'Tool Man' asked to help change lifer law

The organization trying to change Michigan's mandatory drug laws is seeking help from television star Tim Allen, a former Birmingham resident who once faced the possibility of life in prison with no chance of parole.

Families Against Mandatory Minimums (FAMM) has asked Allen, known as 'Tim the Tool Man' on the sitcom 'Home Improvement,' to help pressure the state legislature to change the law.

The letter was sent to Allen's mother, Birmingham resident Martha Bones, along with a request to relay the proposal to her famous sen.

"I sent the request to him," said Bones, who agrees the law should be changed. "It's up to him to respond. But he's awfully busy," she said in a tolephone interview.

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busy," she said in a telephone interview.

Allen became something of an authority on the law in October 1978 when — with the help of his defense attorney — he cooperated with authorities who agreed to charge him under federal rather than state lows. His testimony to a federal grand jury led to a number of indictments.

Allen was arrested while tying to sell more than a pound and a half of ceasine to undercover police officer. Under the toughest-in-the-nation state

Martin I. Reisig

drugs laws enacted a month carlior, he would have faced a mandatory sentence of life in prison with no parole.

In federal prison, Al'en nurtured the sense of humor he demonstrated at Seaholm High School and practiced his comedy routines before captive audiences. After release, Allen was on the comedy club circuit before graduating to television and motion pictures.

"Tim Allen is a perfect example of somebody who had a problem, but turned his life around," said Reisig, who was a U.S. atterney before

Allon's assistance would be invaluable in the organization's fight to change mandatory sentencing laws. FAMM's 33,000 members (including about 2,000 in Michigan) advocate replacing mandatory sentencing laws with guidelines that allow judges some discretion.

"Tim Allen would help policy makers see how unnecessary and heinofus these mandatory sentences are," said Stewart, who helped organize FAMM in 1991.

1991.

Neither Reisig nor Stewart is particularly disappointed the comedian has not yet committed to their cause. "We know ho's busy," said the Birmingham

nddress lawmakers, or speak to legislative committees it might make a let of difference," said Reisig.

"We don't expect a let of his time, but he (Allen) is a person who understands how cruel the law can be, said the attorney.

FAMM plans a mess rally in Lansing in the spring, and members would love to have Allen in their ranks. If he can't be there in person, Reisig said FAMM would appreclate a supportive vide or letter.

"Any help he can give us," he said.

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particularly disappointed the comedian has not yet committed to their cause. "We know ho's busy," said the Birmingham attorney.

Under ideal conditions, FAMM selects much bers as they lobby the legislature to change the law. "If he could

Birmingham attorney long opposed state drug law

Birmingham attorney Martin I. Reisig has been working to change Michigan's mandatory drug laws for more than 12

drug laws for more than 12 years.

He believes the state's so-called "650 lifer law" tunnadaing life in prison with no parole, for more of heroine or cocaine) should be changed to allow judges sentencing discretion.

Since the drug-lifer law was enacted in 1978, more than 230 people (including 68 from Oak-

land County) lieve been sentenced to manda'ory life in prison, according to Department of Corrections records.
Reisig and Families Against Mandatory Minimums (FAMM) want the law changed so judges can impose a lesser sentence, when appropriate. They want judges to be able to give defendants a second chance at life—like the second chance tallefulke the second chan

In 1984, Reisig was appointed

to defend Dougles Reidt, a Canadian citizen involved in dealing about 1.4 pounds of cocaine. Under the 550 lifer law, the judge had ne choice but to sentence Reidt to mandatory life in prison, according to Reisig, even though the 29-year-old had no prior record and was not a major layer in the drug transaction. Reidt was featured prominent by in the letter Reisig sent to Tim Allen in October seeking the

comedian's help as FAMM lob-bies to change the law.

"I am only asking that the punishment fit the crime and be proportionate to the defendant's role in the crime," the attorney wrote in his letter to Allen.

Reisig said he wants Reidt, and others sentenced under the state's drug lifer law, to have the same option available to them as Allen did under federal laws.













