The Farmington Enterprise

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FARMINGTON, - - MICHIGAN

BRIEF NEWS NOTES WORTH READING

GENERAL SUMMARY OF HAPPENINGS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

PUT INTO PARAGRAPH FORM

Everything of Importance That Has Occurred in the Past Week Has a Place in These Classified Items That Can Be Read at a Glance.

Washington

The house at Washington agreed unanimously that the Mulhall charges should be investigated. Representative Sherley, named by Mulhall as one of the persons "easily influenced," denounced Mulhall and declared he had never talked with him and did not know him.

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David Lamar, better known on Wall street as "The Wolf," told the senate lobby investigating committee at Washington how he had impersonated public men in telephonic offers to some of the most important figures in the nation's financial circles, of omnipotent influence with the administration at Washington. The intermediary whom he named in those impersonations as the man who could deliver this influence, he said, was Edward Lauterbach, a New York attorney.

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Who is to be the thirteenth White House bride was solved when President and Mrs. Wilson announced the engagement of their second daughter, Jessie Woodrow Wilson, to Francis Bowes Sayre of District Attorney Whitman's office in New York city.

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The annual session of the National Educational association opened in Salt Lake City with big attendance and a fine list of speakers.

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In reply to a demand, following a request from Postmaster General Burleson, Arthur G. Fisk again refused to resign as postmaster of San Francisco. In answering a telegram from Burleson he wired: "I do not recognize the right of any one to remove me except the president of the United States."

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Charles R. Heike, former secretary of the sugar trust, who was convicter of complicity in the underweighing frauds and whose sentence of eight months' imprisonment was commuted by President Taft, died at his home in Sea Bright, N. J.

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Quiet in the national capital this Fourth of July was broken only by the rattle of street traffic and the cheers of enthusiastic crowds watching baseball score boards at the newspaper offices. There was no roar of the dynamite cracker of former years. Fewer casualties were reported in the United States than ever before as a result of the sane Fourth campaign.

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Rates over the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and 24 other railroads on bananas from Galveston, Tex., and New Orleans, to Topeka, Kan., were found unreasonable by the interstate commerce commission at Washington.

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Domestic

Three persons were killed and several injured in an accident on a roller coaster at Palisades park in New Jersey, across the Hudson river from uptown, New York.

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The centennial celebration of Perry's victory in the Battle of Lake Erie began in Erie, Pa.

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Governor Futrell announced that Secretary of War Garrison had withdrawn financial support of the federal government from Arkansas National Guard because in a few years about $115,000 worth of federal equipment had been lost through negligence of state officials.

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Two women and a youth, all aged nineteeen, drowned in the Mississippi river at La Crosse, Wis., when their skiff was capsized by waves caused by motorboats contesting in the Fourth of July races. Twenty-six persons in different sections of the country were drowned on the Fourth.

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The National Conference of Charities and Corrections, in session at Seattle, paid especial attention to the immigration problems that will confront the Pacific coast after the opening of the Panama canal.

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Mayor Kiel of St. Louis said that as the kind of "safe and sane" Fourth celebrated there had resulted in many accidents, he would have introduced in the municipal assembly an ordinance prohibiting the sale of fireworks in St. Louis.

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The state of Minnesota will collect approximately $12,000 in costs from the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railways as a result of the United States Supreme court decision in the Minnesota rate case.

Aboard the good ship Diana the members of another arctic expedition sailed from New York down the bay to the north. The expedition has no intention of proceeding to the north pole, but will content itself with the exploration of Crocker Land, sighted by Peary on his trip north in 1906.

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Eight workmen on the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley railroad were seriously injured, three fatally, when a southbound freight train collided with the rear end of a work train five miles south of Memphis, Tenn.

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Claude Clement, North McGregor, Ia., and Sam Gillespie were instantly killed when an automobile in which they were riding turned over and burned. Maurice Olson of Mason City, Ia., the third occupant of the car, was thrown out of the machine and escaped with minor bruises.

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The first action by the recently created Oregon welfare commission regarding a minimum wage scale for women was taken when the commission, after investigating conditions at a fruit cannery, where a number of girls had struck, fixed a minimum wage of $1 a day for all women workers in the cannery.

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A scathing arraignment of Mormonism was indulged in by the committee appointed to investigate Mormonism, in its report to the second world's Christian Citizenship conference, now in session in Portland, Ore.

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Foreign

The settlement of the strike among the gold miners in Rand district at Johannesburg, which the government arranged with a committee of strikers on Saturday, has proved ineffective, although comparative order was preserved over night and Sunday.

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Semi-official communication says the Servians last 15,000 killed and wounded and the Bulgarians 20,000.

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Sir Arthur Edward Vicars of London was awarded $25,000 damages from the London Mail in connection with the disappearance of the crown jewels at Dublin some time ago. In a story the Mail used the name of Sir Arthur in a compromising way.

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The battle of Kilkish, which has been in progress for several days, ended in the complete rout of the Bulgarians, who evacuated the town in disorder, abandoning sixty field guns and quick firers. Kilkish is in flames.

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Personal

Mrs. Adelphia G. Ward, sixty-nine years old, of Muskegon, Mich., founder of the Ladies of the Modern Maccabees, died in a hospital in Grand Rapids after a long illness.

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Mrs. G. A. Kenney, thirty years old, wife of a physician of Limon, Colo., was killed when she lost control of her motor car, which upset while driving near there.

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Ernesto Madero, brother of the late President Francisco Madero, Jr., of Mexico, left for Europe on the Olympic with his wife and children from New York. They are to visit relatives in Paris.

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Triplets born a few days ago to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gunderson of Valley City, N. D., were christened Margaret, Jessie and Eleanor, in honor of President Wilson's three daughters.

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A wicked right cross—the same blow which forced Ad Wolgast to foul away the lightweight championship after feeling its sting—proved too great a stumbling block to Joe Rivers in his attempt to wrest the lightweight title from Champion Willie Ritchie in San Francisco.

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In an effort to break the record for a trip around the world, John Henry Meare, a theatrical man, sailed from New York.

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Samuel Stevens Sands, son of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, was killed beneath his own racing car, which turned over while going 70 miles an hour on the South country road on Long Island.

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While swimming in the Big Sandy at Pineville, Ky., Rose and Lillie Hackney, young girls, got beyond their depth. Mrs. Jessie Hackney went to their rescue and all three were drowned.

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State Senator Smith of West Virginia was convicted of bribery in connection with accepting $2,000 to vote for Col. William Seymour Edwards as a candidate for the United States senate.

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Miss Mignon Hopkins, the daughter of a well-to-do Brooklyn attorney, now dead, entered suit in Philadelphia against Gov. William Sulzer of New York for breach of promise. Governor Sulzer says it is a political plot.

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Mrs. Charles Neal died from injuries received when a vehicle in which she was riding was struck by a fast passenger train north of Mount Vernon, Ill. A two-year-old son was killed and a four-year-old daughter had an arm cut off. A husband and four children survive.

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Engineer Ben Meyers was killed and a number of people injured when the fast Missouri Pacific California express went into the ditch near Berger, Mo., while running 50 miles an hour.

LETTER FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

INDUSTRIAL BOARD REPORT SHOWS FATAL ACCIDENTS DAILY IN JUNE.

COST TO MANUFACTURERS IS $39,351.90.

Fish and Game Survey Made By State Warden Is Completed and Is Valuable to Sportsmen.

[By Curd M. Hayes.]

The report of the industrial board for the month of June shows that there was a fatal accident for every day in the month. But 1153 non-fatal accidents occurred, a falling off from the May report. The report shows that 1,036 men are entitled to compensation out of the number injured. That the foreign born workingman is furnishing the larger grist for the death mills in Michigan is indicated by the ten nationalities represented among the lumber killed.

Relative to the causes of fatalities R. L. Drake, secretary of the industrial accident board, says: "The causes of fatalities among Michigan's industrial army are as diverse as they are unusual as the accidents themselves. Public utility corporations reported four deaths, three of which resulted from contact with live wires. The fourth death was caused by a collision between a freight car and a lineman's car on an electric railway. In one instance a man was killed by attempting to clean bark from a machine, another by a falling limb. The copper mining industry is credited with an unusual number of accidents. In one instance reported an epileptic was found dead. He was lying across a water tank with his head and throat under water.

"Twenty-one fatal accidents between June 1 and 30 will cost Michigan manufacturers $39,351.90 with the interest at five per cent for five years deducted. If the compensation were distributed over a period of 300 weeks the compensation would total $44,793. An average of four dependents are left to divide approximately $2,133 compensation accruing in each case, if payments are distributed over the 300 weeks, of $1,873.90 if the payments are made in a lump sum.

"If the same per centage holds good, and it is safe to use them as a fair approximation, the 327 fatal accidents which have been reported in the ten months during which the Act 10, Public Acts 1912, has been in effect have cost Michigan industries $57,697,491, or nearly three quarters of a million dollars. The obligation in most cases extends over a period of almost six years."

Dealers in school books in various parts of the state are writing to Superintendent of Public Instruction L. L. Wright and expressing their opinion of the King textbook bill passed at the last session of the legislature, in terms easily construed to mean that they are not at all in sympathy with its provisions.

In the first place the bill requires that all school book publishers file sample copies of their books with the superintendent of public instruction, and the retail dealers are prohibited from selling them at a price exceeding 15 per cent of the wholesale cost as listed with the state department.

Section eight of the bill provides: "School districts are hereby authorized to purchase textbooks from the publishers at prices listed with the state superintendent of public instruction as hereinbefore provided and to designate a retail dealer or dealers to act as the agent for the district in selling text books to pupils. The said dealer or dealers shall at stated times make settlement with the district for such books as have been sold up to the stated time. Said dealer or dealers shall not sell textbooks at a price which shall exceed a ten percent advance on the net wholesale price as listed with the state superintendent of public instruction."

There is no provision in the law relative to the sale of second hand books and many dealers have written to Supt. Wright to learn whether it will be possible for them to make more than 15 per cent profit on textbooks that have been already used. The store room provided by the board of auditors for the storage of the sample copies of books sent by publishers from all parts of the country, already resembles a good sized library and it is stated that there will probably be 15,000 books on the shelves when all publishing houses selling books in Michigan have complied with the law.

State Game Warden William R. Oates has completed through the assistance of his deputies in the various counties of the state, a fish and game survey which will be hailed with delight by the nimrods and anglers who frequent the woods and streams of Michigan.

It is the first time in the history of the department that such a proposition has been attempted and the work is so complete that Warden Oates is highly elated over the results obtained. Each deputy was assigned a county and asked to make an estimate of the number of deer, giving the sections and townships most frequented by the animals. They were asked to give the evidence of destruction by wolves and other causes and to estimate whether the deer are increasing or decreasing. Almost without exception the reports show that the deer are decreasing.

The same questions were asked relative to beaver, partridge, quail, prairie chickens, squirrels, rabbits, duck and game fish. The deputies were also asked for their opinions as to how the present game laws are working out in the localities they visited.

Almost without exception the deputies favored a shorter season for deer and a law protecting does. The last legislature shortened the deer season so that this year the hunters will have the right to kill deer from November 10 to November 30 inclusive. Last year the season opened ten days earlier. The new law also prohibits the killing of more than one doe. Deer licenses cannot be obtained under the new law until five days before the opening of the season. In former years the department has experienced considerable trouble from hunters who secured their licenses two or three weeks befort the opening of the season and, then went into the woods and killed deer which they concealed until after the opening of the season.

For the first time in 22 years Michigan has a democratic insurance commission and a democratic commissioner of labor. The two democratic appointees of Gov. Ferris, Labor Commissioner James V. Cunningham, of Detroit, and Insurance Commissioner John T. Winship of Saginaw, have assumed their new duties.

The republicans of Michigan gain a little comfort from the fact that Frank Rogers, who was recently elected for a term of four years, became state highway commissioner. Rogers has been deputy highway commissioner under Townsend for four years and is familiar with the duties of his new office. Ever since the establishment of the state highway department the salary of the commissioner has been $2,500 per year, but the last legislature increased the salary to $3,500 and Rogers will get the benefit of the $1,000 increase.

The desk of Insurance Commissioner Winship was covered with flowers from admiring friends in various parts of the state and hundreds of letters of congratulation and many telegrams were delivered to Winship. Samuel Robinson of Charlotte, the new deputy fire marshal was at his desk early.

Michigan's 453 state banks and six trust companies show a gain of $5,061,008.14 in aggregate business since the report of April 4, according to statistics compiled by Banking Commissioner E. H. Doyle.

At the close of business June 4 the loans and discounts in the commercial and savings departments amounted to $156,591,849.90, while the bonds, mortgages and securities totaled $155,161,563.08. Since the April report commercial deposits have increased $2,407,751.95. There has been an increase in savings deposits of $1,776,705.77. Compared with the corresponding report of June 4, 1912, the commercial deposits have increased $5,343,245.95 and the savings deposits $12,603,843.02, making a total increase in deposits during the past twelve months of $17,947,088.98. In the past year the loans and discounts of both the commercial and savings departments, together with the bonds and mortgages, amount to $24,478,934.73.

The total reserve maintained by Michigan state banks and trust companies on June 4, 1913 was $63,483,194.47 or 19.01 per cent. The total cash reserve amounted to $23,805,191.48 or 7.13 per cent. These reserves are divided as follows: Savings legal reserve $55,730,678.41 or 16.63 per cent; savings cash reserve $12,504,052.17 or 5.81 per cent; commercial legal reserve $27,702,516.06 or 23.33 per cent; commercial cash reserve $11,311,537.77 or 9.52 per cent. The total reserve carried by Michigan state banks is therefore, $12,711,519.04 over the requirements of the banking law.

Based on savings deposits of $215,112,181.69, the law requires mortgage and bond investments of at least $107,598,901.90. The above abstract shows that the mortgage and bond investments exceed the savings deposits by $6,349,071.69.

Contracts for New Buildings.

The Central school building to be erected at Ironwood, metropolis of the Gogebic iron range, to replace a structure destroyed by fire last February, will cost $121,500. This figure does not include the furniture and furnishings for the 28 rooms. Contracts for various parts of the work have been awarded to Duluth, Milwaukee, Ironwood and Chicago concerns. The building is to be completed by July 15, 1914.

A contract for the erection of the eighteenth cottage at the state hospital at Newberry has been awarded by the board of trustees. The structure will cost approximately $50,000. It will be 100 by 80 feet and two stories high. The construction will be fireproof throughout. The board of education at Negaunee, Marquette range, has awarded a contract for the construction of a manual training building. The school will cost $30,000.

SULZER CHARGES GRAFT IN ALBANY

NEW YORK GOVERNOR MAKES A SENSATIONAL STATEMENT IN PAPER.

SAYS THIRTY-FOUR MILLION SPENT WITHOUT AUDIT.

Claims That Theft and Graft of Boldest Kind Went On In State House With No Attempt at Secrecy.

That during 1912 a total of $34,000,000 of New York state's money was spent without a single audit and that the state is honeycombed with graft, is the declaration of Gov. William Sulzer in a copyrighted article written by himself for the New York Press.

"Within a week after I took office last January," says the governor in a startling revelation, "I found that there was not only carelessness and waste in the handling of the people's money; but there was theft, theft of the boldest kind. In the very halls of the capitol itself we found the state being robbed, with almost no attempt being made to cover up the crime of the criminals.

"Men were being paid for doing a hundred days' work in a month, some men for doing twenty-four hours' work a day. The cheapest material was furnished to the state at the highest prices, padded payrolls were as common as flies in August, and here and there and everywhere was graft, graft, graft."

Lone Bank Robber Captured.

A lone robber who entered the First State bank of Milwaukee, a suburb of Portland, Oregon, and with a revolver induced Cashier A. L. Bolstead to permit him to scoop up all the gold within reach of the latter's wicket, was captured in the woods some miles distant.

After fleeing from the bank, with citizens in pursuit, the robber on gaining the woods hid himself by standing submerged to the neck in an encased spring. He remained there for two hours, until the chill of the water drove him from his hiding place into the hands of a sheriff's posse.

The robber's loot, about $400 in gold, was found in his pockets, with the exception of $40 he dropped in his flight.

Queen Fighting Daring Dress.

Queen Mary, of England, is persisting in her campaign against freak dress or anything approaching a daring form of attire for women. Her latest act was to notify the president of the Bedford college for women that her majesty would not attend the opening if any woman member of the reception committee, or who was to appear on the platform, was allowed to wear a dress cut more than an inch below the neck, or a skirt with a slit in it.

Three members of the reception committee retired as a result of the queen's warning, but among those who appeared in the approved fashion was the Duchess of Marlborough.

Large Sum for University.

Gov. Dunne, of Illinois, has affixed his signature to a bill appropriating $4,500,00 for the University of Illinois, the high water mark in the liberality of state legislature.

The bill is especially attractive to the university officials since it leaves to the judgment of the board of trustees, within certain broad lines, the use of the funds in the development of the institution, removing the tendencies heretofore shown to interfere with the administration.

Strike Riots in South Africa.

The strike which involved practically all the gold mines on the Rand ended at Pohnnesburg, South Africa.

During its brief existence anarchy reigned in the city; there was much bloodshed and the casualties are estimated at more than 100. The authorities were finally compelled to declare martial law and during several hours the troops raked the streets with rifle fire.

Gun Boat Joins Rebels.

Private advices reaching Nogales, Arizona, report that the commander of the two federal gunboats in Guaymas harbor espoused the insurgent cause. The boats were said to have turned their guns on the federal positions in Guaymas, declaring all of Ojeda's troops prisoners of the constitutionalists. General Ojeda was reported to have been boarding the boats at the time.

Drown in Ohio River.

Four persons were drowned in the Ohio river at Capina Riffle, 18 miles below Wheeling, W. Va., when the motor skiff in which they were seated was capsized during a storm.

The tragedy was witnessed by campers at Capina Riffle, but owing to darkness and roughness of the waters nothing could be done to rescue the men.

Miss Casper Burge died at Marshall on her seventy-ninth birthday in the house where she had lived 41 years.

THE MARKETS.

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 584; market active on all grades; extra dry-fed steers and heifers, $8@8.25; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, $7.50@7.75; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000, $7@7.25; grass steers and heifers, that are fat, 800 to 1,000, $6@7; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700, $5@6; choice fat cows, $6.25@6.50; good, fat cows, $5.75@6; common cows, $4.75@5; canners, $3.75@4.25; choice heavy bulls, $6.50; fair to good bologna, bulls, $6@6.25; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, $6.75@7; fair feeding steers, 800 to 700, $6.50@7; fair stockers, 500 to 700, $5.50@6; milkers, large, young, medium age $50@70; common milkers, $35@45.

Veal calves: Receipts, 517; market 50c higher; good active trade; best, $9.50@10; others, $6@8.50.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 859; lambs active and strong; sheep steady; best lambs, $7@7.75; fair lambs, $6.50@6; light to common lambs, $4.50@5; yearlings, $4@6; fair to good sheep $2.50@4; culls and common, $2@2.50; heavy fat ewes, $3.25@3.50.

Hogs: Receipts, 1,694; market steady; light to good butchers, $8.80@8.85; pigs, $8.35; light yorkers, $8.80@8.85; stags, 1-3 off.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Receipts, 120 cars; market about steady on all grades; milkers and springers of the best grades sold from $3 to $5 per head higher, while the common kinds were about steady; best 1,350 to 1,500-lb steers, dry-fed $8.75@9; good to prime 1,200 to 1,300-lb steers, dry-fed, $8.40@8.65; good to prime 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, dry-fed, $8.30@8.40; coarse and plain, weighty steers, dry-fed, $7.65@7.90; good to choice handy dry-fed steers, $8@8.25; good to choice handy steers, grassy kind, $7.40@7.60; medium butcher steers, grassy kind, $7@7.25; dry-fed steers and heifers, mixed, $7.80@8; light, common, grassy steers and heifers, $6.50@6.75; best fat cows, dry-fed, $6.50@7; best fat cows, grassy, $5.50@6; good butcher cows, $5.50@6; light butcher cows, $4.50@5; trimmers, $4@4.25; best fat heifers, dry-fed, $7.75@8; medium butcher heifers, grassy, $6.50@7; light common grassy heifers $6@6.25; stock heifers, $5@5.50; best feeding steers, dehorned, $7@7.20; light and common stockers, $6@6.50; best butcher bulls, $6.75@7.25; bologna bulls, $6@6.50; stock bulls, $5.25@5.50; best milkers and springers, $60@80; common kind do, $35@45.

Hogs—Receipts, 65 cars; market 25@50c higher; top lambs, $9@9.25; culls to fair, $8.25@8.50; yearlings, $6.50@7; wethers, $5.25@5.50; ewes, $3.75@5.

Calves strong; choice, $10.75@11; fair to good $9@10.50; heavy, $4.50@6.00.

GRAINS, ETC.

Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, $1; July opened without change at 90c, gained 1-4c, declined to 90c and closed at 90 1-2c; September opened at 91 1-2c, advanced to 92c, declined to 91 3-4c and advanced to 92 1-4c; December opened at 93c, advanced to 95 1-4c and closed at 94c. No. 1 white, 99c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 61 1-4c; No. 2 yellow, 63 3-4c; No. 3 yellow, 63 1-4c.

Oats—Standard, 44c; No. 3 white, 43c; No. 4 white, 42c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 64c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, $2.05; August, $2.10.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: best patent, $5.50; second patent, $5.25; straight, $5; spring patent, $5.10; rye, $4.50 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $21; coarse middlings, $21; fine middlings, $22; cracked corn, $26; coarse cornmeal, $22.50; corn and oat chop, $21 per ton.

Blackberries—$6 per bu.

Cherries—$2.50@3.50 per bu.

Pineapples—$3.50@4 per case.

Strawberries — Michigan, $1@1.50 per bushel.

Raspberries—Red, $2.50 per 24-qt. case; black, $4 per case.

Apples—New, $1.40@1.50 per box; $4.50@5.50 per bbl.

Cabbage—$2.50@3 per bbl. crate.

New Potatoes—$2.50@2.60 per bbl.

Dressed Calves—Choice, 10@11c; fancy, 11 1-2@14c per lb.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats, 14 1-4@14 3-4c; New York flats, 15 3-4@16c; brick cream, 14 3-4@15c; limburger, 2-lb cases, 16@16 1-2c; imported Swiss, 24@24 1-2c; domestic Swiss, 18 1-2@19c; brick Swiss, 18 1-2@19c; long horns, 16@18 1-2c per lb.

Hay—Car lots, track Detroit; No. 1 timothy, $14@14.50; No. 2 timothy, $11@12; light mixed, $12.50@13; No. 1 mixed, $11@12; rye straw, $9@10; wheat and oat straw, $8@8.50 per ton.

Onions—Texas Bermudas, yellow $1.25, white, $1.50 per crate.

Tomatoes—Texas, $1.25@1.40 per 4-basket flat.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 13c; No. 1 green, 10 1-2c; No. 1 cured calfs, 11c; No. 1 green bulls, 9c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 15c; No. 1 green veal kip, 13c; No. 1 cured murrain, 12c; No. 1 green murrain, 10c; No. 1 cured calf, 17 1-2c; No. 1 green calf, 16c; No. 2 kip and calf 1 1-2c off; No. 2 hides 1c off; No. 1 horsehides, $4; No. 2 horsehides, $3; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 50c@$1.50; lambs, 20@25c.

Honey—Choice to fancy white comb 17@18; amber, 14@15; extracted, 7@8c per pound.