menominee, a clerk in the department, is promoted to be chief clerk.

In the insurance department, Deputy M. O. Rowland severs his connection to become president of the National Fire Insurance company of Detroit; Herbert P. Orr, actuary in the department, has been promoted, and Walter Otto succeeds from chief clerk to position of actuary. Bert Growe of Detroit, now of the auditor general's department, has been appointed chief clerk.

Another change is the resignation of E. E. Englehart as examiner. He will be succeeded by F. O. Gullifer, former secretary of the state tax commission and member of the state senate. Mr. Englehart has been an examiner in the department for four years. He will establish offices here and engage in auditing for the several insurance companies of this state.

A. C. Carton was elected secretary of the public domain commission and commissioner of immigration at a salary of $2,500 under the new act, by the public domain commission at its annual meeting. Secretary of State F. C. Martindale was elected chairman of the commission to succeed A. J. Doherty. Glen R. Munshaw of Grand Rapids, state trespass agent, will succeed Mr. Carton as deputy land commissioner.

It is generally understood that on July 1 Maj. W. R. Oates, secretary to Governor Osborn, will leave the executive office to become state game and fish warden. DeHull N. Travis of Flint will succeed Major Oates.

Commission Makes New Ruling.

The state securities commission, composed of Banking Commissioner Doyle, Attorney General Kuhn and State Treasurer Sleeper, at a meeting held in Lansing, ruled that the mortgage securing a bond issue executed by any corporation of any character mentioned in subdivision F and section 27 of the banking laws, which are electric roads, street railways and gas or electric light or power companies, must provide for the payment on retirement of at least 20 per cent. of the total bonds issued within the first five years of the period specified for the payment and retirement of all the bonds; and [illegible] percentage of the balance of such bonds must be retired each year of such periods thereafter; also that such companies must furnish certified copies of franchises and all proceedings in connection therewith.

In view of the present depression, the changes that have taken place within the last three years in bulk freight business on the great lakes and in the increases of vessel tonnage and facilities for loading and unloading, resulting in greatly increased carrying capacity and excess of vessel tonnage over the commodities to be carried, it is a question whether or not the securities commission will approve any further issues of bonds on steamships.

Tax Commission Pleases Osborn.

Governor Osborn is satisfied that a great deal is to be accomplished in making more satisfactory the tax system of the state. Of course, he still believes that the solution of the tax problem is the payment of the state taxes by a corporation income tax, but he is saying very little about that just now.

"I am sure the new commission for the investigation of the problem will do effective work," said the governor. "It has a big opportunity and I think the men who comprise the commission will give the work the necessary thought and attention to assure results.

"The re-appraisal of the mining property of the state by a non-interested expert will be of great assistance to the board of equalization and the work of independent bodies who are gathering tax data will aid the equalizers in arriving at a fair apportionment of the state taxes."

Two More Postal Savings Banks.

Three northern Michigan towns now have branches of the United States postal savings bank—Calumet, Houghton and Iron Mountain. The plan has worked out so well at the Houghton post office that it was decided to extend it to Calumet. It is believed that thousands of the mining classes who fear to deposit in the regular banks will avail themselves of the protection of Uncle Sam for their money in the postal banks. This has been found true at Houghton.

Prison Air Purer Than in Hospital.

Governor Osborn has received a copy of a letter from C. L. Wernicke, member of the board of control of Jackson prison, and the original of which was sent to Warden Simpson of the prison. In his letter Mr. Wernicke says:

"I was glad to note the report covering the examination of the air in the cell blocks, from which it appears that the east block is no worse than the west block, and that the conditions in both blocks can be improved by proper attention to ventilation by way of the windows. I am specially gratified to find that the average conditions in both blocks shows the air to be better than in certain university buildings, including the nurses' hospital.

"The bacteria in the air differ widely in different cells in both blocks, and are governed almost entirely by the degree of cleanliness maintained. This is a matter entirely within your control, and should have careful attention from time to time.

"On the whole, this report absolutely disproves, so far as hygienic conditions are concerned, the clamor and unfavorable publicity which has been going the rounds of the press and which has agitated the minds of good people all over the state, and reduces the matter of just criticism solely to the size of the cells themselves, which are admittedly small. If your calculations and experiments recently undertaken, whereby two cells are made into one, prove to be feasible, this last criticism can also be overcome."

Puts Restriction on Investment.

Banking Commissioner E. H. Doyle, chairman of the state securities commission, which passes upon the bonds proposed as investment for savings deposits, announced an important ruling by the commission.

It is held that bonds of electric railroads, street railways, gas or electric light or power companies must provide for the payment and retirement of at least 20 per cent. of the total bond issue within the first five years of the period specified for the payment and retirement of all bonds, and an equal percentage of the balance of such bonds must be retired each year of such period thereafter. Also that such companies must furnish certified copies of their franchises and all proceedings in connection therewith. The ruling also says:

"In view of the present depression and the changes that have taken place in the last three years in the bulk freight business of the great lakes, and in the increase of vessel tonnage and the improved facilities for loading and unloading, resulting in greatly increased carrying capacity and excess of vessel tonnage over the commodities to be carried, it is a question whether the securities commission will approve any further issues of bonds on steamships."

Postal Men Elect Officers.

The Michigan Association of Letter Carriers and Michigan branch of the National Association of Postal Clerks met in annual convention at Flint. There were 200 delegates in attendance. Officers were elected as follows: Postal clerks: President, Hazen Abbey, Jackson; first vice-president, William Haubrick, Wyandotte; second vice-president, Maude More, Jackson; secretary, William E. Shutler, Traverse City; treasurer, Fred T[illegible]rott, Muskegon; chairman finance committee, Louis Grobe, Flint; chairman grievance committee, C[illegible]ara Houston, Marshall.

Letter carriers: President, F. W. Wells, Kalamazoo; vice-president, Charles P. Coates, Flint; secretary, William C. Walter, Bay City; treasurer, Austin T. Crago, Benton Harbor; chaplain, W. F. Putnam, Niles; delegate-at-large, Gus Sodt, Ann Arbor; executive board, E. R. Todd, Jackson; Chris. Loughead, Detroit; W. R. Watsono, Muskegon.

The post office clerks will meet in Bay City next year. The letter carriers probably will meet at Saginaw.

U. of M. Alumni Organize.

A Gratiot County Alumni association of the University of Michigan was organized at the home of Judge Kelley S. Searle. President Hutchins of the state university was present, and in his address outlined the policy and purpose of the movement. He pointed out that Michigan must become an endowed institution if she hopes to maintain her present high rank among the great universities of the country. It is the hope of President Hutchins to organize every county in the state into organizations similar to the Gratiot county body. Anyone who has ever attended Michigan or who has children there is eligible.

A constitution and by-laws were drawn up and adopted and the following officers elected: President, Judge Searle, Ithaca; vice-president, Dr. A. W. Wheeler, Alma; secretary and treasurer, Prof. F. E. Ellsworth, Alma.

Will Work at Houghton.

J. R. Finlay, to whom has been intrusted the important work of making a revaluation of the mining properties of Michigan, has selected Houghton as his headquarters for the work. Mr. Finlay said that as 80 per cent of the mining properties of the state of Michigan are located in the upper peninsula and as Houghton is a central point in the peninsula, he has decided that he can direct the work better from there than he could from Lansing.

FAVORS CONTROL OF TRUST PRODUCTS

GARY SAYS STEEL CORPORATION WOULD WELCOME ANY CONDITION OF STABILITY.

ADMITS PLAN FOR INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT COVERING WORLD TRADE.

Declares Sherman Law Fails to Meet Modern Needs and Predicts Radical Change.

Elbert H. Gary, chief executive officer of the U. S. Steel corporation, resuming his testimony before the house "steel trust" investigating committee denounced the Sherman anti-trust law as archaic and declared that governmental control of corporations eventually would come.

Mr. Gary asserted that the steel corporation would welcome such a change and would be glad if the government would go so far as to dictate the prices of steel products.

In explanation of the reported world-wide "trust" Mr. Gray said that a conference would be held in Brussels July 5 and 6 to organize an international steel institute similar to the American Iron & Steel institute. The latter, he asserted, was formed to prevent demoralization in trade and to permit an exchange of ideas for the betterment of the steel industry. In no instance, Mr. Gary said, had there been any attempt at an unlawful combination or an expressed or implied agreement. Mr. Gary said he would do all he could, morally and legally, to further the proposed international institute.

Increased prices are to be charged for steel rails in the near future, according to Mr. Gary. Higher cost of labor and raw material, together with a demand for heavier rails were given as the reason for the advance.

"I think it is a question of the greatest importance how the people shall be protected from the great organizations of capital," said Judge Gary.

Lorimer to Be Tried by Colleagues

Senator Lorimer, of Illinois, faces another investigation at the hands of his colleagues. The inquiry will be conducted by a sub-committee of the committee on privileges and elections, composed of four Republicans and four Democrats, four of whom voted for the conviction and four for the acquittal of the senator last session. The method selected is regarded as the latest thing in jury trials. It took seven hours' debate to agree on the system, and it was finally adopted by a vote of 48 to 20, being substituted for the plan urged by Senator La Follette of turning the case over to five senators who were not members when the case was voted on before, and therefore were supposed to be unbiased.

It is understood that the sub-committee on investigation will consist of Senators Dillingham and Gamble, Republicans, and Flet[illegible]er and Johnston, Democrats; [illegible] pro-Lorimer, and of Senators C[illegible]app and Kenyon, Republicans [illegible] and Kern and Lea, Democrats, a[illegible] Lorimer.

U. S. Better Off Than a Month Ago.

The treasury made a much better showing for May than it did for April and its condition as compared with a month ago is materially strengthened. The piling up of gold coin and bullion in the vaults continues steadily. A little more than $1,815,000,000 was there June 1, the high water mark for the treasury's gold holdings.

The government's finances begin a new month's business on the basis of a surplus. It is small—less than $1,000,000—but a surplus is shown in spite of nearly $3,000,000 spent from the cash drawer for the Panama canal. Under ordinary circumstances a surplus of nearly $5,000,000 would be shown.

May's receipts from all sources exceeded $61,000,000 and beat April by a round $10,000,000. Expenditures, however, were held down to about $56,000,000, some $3,000,000 greater than last month.

Corporation tax receipts, which will come in this month and promise to exceed the estimates, will add to the strength of the treasury.

Knox Refuses to Give Information.

By direction of President Taft Secretary of State Knox has refused to give the house committee on expenditures in the state department any information concerning the peculiar way in which Albert Rosenthal was paid $850 for his painting of former Secretary Day, while the item was covered by a $2,450 voucher. It has become known that the painting was paid for out of the secret emergency fund of $75,000, which does not have to be accounted for publicly. Why this is done is not known.

The president holds that as all the expenditures of this fund had been certified by Mr. Hay to President Roosevelt, they cannot be made public now. But he directs Mr. Knox to finish his investigation and submit the matter to him (Taft).

Pope Pius X. was 76 years old June 2. The pope celebrated his birthday anniversary very quietly with his sisters and a niece. He attended mass in the private chapel in the Vatican after which he gave an audience to a few prelates.

Memorial Day was a happy one for Benjamin Priest of Sumter post, G. A. R., Canaan, Me. He made good his prediction of years ago that he would live to march with the boys after he was 100 years old. He passed his 100th anniversary on May 11 and yesterday marched in the Memorial day procession, as he did last year.

THE GREAT MOTOR RACE

One Was Killed and Several Severely Injured All for Speed.

One life was sacrificed and several men were injured in Indianapolis in the first 500-mile motor race on a speedway. The great test of skill and endurance was won by Ray Harroun, driving a Marmon car, in 6:41:08. Closely pressing Harroun for the victory was Ralph Mulford, with the Detroit car, a Lozier, who finished second, and David Bruce-Brown, who drove a Fiat to third place.

But 30 seconds separated Harroun and Bruce-Brown.

S. P. Dickson, mechanician for Arthur Greiner of Chicago, driving an Amplex car, lost his life in an upset on the back stretch in the thirtieth mile of the race.

The prizes awarded the winners in the dangerous race follow:

Ray Harroun	$10,000
Ralph Mulford	5,000
D. ruce-Brown	3,000
Spencer Wishbart	2,000
Ralph de Palma	1,500
Charles Merz	1,000
W. H. Turner	800
Harry Cole	700
Fred Belcher	600
Hughie Hughes	500

Criminal persecution of the officers of the Standard Oil Co., the American Tobacco Co. and their constituent companies, is proposed in a concurrent resolution introduced by Senator Pomerene of Ohio.

THE MARKETS

DETROIT—Cattle: Best steers and heifers, $6.10@6.20; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, $5.75@6; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000, $5.25@5.75; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000, $5@5.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700, $4.50@5.25; choice fat cows, $4.50@5; good fat cows, $4.25@4.40; common cows, $3.50; canners, $2.50@3; choice heavy bulls, $4.75@5; fair to good bolognas, bulls, $4.75@5; stock bulls, $3.50@4.25; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, $5@5.25; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, $4.80@4.85; choice stockers, 500 to 700, $4.60@4.75; fair stockers, 500 to 700, $4.25@4.50; stock heifers, $3.50@4.25; milkers, large, young medium age, $40@55; common milkers, $20@35.

Veal calves—Market, steady; best, $6.75@7.25; others, $4@4.50.

Milch cows and springers—$5@10 per head lower.

Sheep and lambs—Market, steady; common grassy grades, dull; best lambs, $7; fair to good lambs, $6@6.75; light to common lambs, $4@4.50; spring lambs, $7@8; fair to good sheep, $3.50@4.25; culls and common, $2.50@3.

Hogs—Light to good butchers, $6; pigs, $6; light yorkers, $6; heavy, $5.75@5.90.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y.—Cattle—Steady; best, 1,350 to 1,500 lb. steers, $6.25@6.50; good prime, 1,200 to 1,300 lb. steers, $6.10 to $6.30; best 1,100 to 1,200 lb. shipping steers, $5.65 to $6.10; medium butcher steers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs., $5.40 to $5.65; light butcher steers, $5 to $5.25; best fat cows, $4.60 to $5.25; fair to good do, $3.75 to $4.50; common to medium do, $3.40 to $4; trimmers, $2.75 to $3.25; best fat heifers, $5.50 to $6; good fat heifers, $5.15 to $5.50; fair to good do, $4.25 to $4.75; stock heifers, $4.50 to $4.75; stockers, all grades, $4 to $4.50; best feeding steers, dehorned, $5.25 to $5.30; common feeding steers, $4.50 to $4.75; best bulls, $5 to $5.25; bologna bulls, $4, to $4.75; stock bulls, common to good, $3.50 to $4; best milkers and springers, $55 to $60; common to good do, $25 to $40.

Hogs—Strong; heavy, $6.30@6.40; yorkers, $6.50@6.60; pigs, $6.40@6.50.

Sheep—Strong; clipped lambs, $6.75@7; yearlings, $5.25@5.50; wethers, $4.25@4.50; ewes, $3.50@4.

Grain, Etc.

WHEAT—Cash No. 2 red, 85c asked; July opened without change at 89 3-4c, advanced to 91 3-4c, and closed at 91c; September opened at 89c, advanced to 90 1-4c, and closed at 89 3-4c; No. 1 white, 91c.

CORN—Cash No. 3, 55c; No. 2 yellow, 2 cars at 57c; No. 3 yellow, 1 car at 56c; No. 4 yellow, 1 car smutty at 53 1-2c; sample, 2 cars at 50c, 1 at 52c.

OATS—Standard, 2 cars at 37 1-2c, closing at 37 3-4c bid; No 3 white, 3 cars at 37c, closing at 37 1-4c.

CLOVERSEED—Prime spot, $9.25; October, $8.20; March, $8.30; prime alsike, $9; August alsike, $8.75.

TIMOTHY SEED—Prime spot, $5.60.

BEANS—Prompt shipment, east $1.90 asked, west $1.90 asked, south $1.90 nominal; June shipment, east $1.87 asked, west $1.87 asked, south, $1.87; October shipment, east $1.90 bid, west $1.90 bid, south $1.90 bid.

FEED—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $27; coarse middlings, $26; fine middlings, $28; cracked corn and coarse cornmeal, $22; corn and oat chop, $20 per ton.

FLOUR—Best Michigan patent, $4.90; ordinary patent, $4.30; straight, $4.65; clear, $4.75; pure rye, $5.75; spring patent, $5.65 per bbl in wood.

Farm Produce.

STRAWBERRIES—$3.50@3.75 per 24-quart case.

APPLES—Steele Red,s $6.50@7 per bbl; western, $2.75@3 per box.

CABBAGE—New, $2.75@3 per crate.

HONEY—Choice to fancy comb, 16@17c per lb.

NEW POTATOES—Texas Triumphs, $1.30@1.35 per bu.

DRESSED CALVES—Fancy, 9 1-2c; choice, 7@7 1-2c per lb.

POTATOES—Michigan, car lots, 30@35c; store lots, 35c per bu.

TOMATOES—$4@4.50 per 6-basket crate, $2.50 for 4-basket crates.

NEW MAPLE SUGAR—Pure, 11@12c per lb; syrup, 75@80c per gal.

LIVE POULTRY—Broilers, 25@25c; spring chickens, 14c; hens, 14c; old roosters, 10c; turkeys, 14@15c; geese, 8@9c; ducks, 12@13c per lb.

CHEESE—Michigan, old, 17c, new 12@13@14c; York state, old 17c, new 12@13 1-2c; Swiss, 16@18c; imported Swiss, 25@30c; cream brick, 14@15c per lb.

EGGS—Receipts, 864 cases; market steady; current receipts, cases included, 14 1-4c per doz. Butter: Receipts, 224 pkgs; market firm; extra creamery, 23c; firsts, 21c; dairy, 16c; packing, 15c per lb.

Vegetables.

Asparagus, 75@90c per doz; beets, 80c per bu; carrots, 50c per bu; cauliflower, $1.25@1.50 per doz; cucumbers, hothouse, 65@75c per doz; Florida celery, $3.25@3.50 per case; eggplant, $1.25@2 per doz; green onions, 12 1-2c per doz; green peppers, 50c per basket; green beans, $1.75@2 per bu; head lettuce, $3 per hamper; mint, 25c per doz; parsley, 20@25c per doz; radishes, hothouse, 15@20c per doz; turnips, 40c per bu; watercress, 25@30c per doz; wax beans, $1.75@2 per bu.

Twenty-five persons perished in the floods which followed several cloudbursts in Southern Germany. Great damage was done to crops.

The government of Mexico will be called on to pay claims aggregating more than $5,000,000 for the massacre of Chinese and the destruction of Chinese property in Mexico, according to a preliminary estimate that has just been made. In the states of Durango and Chihuahua, American and other foreign mining interests are preparing to submit heavy claims for damages on their properties by rebel raids.